To-Day's Weather
FAIR

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

LATEST NEWS EDITION

VOL. 117. ESTABLISHED JULY 29, 1786. NO. 172. PITTSBURGH, FRIDAY MORNING, JANUARY 16, 1903.—FOURTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT A COPY.

HONEST JOHN'S VITAL AND COMPREHENSIVE PLANK.

If, by the grace of the people, I shall be placed at the head of the city government, I will serve them and them only. No politician or politicians, no individual or individuals, and no political party, political organization or faction will turn me from the right, as it is given me to see the right, in my effort to give the cleanest and best government to the people, into whose hands I now confidently commit my candidacy.

JOHN C. HAYMAKER.

NEWS SUMMARY

DOMESTIC.

Editor Gonzales of Columbia, S. C., was shot down in the street by Lieut. Gov. Tillman.—Page 1.

Railroads order unloading of coal now stored on siding.—Page 8.

The Rev. S. Edward Young makes arrangements in New York for the erection of a combined church and office building on the site of the Second Presbyterian church.—Page 1.

J. P. Morgan told interstate commerce commission details of L. & N. deal.—Page 8.

W. W. Griest, secretary of the commonwealth, and T. Larry Eyre, superintendent of public buildings and grounds, announced that they do not seek reappointment by Gov.-elect Pennypacker.—Page 2.

FOREIGN.

Cardinal Parrochi died.—Page 5.

King Edward makes monarchy popular.—Page 5.

American missionaries fled from a mob in Morocco.—Page 5.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Miners exhibited objectional features of contract mining before strike commission.—Page 14.

Three more men arrested near Connellsville charged with the Eicher torture and robbery.—Page 7.

Burglar shot dead by Postmaster H. A. Carter of Carbon Center.—Page 7.

LOCAL.

Recorder Brown vetoed resolution authorizing committee of councils to employ engineer to prepare estimates of cost of sand filtration plant.—Page 2.

Judge Buffington refuses the Western Union's application for an injunction to prevent the Pennsylvania railroad interfering with the use of its poles and wires.—Page 1.

Announcement was made yesterday that all the telegraphers over the Baltimore & Ohio railroad system had been granted a 10 per cent increase in wages, and a reduction from 10 to 9 working hours a day. Each man will receive a 10 days' vacation on full pay every year.—Page 3.

Statement from the secretary of war surprises rivermen opposed to bridge raising.—Page 6.

John C. Haymaker, Republican nominee for city recorder, accepts the honor in a frank and manly letter.—Page 1.

Pennsylvania railroad has put an embargo on coke shipments over the Ft. Wayne division through Conway.—Page 1.

Pittsburgh women charter the Tenement Improvement Company, which will build a model tenement, to raise standard of living in city's slums, by presenting object lesson.—Page 3.

To prevent recurrence of internecine trouble, control of the Amalgamated association will avoid provisional wage arguments and demands for sharp advances.—Page 7.

Coal miners want a premium paid for the use of safety lamps in mines.—Page 10.

Baltimore & Ohio railroad announces intention to operate a car ferry from Lower Allegheny to McKees Rocks.—Page 3.

Director Leslie and Controller Larkin engaged in angry argument over annual appropriations for public safety department at meeting of sub-committee on finance last night.—Page 2.

LEGAL.

Defendants in $170,000 damage suit over deal for Salem & Ohio railroad have an inning in court.—Page 11.

Dealer in beverage called "Rikk" found guilty of selling intoxicating liquor.—Page 11.

Judge Frazer dismisses several more Oakland ore dust suits.—Page 11.

SOCIAL.

Some of the most beautiful women of Pittsburgh and Allegheny.—Page 6.

Mrs. James M. Guffey gave a handsome reception yesterday.—Page 6.

Mrs. James Wood was hostess at a theater party and supper last evening in honor of Mr. and Mrs. James H. Childs.—Page 6.

Mrs. Park Painter gave a luncheon yesterday, her guests being asked to meet Mrs. Munson of Detroit.—Page 6.

Mrs. George W. Elkins and the Misses Elkins entertained at cards last evening.—Page 6.

SPORTING.

President Dreyfuss has an option on the Philadelphia club and will buy it in the interest of others.—Page 10.

Four hockey players were fined for indulging in rowdy tactics during games.—Page 10.

Hans Wagner's basketball team is defeating all comers.—Page 10.

The New Orleans winners: Sweet Nell, Paul Creyton, L'Etrenne, Hargis, Mauser and Leeja.—Page 10.

The winners at Oakland: Quatre, Rasp, Ed Liburn, Ultruda, F. W. Brode and Ignacio.—Page 10.

FINANCIAL.

Eastern stock market closed dull and heavy. Call money easy.—Page 12.

Local stock market closed weak, nearly everything showing net declines.—Page 12.

Leading Chicago long added 2,000,000 bushels of wheat to his line.—Page 13.

May Yohe Gets $5,000.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—The claim of May Yohe, Mrs. Putnam Bradlee Strong of New York, against her former husband, Lord Francis Hope, for $45,000, has been settled for $5,000.

TODAY'S AMUSEMENTS.

ALVIN—"A Chinese Honeymoon," 8:15 p. m.
NEW GRAND—The Xmas pantomime, "Little Red Riding Hood," 2 and 8 p. m.
BIJOU—Chauncey Olcott in "Old Limerick Town," 8 p. m.
DUQUESNE—Eugenia Mantelli and high-class Vaudeville, 8 p. m.
EMPIRE—Eugenie Blair in "Zaza," 8:15 p. m.
ACADEMY—Rentz-Santley Company in burlesque and extravaganza, 2 and 8 p. m.
AVENUE—Countess von Hatzfeldt and the jockey girls and 14 other vaudeville acts; continuous performance, 1:30 to 2:30 p. m.
DUQUESNE GARDEN—Ice skating afternoon; evening, hockey, Victoria Cross Keystones.

NOMINATION ACCEPTED BY HAYMAKER

District Attorney Writes a Frank and Manly Letter.

HE DODGES NO ISSUE

John C. Haymaker has formally accepted the nomination for recorder of Pittsburgh. J. C. Wasson, chairman of the Republican convention which nominated Mr. Haymaker, received yesterday from the nominee the letter in which he accepted the trust. It was written in Cambridge Springs, whither Mr. Haymaker went a few days ago to rest up before beginning his campaign. Mr. Haymaker arrived in Pittsburgh close upon his letter. He is now ready to begin a vigorous campaign, and next Tuesday evening at Kenwood lawn he will make his first speech.

Mr. Haymaker's letter shows the clear-cut character of the man in every line. It is couched in graceful but forceful English; there is not an uncertain note in the whole document; it is a clear, frank statement of his position before the nomination and after a nomination that came to him unsought, unsolicited and unexpected.

Recorder in Fact.

Shining clear through the latter of acceptance is the candidate's determination to be recorder in fact as well as in name. That Mr. Haymaker is no man's man was well known, but lest there be any misunderstanding he clinches in vigorous terms in the minds of those who desire pure municipal government the knowledge that the city's interests only will actuate him, in case of election, in all his dealings as chief magistrate of the city.

The recorder of Pittsburgh is not the figurehead the mayor of Pittsburgh was popularly supposed to be, so that Mr. Haymaker's declaration of principles and intentions can be considered as the declaration of a man who, besides meaning what he says, will have the power, if elected, to fulfill every pledge he makes. Those who know Haymaker know that when he says he asked nobody's vote or influence for the nomination he tells the truth, and that when he says he is untrammeled by pledges to any man, his word can be depended upon. This is the letter of acceptance:

Haymaker's Letter of Acceptance.

Hotel Rider,
Cambridge Springs, Pa., Jan. 14, 1903.

To Mr. J. C. Wasson, Chairman of the Republican Convention:

Dear Sir—In accepting the nomination to the office of recorder of the city of Pittsburgh, given me by a Republican convention, held on Tuesday, January 6, 1903, I desire to give to the people of this city the following statement of facts and conditions as they existed at the time of my nomination, and to put myself upon record as to my future conduct in case of election.

I neither sought nor desired this nomination, nor having asked, directly or indirectly, any delegate elected to that convention, or any set of men, for his or their political or personal support or influence to that end.

It therefore came to me unsolicited and leaves me unhampered by personal pledges and freed from those political obligations which otherwise too often cramp and hinder public officers, possessed of the ordinary and laudable sense of gratitude for past favors, in the discharge of their whole duty as public servants.

Having been elected a delegate from the Eleventh district of the Twentieth ward on the Saturday preceding the Tuesday of my nomination, I entertained no other thought at that time than that I would attend the convention as such delegate and cast my vote for some one of the prominent, able and independent business men then seriously considered as the only candidates for the office of recorder, never for an instant believing that I would be its nominee; and I am yet of the opinion that it would have been preferable had the convention, in its wisdom, seen proper to tender this honor to one or other of those gentlemen so eminently fitted in every way to meet the public demand in the discharge of the trying duties and responsibilities involved in a conscientious and efficient management of this trust.

Rests Upon His Past Life.

Conceding that promises made by candidates on the eve of election are often recklessly made in exchange for votes, and after the election are just as easily forgotten; and realizing that their credibility and value depend upon the character and courage of the men that make them; that the people have a remedy for broken pledges in the political oblivion of the official who betrays their trust; and having received other political favors at the hands of the people, and served them in another capacity of great responsibility, **I can only offer the past as an earnest of the future,** and with a high appreciation of the favor which this nomination has conferred; a deep sense of the great responsibility which my election would impose, and with abiding faith in the people, I make this declaration of principles, to which I will scrupulously adhere, if my candidacy meets with popular favor.

The allusion to the Republican administration of the city's affairs during the past 14 years, embodied in the preamble to your platform, is one on which some citizens may differ. **What we all want, however, and what we are most interested in, is an honest, economical and vigorous administration for the next three years, and that I promise to give, if elected, to the best of my power and ability.**

No city official, clerk or employe, holding a position under me shall be liable to assessment for political purposes, nor will he be asked or expected to give financial aid for the promotion of any man's candidacy for either city, county or state office.

No one shall be removed from office or position for political purpose or reasons, but only case of incompetency, dishonesty, inciviility, or such other cause or conduct which in my judgment would render such action necessary for the better or more economical conduct of the business of the office.

Unhampered by personal pledges.

Offers his past as an earnest of the future.

What is wanted, regardless of the past, is an honest, economical and vigorous administration for the next three years.

No city official or employe to be assessed for political purposes.

No city employe to be removed from office for political reasons.

His hands are not tied by anxious seeking for the office.

He is not hampered by pre-election promises of place or position.

He will not be dominated by any political boss or organization.

He will be recorder in fact as well as name.

He will always be ready to discuss municipal affairs with citizens.

He will abolish summary convictions with light sentences of men charged with felonies.

Favors legislation for a greater Pittsburgh.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY JOHN C. HAYMAKER.

Condemns the improper use of money in political campaigns.

Advocates civil service in the city government.

Favors union wages and union hours for city labor.

Urges speedy action to secure a filtration plant that will supply all sections of the city.

Recommends enlarged and renewed water pipeage in the downtown district.

Advocates the admission of all steam railroads into the city under reasonable and proper restrictions.

Favors taxation or license of all corporations having or obtaining city franchises, these franchises to be limited in period.

Believes that the office of delinquent tax collector should be salaried.

Earnestly urges in the letting of city contracts the freest competition and strict compliance with specifications.

Promises to give all his time and energy to the duties of the office.

MAIN POINTS OF THE REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE'S LETTER OF ACCEPTANCE

EDITOR IS SHOT BY POLITICIAN

Lieut. Gov. Tillman Inflicts Fatal Wounds on Gonzales in Street.

VICTIM IS UNARMED

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

Columbia, S. C., Jan. 15.—Narcisco Gener Gonzales, editor of The State, is at the Columbia hospital in a critical condition from a pistol wound inflicted by James H. Tillman, lieutenant governor of South Carolina and a nephew of United States Senator Benjamin R. Tillman.

The shooting occurred at 2 p. m., in Main street, at the intersection of Gervais street, in full view of the state capitol, the most frequented corner in Columbia.

The offices of The State are in the same block as the scene of the shooting and in a few moments a great throng had assembled in front of the newspaper offices.

Mr. Gonzales was taken to the office of the State, where physicians pronounced his found very dangerous, probably fatal.

Policeman Boland arrested Tillman and took him to the police headquarters, where he was relieved of two pistols—the one with which he shot Mr. Gonzales and a second of 38 caliber. From the police station he was taken to the county jail, where he is tonight under protection of officers.

The only cause attributed for the shooting is that during the recent primary election Mr. Gonzales bitterly opposed Lieut.-Gov. Tillman in his race for the office.

During the progress of that campaign Mr. Gonzales, in his fight to defeat Mr. Tillman editorially called him a debauchee and blackguard, denounced him as a "criminal candidate and a proven liar."

It was this and other such editorials, it is supposed, that goaded Mr. Tillman to the crime of today. Since the first primary, August 28, 1902, Mr. Gonzales has had nothing to say about Tillman, except to comment upon the result of the primary.

The lieutenant governor and the editor of the State met at the corner of Main and Gervais streets, the street car transfer station. Tillman drew his revolver and fired into Editor Gonzales. Most of those who saw the affair say there was nothing said until after the shot. One of Lieut.-Gov. Tillman's escorts says he thinks Mr. Tillman said, "I received your message," and then fired. He is not certain as to this, but thinks such words were spoken. The other escort of Mr. Tillman says he did not hear anything.

Gonzales himself gave a perfectly plain and explicit statement prior to being put under the anesthetics, and he was very emphatic in saying that he had not sent any message to Tillman at any time, that Tillman said nothing until after he fired, and that then after the shot he said something about taking Gonzales at his word.

Gonzales said he took this to mean that Mr. Tillman told him that he was settling old issues face to face with him. Gonzales is certain that nothing was said until after the shot was fired.

After the shooting Tillman wiped his pistol on his coat sleeve and took aim as if to fire a second time, but changed his mind and let his pistol fall to his side.

Tillman was perfectly cool and collected, sober and unexcited, to all appearances. Gonzales was unarmed. The shock from the magazine pistol paralyzed him, but as he saw the deadly weapon aimed at him, perhaps for a fatal bullet, he cried out:

"Shoot again, you coward!"

At midnight the surgeons issued the following bulletin as to Gonzales' condition: "Pulse, 121; respiration, 31; resting easily."

Tonight Lieut.-Gov. Tillman was asked for a statement, but said he had been

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AN EMBARGO IS PUT UPON COKE

Pennsylvania Will Handle None on Ft. Wayne Through Conway.

AN UGLY BLOCKADE

The Pennsylvania railroad system is again badly crippled by a freight blockade. An embargo has been put on coke shipments over the Ft. Wayne division through Conway yards. On the southwest branch of the Pennsylvania main line all coke is being held at Youngwood yards, the Unity and Youngwood branch is congested with loaded coke cars, the Derry yards are completely blockaded, and, meantime, the rushed furnaces are going down one after the other, there being about 20 suspended in the Mahoning and Shenango valleys and the Pittsburgh district. This throws into idleness about 5,000 men.

One of the causes working to keep up the blockade and enforce the embargo moves is that the through freight from the east and billed through Pittsburgh is held at Derry yards, and this is a barrier against satisfactory coke movements. Before the close of last year the H. C. Frick Coke Company shipped practically all of its output to furnaces of other constituent concerns of the United States Steel Coroporation, while other buyers were kept waiting for their supplies through the car shortage. Now the steel corporation furnaces are suffering with the others.

On the Unity and Youngwood branch of the Pennsylvania there were 400 cars loaded with coke held up yesterday. The day before the Bessemer Coke Company succeeded in shipping only one car, where it should have started out about 100. Other coke concerns are in a like plight. The general situation is worse than when it brought President A. J. Cassatt to Pittsburgh some months ago. The result of the action of the Pennsylvania president was a clearing of the congestion in the Pittsburgh and near yards, but the congestion was simply moved a little farther away, and has come back again.

The length of time that loaded cars are held by the railroads shows that the trouble is in insufficient and crippled motive power. Miles and miles of loaded cars are held in one place for weeks at a time. It is reported that corn which was loaded in the west in November is now only moving through Pittsburgh. The locomotive works lack facilities to supply sufficient engines.

CIRCUS HORSES TO HAUL COAL

CLEVELAND, Jan. 15.—(Special.)—The local coal dealers have attributed the coal shortage here partly to the fact that they are unable to procure enough horses and wagons to supply the demand. Today Walter Main, the circus man, offered five carloads of his circus horses, together with show wagons, to this city for use in delivering coal. He says he will give this service gratis.

ARMED MEN TAKE CARLOAD OF COAL

LANCASTER, PA., Jan. 15.—(Special.)—The coal famine in Columbia, where not a dealer has a pound of coal and many families are suffering from cold, drove a mob to an act of violence last night. Twenty-five armed men took possession of a Pennsylvania coal car and carried off all its contents, threatening violence to anybody interfering.

ATTORNEY GENERAL HOME ON A VISIT

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—(Special.)—Attorney General Knox left for Pittsburgh this evening, where he will remain over Sunday. His presence is necessary here on Monday, when an important meeting of the house sub-committee on anti-trust legislation will be held.

SECOND CHURCH SOLVES PROBLEM

Will Build Skyscraper at Seventh St. and Penn Avenue.

ELABORATE PLANS

The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau,
Herald Building, Herald Square,
NEW YORK, Jan. 15.

Pittsburgh is to have the first skyscraper office building-church. Plans for the erection of a combined church and office building were nearly completed by the Rev. S. Edward Young, pastor of the Second Presbyterian church of this city, while in New York today.

Having outgrown the present edifice the congregation decided to erect a new building. The site of the church, on the corner of Seventh street and Penn avenue, is in the middle of the business section. A large drygoods concern wished to purchase the land for a department store. But 38 churches had moved from that section within a few years, and the pastor and trustees of the church were loath to move. Negotiations were opened for the erection of a building to accommodate both the department store and the church. As then planned, the store was to occupy the first four or five floors and above this was to be the church and on top of it a roof garden, where concerts and entertainments could be held in summer and services held in the afternoon.

From this grew a larger plan, the one in the interest of which the Rev. S. Edward Young visited this city today. A large modern office building was proposed, the second and third floor to be reserved for the church. Beneath will be small store rooms and above business offices.

The Rev. Mr. Young, who was once chaplain to the United States Life Saving service of the department of New Jersey, stationed at Asbury Park, when seen in this city today, said:

"I am pleased with the progress I have made today. I cannot speak positively of our plans. But you may say that Pittsburgh has been the first to solve the problem of keeping churches in the crowded districts, and in a novel way."

STREET CAR MEN INDICTED.

Struck President's Carriage and Killed William Craig.

PITTSFIELD, MASS., Jan. 15.—The grand jury in the case of Euclid Madden and James T. Kelly today reported an indictment against each, charging manslaughter. These men were in charge of the electric car which last August ran into the carriage of President Roosevelt with the result that Secret Service Agent William Craig was killed.

Both men pleaded not guilty. Wednesday next was fixed upon as the date for the opening of the trial.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN CAMBRIA COUNTY TOWN

JOHNSTOWN, PA., Jan. 15.—(Special.)—The village of Holsopple, near this city, was swept by fire today and the damage will reach about $50,000. The fire originated in the grist mill of the Farmers Milling Company, which was destroyed, together with the company's stables, where three horses were burned. Foust's hotel, Hetzel's department store, where the postoffice was located, and dwelling houses owned by Mrs. L. E. Holsopple, H. G. J. Custer and A. E. Cassler. Part of the loss is covered by insurance.

CONNELL NAMED FOR RECORDER OF SCRANTON

SCRANTON, Jan. 15.—At the Republican primaries held in this city tonight the Hon. A. T. Connell was nominated for city recorder, defeating the Hon James Moir by a vote of 4,824 to 1,406. Mr. Moir was mayor of this city when the "ripper" bill went into effect and was appointed the city's first recorder. He resigned shortly afterward. Mr. Connell is a nephew of Congressman Connell and has served two terms in the state legislature.

NO NEWS YET FROM OVERDUE OCEAN LINER

President Griscom Attributes Delay to Bad Weather and Leaky Boilers.

The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau,
Herald Building, Herald Square,
NEW YORK, Jan. 15.

There was still no news of the St. Louis today, and throughout the day the agents of the ship were kept busy answering anxious inquiries about the vessel. Now 11 days out from Cherbourg and four days overdue.

Clement A. Griscom, president of the line, said:

"There are no apprehensions whatever about the ship, as several causes have contributed to her delay. She did not leave Cherbourg until Sunday forenoon, nearly 18 hours late, and according to her average speed for the last few voyages was not due here until Tuesday. Furthermore, most incoming ships are a day late and report heavy westerly weather. It is known the ship's boilers are not in condition, as she is to be withdrawn at the end of the present voyage for repairs. It is not even believed she has met with such mishaps as a broken shaft or a lost propeller."

QUARANTINE, STATEN ISLAND, Jan. 15.—(Special.)—Tonight's latest arrival, the steamship Laurentian from Glasgow, brought no news of the St. Louis, and in this case no news was not at all good news, for her master reported fair weather for most part of the voyage and no news of the St. Louis, although she came over practically the same route. The Laurentian sailed from Glasgow on January 3 and completed her journey on schedule time. She is a much slower vessel than is the St. Louis.

MARCONI HAS CONTRACT WITH UNITED STATES

Will Establish Wireless Communication Between Seattle and Alaska.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

BOSTON, Jan. 15.—Signor Marconi reached Boston last night, thoroughly worn out with his trip from Glace Bay. His enthusiasm over his work, however, was unaffected by his bodily weakness.

"Land stations will be built in Canada as I have already announced. They will go clear across the continent. Arrangements have not been made definitely with the United States yet.

"I have a contract for sending messages to Alaska, however. That is a contract with the United States."

"Those messages will be sent from San Francisco?" he was asked.

"Seattle is the place. Yes, we shall have a station and send messages to some point on the Alaskan coast."

"But if you do not build inland stations in the United States how can you deliver messages?"

"We have already made our contracts for that with the Commercial Cable Company. This company is closely associated with the Postal Telegraph system and has been doing the bulk of the cable business. It is generally known as the Mackey-Bennett system, and it is supposed to have come into close relations with the J. P. Morgan financial interests."

That the relations between these interests and the wireless telegraphy plans are already so close means that instead of there being a relentless struggle between the old and the new the two may be on the point of very friendly relations, if not indeed, one of the Morgan consolidations.

BUFFINGTON REVERSES NEW JERSEY COURT

The Pennsylvania Gains a Victory Over the Western Union.

INJUNCTION IS DENIED

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company won a decided victory in its legal fight with the Western Union Telegraph Company through an opinion handed down yesterday by Judge Joseph Buffington in the United States circuit court. The petition of the Western Union to condemn the right of way for its telegraph lines along the railroad was dismissed and the application for a preliminary injunction against the railroad was refused. The opinion of Judge Buffington is directly opposed to that of the circuit court of New Jersey, handed down at Trenton on Wednesday.

Judge Buffington went deeply into the points at issue, and the opinion is one of the most voluminous that has been rendered in the local courts in years.

Recites History of Lines.

Opening with a statement of the relations of the parties to the suit, he recalls the building of the Atlantic & Ohio Telegraph Company's line along the railroad in 1864. Subsequently this corporation, chartered under the laws of Pennsylvania, leased its property to the Western Union company, chartered in the state of New York. The lease was for 10 years, subject to termination after that on six months' notice. Thereafter the Western Union operated its lines on the Pennsylvania's right of way.

On September 20, 1881, a new contract was made to run for 20 years, it being provided that it could be terminated by the railroad company on six months' notice. On May 15, 1902, notice of termination was served by the railroad that the telegraph lines must be removed by December 1, 1902. On November 26, 1902, the Western Union brought its petition and bill in equity to the court.

Artery of Its Life.

The opinion states that the petitioner seeks to acquire exclusive, adverse possession of a strip of the railroad's right of way, giving the defendant company the right to shift but not to remove the telegraph company's lines. The question of the railroad's unhampered control of its right of way that it may perform its duty to the public as a common carrier is of grave importance, according to the court's opinion. A railroad's right of way is the artery of its life. In taking from it any part of such ground, due regard should be paid to its future needs. It is clear that what is sought by the telegraph company is an adverse possession of many hundreds of miles of railroad property.

On the question of the filing and approval of the bond of $100,000 offered by the Western Union, Judge Buffington

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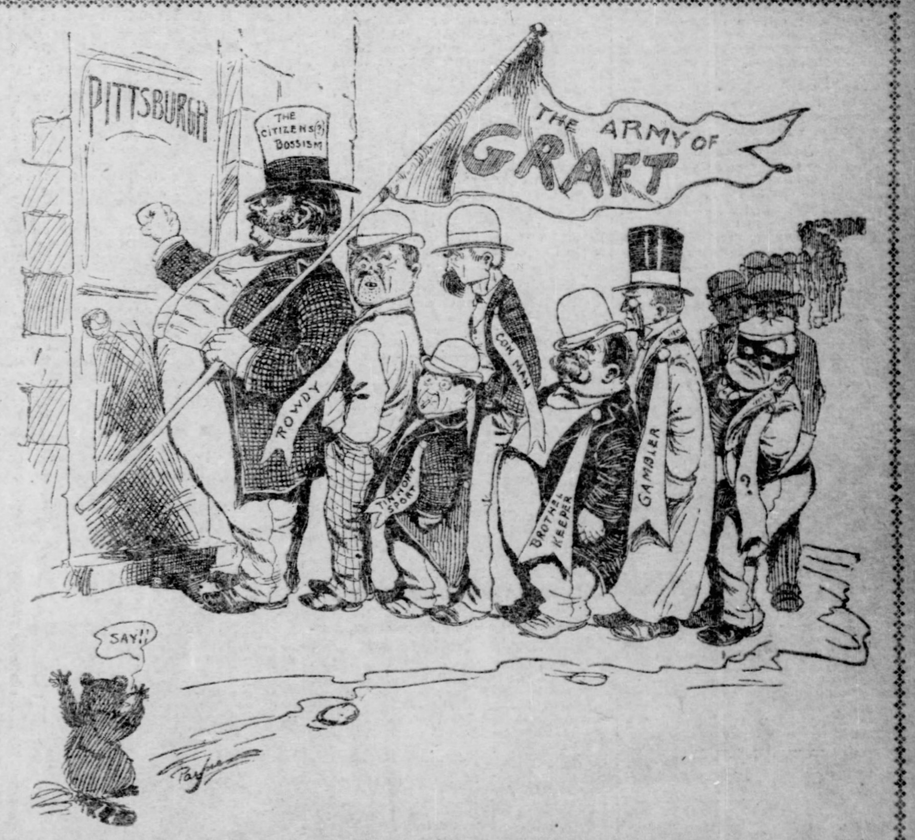


What Can Be Expected in Pittsburgh if the Example of Minneapolis, as Detailed on Page 9, Is Followed Here.

BOTH GRIEST AND EYRE ARE READY TO QUIT

Are Not Seeking Reappointment from Gov. Pennypacker.

FRIENDS SAY THIS IS THE CASE

Frank Fuller of Fayette Said to Be Slated for Commonwealth Secretary.

DELANEY AFTER OLD PLACE

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU, Public Ledger Building, PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 15.

Republican politicians were somewhat surprised by the announcement that Secretary of the Commonwealth Griest and T. L. Eyre, superintendent of public grounds and buildings, would not seek reappointment under Gov. Pennypacker.

This announcement was confirmed by dispatches from Lancaster and West Chester, the homes of the two retiring officials. The dispatch from Lancaster stated that a close personal and political friend of Mr. Griest said today that he would not only not be reappointed, but that he was not even a candidate for the place, as Mr. Griest is well satisfied with the recognition already given to Lancaster county in state affairs and the new administration will receive his hearty support. Mr. Griest stated tonight that he was not a candidate for reappointment and did not expect it. He declined to discuss the matter further.

From West Chester came the announcement that T. Larry Eyre declared this evening that he would not succeed himself as superintendent of public grounds and buildings.

"When he quits office with the advent of the Pennypacker administration," the dispatch continued, "it will be to devote his future to the coal business, he having lately become president of the Kiskiminetas Coal Mining Company and the Conemaugh Coal Company, with main offices in Philadelphia."

"It is true that I will not succeed myself as superintendent of public grounds and buildings," said Mr Eyre. "I am not an applicant for reappointment, have never solicited the place from Gov.-elect Pennypacker and when I quit the office with the Stone administration it will be to devote all my time to the development of certain coal companies with which I have lately become connected in the capacity of president. In making this announcement I do not want to leave the impression that it was the intention of Gov. Pennypacker to reappoint me, as I have had no conference on the subject, nor to create the belief that I could have secured the place had I desired it."

When the rumor reached Harrisburg it was practically confirmed by close friends of the two officials, although most of the subordinates knew nothing of the matter. It is thought that Frank Fuller, who delivered the five Fayette county delegates to Pennypacker, will succeed Griest. It is understood that Quay promised him the place during the gubernatorial fight.

Capt. John C. Delaney, whom Eyre succeeded, is backed by Col. Louis A. Watres for his old place. A close Lancaster friend of Mr. Griest, who was in Philadelphia this evening, said that he believed the place would be held open and eventually Mr. Griest would be asked to remain under Gov. Pennypacker.

BUFFINGTON REVERSES NEW JERSEY COURT

Continued from First Page.

says that it might be regarded as of small import and a mere legal formality.

Rights of a Railroad.

The court says the land sought has two different relations—private and public—private in ownership and public in use and duty. Under Pennsylvania state laws land of a railroad necessary to a full enjoyment and exercise of a public use is excepted from some of the liabilities incident to private property, not by reason of corporate ownership, but because of the public right to the public use. While the use is public, the ownership remains private.

Seeing what is here sought is not only private property, but is impressed with a federal obligation as a post road and with a state obligation as a highway and a common carrier, the right of the petitioner to divest private ownership and divert public use must be free from uncertainty. Such right the petitioner claims to have by virtue of a power of eminent domain, which is denied by the court after quoting many famous cases showing that no telegraph company has the right to enter upon private property without the consent of the owner.

Landlord and Tenant.

The bill filed in the equity side of the court asking for the preliminary injunction against the railroad pending the determination of the petition to condemn, is regarded in the opinion as a case of the tenant seeking to enjoin the landlord from re-entry, and the general principles applicable to a suit between landlord and tenant apply thereto.

A tenant is not permitted to attack or impeach his landlord's title, the law not granting the tenant the right to litigate for possession while he retains his leasehold. If, after being a tenant, he desires to assert a title adverse to that of the landlord, he must first surrender possession, if called upon to do so.

LA VIGIA FIRED ON.

German Cruiser Vineta Plants a Shell in Fort at Puerto Cabello.

PUERTO CABELLO, Jan. 15.—The German cruiser Vineta at sunset last night fired a shell at La Vigia, the fort crowning the hills behind this port. The shell, which was fired because men were believed to be in the fort, exploded without causing damage.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 15.—Senor Augusto Pulido, the Venezuela charge d'affaires, called at the state department today for information about the arrival of Minister Bowen. It is his intention to offer his services to Mr. Bowen, who will act as Venezuela's representative on the joint commission, and being familiar with the history of the Venezuelan claims, he will be able to render valuable aid to the minister.

The navy department is advised of the departure from Kingston of the Dolphin, with Minister Bowen for Charleston. The Dolphin should reach that port Sunday, and the minister is expected in Washington the day following.

DIED.

M'INTYRE—On Thursday, January 15, 1903, at 11:45 p. m., at the residence of her son-in-law, Thomas Page, 781 Aiken avenue, East End, HANNAH M'INTYRE, in her 83d year.

Funeral notice later.

WAR OF WORDS IN COMMITTEE

Controller Larkin and Director Leslie Had Tilts Over Estimates.

MUCH TIME WAS WASTED

Members of Councilmanic Sub-Committee On Finance Cut Director's Estimates, but Not Enough to Satisfy Controller.

Angry words and continual wrangling between Controller Larkin and Director A. H. Leslie constituted the leading feature and consumed the time of the meeting of the sub-committee on finance last night in considering the next year appropriations for the public safety department. At one point Mr. Leslie declared that he had been insulted by the controller and threatened to leave the room. Mr. Larkin apologized, but in a few seconds another tilt occurred.

Controller Larkin made a strenuous effort to persuade the committee to make a deep cut in every estimate submitted by Director Leslie, insisting that the amounts asked for 1903 greatly exceeded what the director spent last year. The committee reduced almost every estimate presented by the director, but the controller insisted upon more radical reductions, telling Director Leslie several times that his estimates were based upon a 28-mill tax levy.

Estimates Voiced Widely.

Once the controller, dissatisfied because the committee was not cutting as deeply as he wanted, declared he would publish his figures in the newspapers. W. H. Stevenson, chairman of the finance committee, objected to this threat, declaring that the committee was competent to deal with the matter.

The controller's estimates of salaries for bureau of fire was $512,612 and the director's $562,902. The controller found fault with the director's estimate and the item was laid over to make further comparisons.

The item of $31,540 for general office expenses of the department was approved. The estimate of $12,000 for repairs of apparatus in the fire bureau was cut down to $10,000, although the controller demanded it be cut to $8,000.

The estimate of $6,000 for engine house furnishings was reduced to $3,500, although the controller wanted it stricken out altogether. The item for harness was reduced from $3,000 to $2,000. The item of $1,200 for "soap, sponges and stable utensils," was reduced to $1,000, although the controller declared the latter amount exorbitant.

Many Items Were Cut.

The item of $8,000 for house supplies was cut to $5,000 and the appropriation for horse feed fixed at $24,000, the same as last year. Insurance for employes at $14,580, light for engine houses at $3,000, fire extinguishers $600, sawdust for bedding horses $2,000, horse shoeing $5,000 (which was $3,000 less than asked for), laundry work $2,400, engine house repairs $11,000, for valves and nozzles $500, fuel $800, horse brushes and blankets $600, office expenses $300, ice $1,200, painting $3,000.

Attorney F. L. Gosser appeared before the committee and asked for an appropriation for the construction of a sewer through McKinley park, stating that a stream of water running through the park is polluted by sewage from the neighborhood.

The finance committee met last night and adopted the new franchise ordinance submitted by W. H. Stevenson, levying a tax of 5 per cent on the gross receipts of public corporations. The committee voted to dispose of the piece of property in the Twenty-first ward, for which Councilman Wymard offered $1,200 by advertising for bids in the newspapers. A. C. Gumbert, an employe in the assessor's office, presented a bid last night for $1,300, both bids being rejected. The sale of seven other pieces was also authorized.

The committee authorized the transfer of $13,000 from the bridge repair fund to the fund for the Wilmot street bridge in the Fourteenth ward, Councilman J. J. Booth having asked for $52,268, but there was only $13,000 available.

FIVE COASTERS SLAIN BY THE READING FLYER

Locomotive Pilot Covered With Blood Told of the Ghastly Accident.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

SOUTH BETHLEHEM, PA., Jan. 15.—Five youthful coasters were instantly killed by the Reading flyer at the Pine street crossing tonight.

The dead are:

DENNIS M'GINLEY,
JOHN COYLE,
OWEN CAHILL,
UNKNOWN BOY,
JOHN HUEBNER was fatally hurt.
PATRICK CAHILL, who was so badly mangled that he was not identified.

The lads, not one of whom was over 15, were on a bobsled. The engineer ran a mile into the station, where the bloody condition of the pilot was the first intimation of the accident.

SCRANTON, Jan. 15.—A party of eight young persons were coasting on Mulberry street tonight, when their sled ran into a telegraph pole. Miss Esther Costerline, Miss Jennie Seomans and William Van Bergan sustained injuries which it is believed will result in their deaths.

Young Belgian Artist to Play.

Miss Elsa Ruegger, a young Belgian violoncello player, will be the soloist at this evening's concert of the Pittsburgh Orchestra. She has played with the New York Philharmonic and Boston Symphony orchestras and is said to be a fine artist. The orchestra program for tonight is as follows:

Symphony—"Jupiter" in C major.....Mozart
Concerto for violoncello and orchestra in E minor, No. 2, op. 30.....Herbert
Prelude—"Lohengrin".....Wagner
Cello solo:
(a)—Evening Song.....Schumann
(b)—Le Cygne.....Saint-Saens
(c)—Spring Song.....Popper
Hungarian Rhapsody No. 2.....Liszt

M'NALLY EXPECTED HERE.

Former Consul Leaves Washington, Presumably for Pittsburgh.

James Clifford McNally, former consul of the United States at Guatemala City, and who has been transferred to the consulate at Leige, Belgium, was expected in Pittsburgh yesterday. Consul McNally has been in Washington during the past few days making inquiry into the charges made against him by Minister Hunter. He left the capital yesterday.

James F. Carr of Seventh and Smithfield streets, his brother-in-law, and John McNally, of the Standard hotel, Preble avenue, Allegheny, met several trains yesterday, but the consul did not materialize.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. This signature on every box. 25c.
E. W. Grove

PRINCESS LOUISE OF SAXONY AND M. ANDRE GIRON.
[From Photograph Posed Expressly in Geneva for Paris Illustrations.]

NOMINATION ACCEPTED BY HAYMAKER

Continued from First Page.

nomic administration of the affairs of the city. Competency, civil and courteous treatment of the people with whom they do business, and unquestionable integrity shall be an indispensable requisite of all appointees; and all tenure of office or employment shall depend upon good behavior and practice of these qualifications.

Uninfluenced by Any Boss.

If it is the will of the people that the honor and burden of this office shall rest upon me, it shall be taken this to mean the bestowal of **a personal and an individual responsibility which I alone must discharge, untrammeled and uninfluenced by the dictation of any political or other boss or bosses,** for the greatest good for the greatest number of people. My hands have not been tied by the anxious seeking of this nomination, nor am I hampered by the promise of place or position to anyone. In the many assertions already made by some persons and newspapers, and to those which shall hereafter be made, solely to forward the cause of their candidate, under the belief that such claims will appeal to the popular prejudices—namely—that I will be dominated by a political boss, or organization, in the conduct of the affairs of the city, permit me to say, that anyone who shall have the right upon which to rest, are false in fact, as I know, and will officially demonstrate, when the people will have expressed at the polls their faith in this public declaration. No more who knows me in my official career, will make this claim with any belief in the truth of his assertion, but upon the ground, and in the hope that, owing to a popular dislike of boss rule, he may be the better able to poison the public mind in the interest of his candidate. My political offending, if it be an offense, which is urged as the only reason why I should not be elected, is my steadfast and consistent adherence to the principles of the Republican party as manifested upon the stump and in the exercise of the right of suffrage; and that party has always rewarded me, far beyond my political deserts.

It will not be claimed that I ever engaged in the manipulation of city or county politics, or that I have ever been politician were the popular or even the true sense of the word, for neither my time nor my inclination would permit me to be led in that direction. In the event of my election, **I will be a recorder in deed and act as well as in name,** and it is not true that my official action will be dominated, controlled or influenced by any man or set of men, but I will be always ready to hear and consider any suggestion offered in the discussion of all important measures involving the welfare of the city or the happiness of her people.

A Practice to Be Abolished.

I will certainly and thoroughly abolish the practice, now prevailing, among certain committing magistrates of this city, of imposing small or large fines, with the alternative of payment or a few days' imprisonment in the workhouse, in all cases involving the commission of felonies, such as larceny, burglary, robbery and assaults threatening human life or great bodily harm, as all such offenders should be held for trial and disposition by the judges of the quarter sessions court. **The thug, the thief and the gambler shall not be permitted to locate in this city.** Many of these lawbreakers have peculiar ways of getting money with which to pay their fines when liberty is in danger, thus avoiding any imprisonment whatever.

I pledge my personal and official support to carry out the declaration of the convention nominating me, and heartily indorse the resolution declaring for an honest and efficient city government, conducted by business methods, against favoritism, and the protection of crime and criminals.

I am in favor of immediate and proper legislation, looking to a greater Pittsburgh, that it may rank as one of the greatest cities of the world.

With all good citizens, I join in condemning the use of money in politics, and no political faction is entitled to the confidence and encouragement of the public which now depends on the potency of money for its success; that debauches the political worker and the voter alike by cash; that keeps and maintains, at regular weekly and monthly salaries, an army of men ready to engage in the patriotic work of saving and regenerating the city by the liberal distribution of cash. I am entirely in accord with that plank of the platform.

Favors Civil Service.

I favor and will endeavor to promote perfect civil service in all the branches of the city government, and fully indorse the action of city councils fixing union wages and union hours for city labor.

The ordinary dictates of humanity, if nothing more, would impel a man in a position or office of influence and power to **defend and urge the project for the filtration of water,** and for the rapid completion of the same, that there may be as soon as possible, **an adequate and healthy supply to all consumers within the limits of the city, including the south side.**

The pipage system of the water supply in the downtown or congested district bounded by Water street, Liberty street, Duquesne way and Eleventh street, should be enlarged and renewed at once, so as to relieve the merchants and property owners of the excessive fire insurance now prevailing and the further extension of the water supply and distribution should be pushed to completion in the East End district without delay.

I favor and will advocate the admission of all steam railroads into the city, under reasonable and proper conditions to be set forth in ordinances duly passed, to the end that the freight congestion which has existed heretofore, to the detriment of manufacturing interests, may be relieved.

For city purposes, I will favor reasonable taxation or license of all corporations obtaining or having obtained franchises of any kind from the city, and the limiting of these privileges to a reasonable number of years, subject to renewal upon compliance with new conditions, upon proper conditions and restrictions. I will veto any ordinance granting municipal rights to any corporation without adequate compensation to the city.

Abolition of a Fee Office.

I am strongly in accord with the plank of the platform relating to the office of delinquent tax collector, and will do all in my power to have it carried out. This should be a salaried office and the fees and commissions paid into the city treasury.

In the letting of all public contracts there should be the freest competition and strict performance according to specifications, if elected I would exercise such economy in city affairs as would be consistent with what I believed to be both wise and progressive.

The coming three years will be by far the most important in the history of our city. It has outgrown its facilities in almost every respect. New thoroughfares must be provided, and old ones enlarged. Additional methods of transit must be found. We must have more and different water. **We must get a dollar's worth of value for every dollar of public money expended.** In all things, and in all other problems that come before me for consideration, I will give my whole time, my best thought, and all the energy that is in me, looking for the advice and the earnest co-operation of my fellow citizens, without regard to party.

If, by the grace of the people, I shall be placed at the head of the city government, I will serve them and them only. No politician or politicians, no individual or individuals, and no political party, political organization or faction will turn me from the right, as it is given me to see the right, in my efforts to give the cleanest and best government to the people, into whose hands I now confidently commit my candidacy.

JOHN C. HAYMAKER.

SOUTH CAROLINA EDITOR IS SHOT BY A POLITICIAN

Continued from First Page.

advised by counsel to say absolutely nothing.

The ill feeling between Tillman and Gonzales grew out of the fist fight between United States Senator B. R. Tillman and Senator McLaurin, on the floor of the United States senate.

Maj. Micah Jenkins, who had served with Roosevelt's Rough Riders in Cuba, and who had won a record for bravery and merit, was to have been presented with a sword by the people of South Carolina in recognition of his courage and the fame which he had won for his state in the Spanish war. The presentation was to have been made by Lieut.-Gov.-elect Tillman, who today shot Gonzales.

When President Roosevelt withdrew his invitation to a state dinner in Washington, which he had sent Senator Tillman, because of the fight the latter had in the United States Senate, Lieut.-Gov. Tillman refused to present the sword to Lieut. Jenkins.

Gonzales bitterly denounced Tillman. He repeated the denunciations on many different occasions, and even dared Mr. Tillman to deny charges he made.

Gonzales himself went to Cuba before the Spanish-American war and enlisted as a scout with Gen. Gomez, doing notable work for the insurgent army.

It is declared by close friends of the stricken editor that Tillman's life is perfectly safe from any mob attack, and that there is no thought on the part of Mr. Gonzales' friends of avenging his shooting by acts of violence, though the large crowds on the street and around the jail started a rumor that a mob was forming.

Gov. McSweeny was asked tonight for an expression on the affair and said:

"It was most deplorable. The conduct of a state officer in carrying concealed weapons cannot be too severely condemned, for he is one whose sworn duty it is to uphold and defend the law in this respect as well as in others."

"The shooting of Gonzales will not be a surprise to the people of South Carolina," said B. O. Brooker, clerk at the Hotel Lincoln, who is a native of Columbia and is personally acquainted with both the men in the quarrel. Mr. Brooker visited his home only a few weeks ago, and says at that time the feeling between Tillman and Gonzales had reached the fighting heat."

WANT NO LIBRARY

Socialistic Brockton Sits Upon Movement to Secure Carnegie Donation.

BROCTON, MASS., Jan. 15.—(Special.)—"I do not believe there is any danger of Brockton having a Carnegie library," says Socialist Mayor Coulter, who is also a delegate to the Central Labor union. It came about through the endeavor of the Rev. C. J. Shippen, a prominent divine, to ask Mr. Carnegie for a library. Many citizens approved the idea, but the city government promptly sat upon the project. Brockton is solidly socialistic. It will have no Carnegie library unless there should be an entire revulsion of sentiment. At the city meeting mention was made of "The sweat and blood of our brothers at Homestead."

CHASE & BAKER.

The only perfect piano player. Plays any piano. Terms to suit. Sold only by W. F. FREDERICK, 633 Smithfield street. Entire building. Largest stock of pianos in Pittsburgh. G. Schroeder, Mgr.

Jacob A. Riis, illustrated lecture, "Battle With the Slums," tonight, Allegheny Carnegie hall.

MAYOR HINKLE REMOVES DIRECTOR

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 15.—(Special.)—Mayor Hinkle this evening removed from office Luke G. Byrne, director of law in his cabinet. The step was precipitated by Director Byrne's action of today in removing A. W. Shields, police prosecutor, and appointing in his place John F. Ward, who has opposed the mayor's political schemes. The mayor's action may result in the nomination of Mr. Byrne for the mayoralty by the Democrats.

One Killed, One Injured.

John Grim was killed and his brother, Elmer, was badly injured yesterday in a fall of slate in the Jackson coal mine near Tarentum. The men were almost buried by the slate and had to be dug out by companions.

If the Baby Is Cutting Teeth
Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

RECORDER BROWN HANDS DOWN VETO

Disapproves the Ordinance to Employ an Engineer on Filtration Plans.

BILL WAS LONG DELAYED

Councils Has Abandoned Scheme. City's Chief Executive Says He Is Opposed to the Mechanical System of Filtration.

Recorder J. O. Brown yesterday vetoed the resolution passed by councils authorizing the filtration committee of council to employ an engineer to prepare estimates of the total cost of a sand filtration plant to act in conjunction with the superintendent of the bureau of water supply, or some competent engineer designated by the director of public works.

This resolution was introduced in councils some months ago at the time when there was a dispute regarding the cost of a filtration plant.

It was delayed in committees for a long time, and all track of it was lost until it appeared in select council at the last meeting and was passed.

Councilman Thomas M. Brown, chairman of the joint filtration committee, has stated that he is in favor of abandoning the scheme to employ an engineer to prepare another set of estimates as he is satisfied that a sand filtration plant cannot be built within the amount already appropriated, which is $2,500,000, and that the proper thing for councils to do is to authorize a vote by the people on the proposition to make an additional appropriation of $1,692,000, for which there is now an ordinance pending in councils.

If this ordinance is approved by councils there will be no necessity for further action on the resolution vetoed by the recorder. The director of public works has estimated that the total cost of a sand filtration plant is $3,635,000 and that $800,000 additional will be required for covers for the filter beds. The reasons given by the recorder for his veto are as follows:

I am unable to see the purpose or advisability of such a resolution. The department of public works has already furnished to councils estimates upon this subject; these estimates were carefully prepared and submitted in good faith. That department stands ready now to further assist councils in any manner and to any extent that councils may suggest. Plans and specifications have been carefully prepared by the department of public works at the expense of time, labor and money, and the department is thoroughly able to furnish any information that may be desired upon the subject.

If the purpose of this resolution is to ultimately defeat the proposed plan of sand filtration and substitute therefor a system of mechanical filtration, I am unalterably opposed to it. The filtration commission, which was appointed some years ago by the authority of the city of Pittsburgh to make a full investigation, and report upon the subject of filtration, was composed of thoroughly capable men, who submitted an exhaustive report, in which they recommended a system of sand filtration in preference to all other systems.

The report was received, accepted and adopted by councils of the city of Pittsburgh, and the people of the city of Pittsburgh, having a proposed system of sand filtration presented to them, voted in favor of the issue of $2,500,000 for the purpose of establishing such a system.

Unfortunately, however, the prices of labor and material have advanced so largely since the question was considered and voted upon by the people that the amount authorized by the people is not now sufficient to enable the city to construct such a plant and cause it put it in operation. I consider it at least doubtful whether, under all the circumstances, the city could use any of the $2,500,000 for the construction of any system of filtration other than sand filtration. Some of that money has already been used in preparation of the establishment of such a system.

I am unwilling to aid in the adoption of any measure which would seem like a step backward on this subject of sand filtration, and I am inclined to think that the adoption of this resolution by the authorities of the city of Pittsburgh would be a step backward toward mechanical filtration.

MANY CANDIDATES.

Republicans Suggest Men Who Desire to Fill Offices in Borough of Wilkinsburg.

Republican suggestion meeting for the entire borough of Wilkinsburg was held last night, resulting as follows: Burgess, Andrew Wyse, John J. Walker, Jacob G. Thomas and John A. Keys, collector of taxes, William H. Kiser, Prof. L. A. Thomas and D. K. Murray; auditor, First ward, George Rankin, W. S. Mc-Dowell and James Shearer; Second ward, B. F. Schaeffer, Sr., to fill the unexpired term of two years; Third ward, H. F. Weever, to fill the unexpired term of one year; constable, Albert Kennedy.

Preceding the borough suggestion meeting the Third ward suggestion meeting was held and the following candidates were named: Councilman, E. A. Jenkins; school director, W. R. Jones; judge of election, First district, J. P. Henderson; Second district, Louis T. Bauer; Third district, J. E. H. Grant, and Fourth district, J. R. Wiley; Inspector, First district, N. B. Swift; Second district, Edward Hartman; Third district, Harry J. Dierlein, and Fourth district, W. A. Gilliland; register assessor, First district, E. D. Brush; Second district, W. S. Stout; Third district, J. E. H. Grant, and Fourth district, W. A. Gilliland.

The Citizens party organization of the Thirty-seventh ward has completed its ward ticket for the coming election. It is as follows: School directors, Harry A. Goettman and Robert J. Daley; assessor, W. H. Hodgkinson; assistant assessors, M. F. Butler and E. F. White; election officers, First district, John Hutton, judge; R. F. Clemmons, register; M. E. Rutter, inspector; Second district, H. N. Wood, judge; A. E. McClintock, inspector; William J. Lang, register; Third district, William Marshall, judge; Herman J. Bender, inspector, and W. M. Hall, register.

The Citizens party of Mifflin township met yesterday and nominated a ticket as follows: Treasurer, Samuel McElhaney; tax collector, William Bowen; commissioner, William Clinton; assessor, H. M. Luft; school directors, James H. White and William Hawthorne; justice of the peace, Henry Brinker, and P. F. Poorbaugh.

The Millvale Republican committee has announced a suggestion meeting to be held in the Millvale opera house on Saturday evening, January 17. The Republican primaries will be held on Saturday, January 24. William Scott and J. Grimes are both talked of as candidates for burgess.

The Sharpsburg Republicans will hold a suggestion meeting in the Sharpsburg town hall on Monday evening. The Republican primaries have been set for January 27.

GASOLINE CAN DECIMATES FAMILY

RICH HILL, MO., Jan. 15.—(Special.)—In an explosion of gasoline here today Mrs. Charles Walters was burned fatally, her daughter fell on an ax, sustaining a mortal wound, and her husband was burned severely. A son, who was hurt in a former accident, lies in bed with a broken leg. In attempting to extinguish the blazing clothing of his wife, Mr. Walter was so severely burned that he will lose the use of one hand. A daughter, when went to the rescue of their mother, also was set on fire, and fell to the floor, striking an ax in her fall. This penetrated the abdomen near the pelvis and inflicted a mortal wound.

EIGHT COASTERS WERE INJURED

Two Homestead Lads May Die from Effects of Collision With Wall.

THREE OTHERS HURT

Collision Between Two Sleds in Sharpsburg Causes Injury of Three Boys—Man Thrown from Cutter in Schenley Park.

Eight boys were injured yesterday in coasting accidents, and two may die as a result of their injuries. The accidents occurred in Homestead and Sharpsburg yesterday afternoon, and in the latter accident four young girls and one boy escaped serious injury, although they were painfully bruised by being thrown from their sled into the roadway.

Fatally Injured:

EDWARD DEBOLT of Seventh avenue, Homestead; badly cut on head, face and body and internally injured; taken home.

WILLIAM MARTIN of Ann street, Homestead; leg broken and internally injured; taken home.

Other Injured:

WILLIAM DEBOLT, brother of Edward, badly cut and bruised; taken home.

WALTER COMER of Ann street, Homestead; cut and bruised about head and body; taken home.

JAMES WILLIAMS, 10 years old, living in Fourth street, Homestead; left leg broken and head badly cut; taken home.

JAMES RYLANDS, 12 years old, of Clifton avenue, Sharpsburg; left arm and leg sprained and badly bruised.

JOHN EDWARDS, 12 years old, of Tenth street, Sharpsburg; bruised about the body.

EDWARD BAUMAN, 13 years old, of Penn street, Sharpsburg; two fingers badly lacerated; otherwise sprained and cut.

Ran Into Stone Wall.

The accident, in which the first four Homestead boys were injured, occurred in Amity street. The boys are all pupils at the Fourth ward school. They secured a bobsled and started down Amity street, which was yesterday one sheet of smooth ice. At Tenth street they attempted to turn a sharp curve and were thrown against a stone wall.

Edward Debolt, who was the most seriously injured, was guiding the bob and was thrown against the wall, when the sled was running with lighting speed down the hill. The force with which the boys struck the wall rendered them unconscious. John Leach and Joseph Bullion, who were near, carried them to the office of Dr. W. H. Langham, where their injuries were dressed.

The Williams boy was coasting in Fourth street. While descending the hill he lost control of his sled and collided with a telegraph pole. At 10 o'clock last night he was still unconscious, but it is thought he will recover.

Collision in Sharpsburg.

The Sharpsburg accident occurred in Tenth street and was caused by the bobsled colliding with another sled, which was being drawn up the hill by Matthew Murphy, a boy. The three boys, who were hurt, with another boy and four young girls, started from the top of the hill on their bobsled, which was guided by Bauman.

When about half way down the hill, and when the bob had attained its greatest velocity, Murphy suddenly appeared in the middle of the street. Before he could drag his sled out of the way of the oncoming bob it was struck, and all on the big sled were thrown violently off on the icy street. After the injuries to the boys and girls were dressed by a physician at the house of a neighbor, they were taken to their homes.

William J. Woods of Irwin avenue, was painfully bruised by being thrown from a cutter in Schenley park yesterday afternoon, when his horse ran away. While driving past the Murdock entrance the horse took fright. After Woods was thrown out the horse ran for some distance before he was captured by a park policeman. The cutter was wrecked and the horse badly cut about the legs.

TO BRIDLE OCEAN WAVES

Mysterious Pittsburghers Get a $1,000,000 Delaware Charter for This.

There was incorporated at Dover, Del., yesterday the American Wave Motor Company of Pittsburgh, which, with capital of $1,000,000, is to "acquire letters patent for the manufacture of wave motors and other electrical vehicles." The incorporators are Marvin C. Reed and L. Cantrell of Pittsburgh and J. G. Gray and G. C. Morris of Wilmington, Del.

Wave and tide motors have been talked of spasmodically for some time, but a number of Pittsburghers interested in scientific developments talked to last night knew of no Pittsburghers being interested in such a thing. The incorporators mentioned as of Pittsburgh are not in the city directory.

While the incorporation with such an amount of capital would indicate that the promoters have something tangible, Pittsburghers interested in electrical development said that they doubt the success of a scheme to bridle the force of the intermittent ocean waves, as is probably intended. Accomplishment of such a thing is freely admitted as promising a new world wonder.

VISITED SOMERSET SITE.

Army Engineers Inspected Ground for Proposed Permanent Camp for Soldiers.

JOHNSTOWN, PA., Jan. 15.—(Special.)—Capt. W. L. Seibert and Capt. Griffith, civil engineers, U. S. A.; S. B. Hage of Washington, district passenger agent, and Edward Smith of Pittsburgh, division passenger agent of the Baltimore & Ohio, and W. H. Scott of Pittsburgh are in Somerset tonight, the army men having been ordered there by the war department to make an inspection of the site for the proposed permanent army camp at that place, as provided in Senator Quay's bill.

The party was met at Somerset today by a number of prominent citizens, including Capt. C. J. Harrison, and this afternoon went over the ground, completing the inspection. Tonight the army men are being entertained at the Highland inn.

The party leaves Somerset tomorrow, and Capt. Seibert's report to the department is expected to be ready within a week. It is understood that he is favorable to the selection of the Somerset site for the camp.

Miners Blame Railroads.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 15.—The Ohio miners, in convention, blame the coal carrying railroads for the shortage of coal in this state. Miners say they are ready to work at all times, but cannot get the cars for loading, and consequently are compelled to lay off two and three days each week. A resolution in favor of a general Saturday holiday was tabled on account of the shortage of coal.

Constipation
Headache, biliousness, heartburn, indigestion, and all liver ills are cured by
Hood's Pills
Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

FURNACE MAKES STEEL DIRECT FROM IRON ORE

Pittsburghers Witness Successful Test of Ruthenburg's Invention.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

LOCKPORT, N. Y., Jan. 15.—A dozen leading independent steel men of the United States witnessed a successful test of a process for making steel direct from the ore in an electric furnace here this afternoon. The inventor, Marcus Ruthenberg of Philadelphia, gave the demonstration at the Cowles electric smelting and aluminum works. He demonstrated that his process saved 33 per cent of fuel and eliminated the blast furnace processes, including the use of limestone. Moreover, his furnace employed only one-tenth as much power as other processes of reducing iron electrically.

It is said the new process may be used by the independents to fight the United States Steel Corporation.

The steel men who witnessed the demonstration were: Walter Phillips, European representative of Westinghouse Company; Dr. Frank S. Slocum of Jones & Laughlins, Pittsburgh; John F. Ritz of the Thomas iron works, Bethlehem; S. T. Wellman, inventor of Wellman steel furnace, Cleveland; W. J. Taylor, High Bridge, N. J.; E. Thomas, president Catasauqua Iron Company, Pennsylvania; Dr. Brooks, J. B. Kraemer, Kittanning iron works, Philadelphia; J. T. McLanahan, Hollidaysburg; E. Kirschoff, editor Iron Age, New York.

LAURA BIGGAR ANGRY.

Actress Severely Criticises Judge Who Sentenced Stanton and Hendricks.

DERBY, CONN., Jan. 15.—(Special.)—Laura Biggar, who has been appearing in Connecticut vaudeville houses, had nothing but denunciations for Judge Heisley and the jury which tried her, Dr. Hendricks and Samuel Stanton, when told by a Gazette correspondent today of the sentence of her associates.

"They will never have to serve the sentence," she said. "Judge Heisley and the counsel for the people have been in league all along, and money has done it all. I hate the very word money. The prosecutor's friend, whose name is Strong, and who is his private detective, tampered with the jury and they all know it. Before it was fixed the jury stood 9 to 3 for the acquittal of all three of us. My lawyer told me last spring when the heirs were filing caveats against the will that he held Judge Heisley in the palm of his hand and that he would have associated with him Mr. Arrowsmith, the judge's private counsel, and Mr. Patterson, the judge's partner. Dr. McDougall would never have turned against me had I not disputed his outrageous bill and the executors promised to pay him the claim if they won.

"I shall go to New Jersey next Sunday to see Stanton and Dr. Hendricks, although I am on the verge of collapse from what I have gone through."

FREEHOLD, N. J., Jan. 15.—Dr. Hendricks and former Justice of the Peace Stanton, convicted of conspiracy to secure the entire estate of Henry M. Bennett, a wealthy resident of Pittsburgh, Pa., were today sentenced to two years and six months' imprisonment each. In passing sentence Judge Heisley said he could not see how the jury could have arrived at any other conclusion in the case of Hendricks and Stanton, although they had taken the responsibility of acquitting Miss Biggar. As to the latter he had no criticism to make on the jury.

Notice of appeal was given and an application was made for bail.

COKE OUTPUT GAINS.

The Connellsville Region, However, Is Still Hampered by the Shortage of Cars.

CONNELLSVILLE, PA., Jan. 15.—(Special.)—The Courier will say tomorrow:

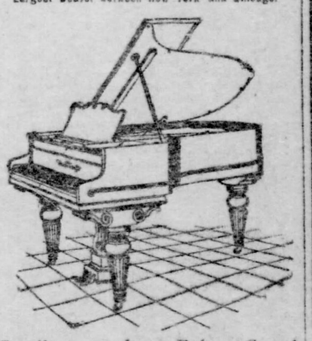
Coke production in the Connellsville region last week was just a little better than the week of January 3, and the output in shipments showed a corresponding gain. Stocks, however, were scarcely touched any, and indeed this most an impossibility for the railroads to move 12,000 cars out of the region in a single week, as they often did last summer.

The official report of the operation and output of the region for the week ending on Saturday, January 10, shows a total of 21,960 ovens, of which 21,815 were active and 842 idle. Compared with the lists of the previous week this was a slight change. The Veteran Coke Company now has all its 60 ovens in blast. Among the furnace ovens there are 80 out at Bill farm of the Dunbar Furnace Company. The work was scheduled for a six days run generally over the region. That is, all the plants would have worked six days if they had been furnished the cars. But they were not and in many instances plants were compelled to lay off a day, while others were only supplied with enough cars to take care of half the ovens. Many of the smaller plants had no cars half the week. One company reports that it had a run of cars but one day during the six working days. The estimated tonnage last week was 237,866 tons compared with 237,739 tons the week before.

Shipments last week were 10,086 cars, distributed as follows: To Pittsburgh and river tipples, 3,879 cars; to points west of Pittsburgh, 4,709 cars; to points east of Connellsville, 1,365 cars. Compared with the shipments of the previous week this was an increase of 435 cars.

In the lower Connellsville region conditions were not much improved over those in the Connellsville district. There are 4,410 ovens there, of which 4,153 are active and 294 idle, or rather in the course of construction. The estimated tonnage was 48,910 tons. Shipments were 1,579 cars last week.

Largest Stock of Pianos in Pittsburgh.
Largest Dealer Between New York and Chicago.



Smallest perfect Baby Grand Piano made in the world. It occupies but little more room than an upright. Of course, it is a genuine Chickering, and the cost, too, is but little more than a Chickering Upright. The highest honor ever bestowed on any piano manufacturers in the world awarded to Chickering Pianos, the recognized standard of the world. Catalogues free.

Genuine Chickering, Hardman, Kroeger, McPhail, Behr Bros., Schomacker, Mathushek, Haines, Kingsbury Pianos and the Chase & Baker Piano Player, the perfect player.

SOLD ONLY BY Terms to Suit.

W. F. FREDERICK
THE RELIABLE MUSIC DEALER,
633 SMITHFIELD ST.,
Near Seventh Ave. Entire Building.
G. SCHROEDER, MGR.

Bargains in used Chickering, Steinway, Hardman and other upright and grand pianos. Upright, used, $110 upwards.

Men's Furnishings.

Clearance Sale time in the men's furnishings—
For instance—Hosiery at Half—
All our fancy Silk and French Lisle half hose—
New patterns and choice colorings marked Half Price—
Then the Shirts—
Winter Negligees—great variety of choice patterns—our own importation—
$3.50 quality at $2.50 each.
Some very tempting bargains in the Fur Department.
J. G. BENNETT & CO.,
WOOD AND FIFTH.

Boak

We desire that you be made acquainted immediately with an early purchase of
NEW SPRING TAILORED SUITS
in Woolens, etc., exquisitely fashioned and exclusive in style. They are being offered at prices considerably less than they will be sold a month hence.
COTTON AND LINEN WAIS

MODEL TENEMENT FOR PITTSBURGH

Prominent Women Organize Stock Company for Improvement in Slums.

TO GIVE OBJECT LESSON

The Tenement Improvement Co. Chartered With $20,000 Capital Will Endeavor to Elevate Sanitary and Social Standards.

The women of Pittsburgh have inaugurated a new method of improving conditions in the slums of the city. At Harrisburg yesterday a charter was granted to the Tenement Improvement Company of Pittsburgh, capitalized at $20,000. This company will build a model tenement at some suitable point in the slums, fill with typical residents of the district, and proceed to give the neighborhood an object lesson in sanitary living.

The capital named in the application for a charter is likely to be materially increased as the work of the association spreads, but it is figured that after it is once fairly started the system will be self-supporting at least. The directors named in the charter are Misses Alice Holdship, Anne S. Phillips and Mary E. Bakewell, but associated with them will be other Pittsburgh women, who are actively interested in civil questions and municipal improvements.

The Tenement Improvement Company will be a stock corporation and its shares will probably be widely distributed. It will be modeled along the lines laid down by the Octavia Hill association, which has done such splendid work in the slums of London. In speaking of the company, its aims and purposes, Miss Anne Phillips said last night:

"We are going to work along the lines of the Octavia Hill association in London, and those organizations that have been at work in New York and Philadelphia. Our plan in brief is to buy or erect a model tenement in the heart of Pittsburgh's slums, say Poplar alley, High street or some similar location.

"Sanitary conditions in Pittsburgh are none too good at their best, and in the slums they are as bad as any in the world. We think that by conducting a model tenement in a neighborhood, such as I have mentioned, we could present an object lesson that could not help but have a good effect.

"We will probably enlarge the capital later, after the first tenement is fairly started, and build others, but we have not yet definitely settled on a location for the beginning. There are dozens of districts, however, that offer a suitable field.

"We expect to interest a large number of Pittsburgh's philanthropic people in this plan, and to do much toward elevating the social and sanitary standard in certain portions of the city."

A meeting is scheduled for January 17, at which further plans will be discussed.

With a capital stock of $20,000 shares will be offered to the public at $10 each. A similar institution in Philadelphia, after which the Pittsburgh one is largely patterned, has been in existence for about six years and now owns 40 tenement houses that are both self-supporting and pay the stockholders an annual dividend of 4 and 4½ per cent on the amount invested. The movement though inaugurated by a number of public-spirited and philanthropic women, is not strictly a woman's movement, but both men and women are interested in its organization and future work.

SECOND OPERATION.

Fate of Mrs. W. D. O'Neil Hangs In Balance.

The second operation since Monday for appendicitis was performed upon Mrs. W. D. O'Neil at her home, No. 4758 Wallingford street, East End, yesterday afternoon. At a late hour last night Mrs. O'Neil's condition looked very favorable to the attending physicians, but it was stated a time limit of 48 hours would determine if she could possibly recover.

While attending the funeral of her uncle, Capt. W. W. O'Neil at West Elizabeth two weeks ago, Mrs. O'Neil was stricken with appendicitis. She was brought to Pittsburgh on a special train last Friday and the first operation was performed Monday. Mrs. H. B. O'Neil, mother of the husband of the ill woman, was summoned from Redlands, Cal., and reached her daughter-in-law's bedside yesterday.

Tampered With "Haunted Swing."

Earl Higgs and William Carpenter are being held for further investigation. They were arrested while tearing down the "Haunted Swing" at the Casino amusement palace at Carson and South Twenty-second streets. Higgs claims the owners of the swing owe him $40.

THE WEATHER.

Fair weather conditions are predicted for Pittsburgh and vicinity today, and increasing cloudiness for tomorrow by the Washington weather bureau. Yesterday was the warmest day experienced in Pittsburgh since the blizzard struck this section at the first of the week. From 6 o'clock in the morning, when the minimum, 25 degrees, registered, the day grew steadily warmer until 8 o'clock last night, when the maximum for the day, 36 degrees, was recorded.

Fair

The Gazette weather service thermometers at Kaufmann's corner at the following hours yesterday registered:

12 noon	28 deg.
4 p. m.	33 deg.
8 p. m.	36 deg.
12 midnight	34 deg.

Time of sunrise today ..... 7:23 a.m.
Time of sunset today ..... 4:57 p. m.

Daily report for yesterday furnished by the United States weather bureau:

Time.	Bar.	Tem.	Hum.	Wind	Weather.
8 a. m.	30.12	28	76	W.	Snow.
8 p. m.	30.02	36	62	N. W.	Cloudy.

Comparative temperature and precipitation for January 15:

	1903	1901	1900	1899	1898	1897	1896
Maximum	42	52	48	51	57	42	32
Minimum	33	40	26	40	37	29	22
Mean	38	46	32	46	47	36	27
Precipitation	.15	.5	.1		.40	T.	T.

Maximum temperature (8 p. m.) 36
Minimum temperature (8 a. m.) 25
Mean temperature 30
Normal temperature (for 31 years) 31
Deficiency in temperature for the day 1
Deficiency in temperature since Jan. 1 68
Deficiency in temperature since Jan. 1, 1896 68
Normal precipitation (for 31 years) ..... .10
Precipitation for the day ..... .p
Deficiency in precipitation for the day ..... .10
Deficiency in precipitation since Jan. 1 ..... .39
Deficiency in precipitation since Jan. 1, 1896 ..... .59

Government Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 15.—Forecast: Western Pennsylvania—Fair Friday; Saturday increasing cloudiness; fresh west winds. Ohio—Fair Friday; Saturday increasing cloudiness; rain in southwest portion; fresh west winds.

West Virginia—Cloudy Friday; Saturday rain.

Observations taken at weather bureau stations at 8 p. m.:

Indianap's	38	Clear	Chicago	36	Clear
Parkersb'g	38	Clear	Philadelphia	40	Clear
Washingt'n	40	Cloudy	Bismarck	30	Clear
Cairo	46	Clear	Helena	26	Clear
Kansas City	46	Clear	Huron	28	Clear
St. Louis	46	Clear	St. Paul	32	Clear
Columbus	34	Clear	Omaha	44	Clear
Memphis	48	Clear	Dodge City	38	Clear
Louisville	42	Clear	Salt Lake	28	Clear
N. Orleans	48	PtCldy	Denver	34	PtCldy
Vicksburg	54	Cloudy	New York	34	PtCldy
Des Moines	42	Clear			

KNIGHTS OF KEY GET AN ADVANCE

B. & O. Telegraphers Come Well Out of Wage Conference.

2,000 MEN ARE AFFECTED

Increase Will Average About 10 Per Cent, One Hour Cut Off Working Day, and 10 Days' Vacation on Pay.

Telegraph operators over the entire Baltimore & Ohio railroad system have received an increase in pay and a reduction in working hours. This change went into effect on the first of the year, but was not announced until yesterday, when the 20 Pittsburgh representatives of the order of Railway Telegraphers returned from Baltimore, where the new scale was adjusted. About 2,000 men will be affected by the change.

Twenty representatives of the Railway Telegraphers held a conference with the railroad officials in Baltimore on November 25. The meeting was then postponed until January 3, when the entire matter was taken up. The telegraphers were represented by the following operators: Updyke, France, Vannatta, Milburn, Lyndamore, Carr, Shaffer, Martin, Chambers, Bell, Youst, Rathbourn, McCoy, Pierce, Hill, Frasher, Wright, McCauley, Painter and Robinson. The railroad officials were L. G. Haas, assistant general manager; T. J. Foley, assistant to the general manager; T. Fitzgerald, general superintendent at Baltimore, and Charles Seldon, superintendent of telegraphers.

Each office was taken up separately, and on Tuesday of this week an agreement was reached whereby the telegraphers all over the system will receive an increase in pay of about 10 per cent, working hours reduced from 10 to 9 a day, and each man to have 10 days' vacation on full pay every year. It was agreed that this change date from January 1.

By the new scale, operators paid $60 a month will receive $67.50, those paid $65 will receive $72.50, those paid $75 will receive $80. The change will affect 13 men in the Baltimore & Ohio's office in Pittsburgh: H. F. Getzendanner, manager, P. J. McCauley and T. F. Driscoll, chief wire clerks; C. Baker, night manager; H. H. Stoner, M. S. Buck, H. W. Mason, A. J. Eaves, M. J. Shippel, J. B. Chambers, J. A. Grainnan and J. W. Warne, operators.

Representatives of the Order of Railway Trainmen and of the Order of Railway Conductors have been in Baltimore during the past week to hold a conference with the railroad officials to secure an increase in pay and a reduction in hours.

STEAM CAR FERRIES ON LOCAL RIVERS

B. & O. Orders Boats, Hoping to Relieve Freight Congestion.

The Baltimore & Ohio railroad proposes to enter again into the ferry method of handling its cars from one yard to another. The announcement of this was made yesterday by Robert Finney, general agent of the railroad company at Pittsburgh in addressing the councilmanic committee on the elevation of the bridges over the Allegheny river.

"The river is the only solution for the present traffic congestion," Mr. Finney said. "The Baltimore & Ohio has awarded contracts for two steam ferries to be used in transporting loaded freight cars across the Ohio river from Allegheny to the McKees Rocks side. One of our landings has already been approved by the secretary of war."

This is not the first time such a plan has been tried on the same railroad. There used to be a car ferry plying between Ninth street, the terminus of the old Pittsburgh & Western track down the Pittsburgh wharf of the Allegheny river, and the "Smoky Island" yards of the Pittsburgh & Western in lower Allegheny. This was abandoned several years ago.

The purpose of the Baltimore & Ohio in its ferry from lower Allegheny to McKees Rocks is to reach the tonnage of the Pressed Steel Car Company at that point, more than any one other industry. The steam ferries will be large enough to carry several cars at once, and means will be provided to run the cars from rails at the wharf to rails in the ferries. The boats will be among the largest on the local rivers.

SPEND MUCH MONEY.

Foolishness in Expenditures by Churches Attacked in Episcopal Club Meeting.

Extravagance in the expenditure of church money was attacked at the closing session of the national conference of Episcopal church clubs, in Trinity Episcopal church, Sixth avenue, yesterday morning. The attack was embodied in a paper on "Giving, as a Secular and Religious Duty, from a Layman's Standpoint," read by Judge John S. Connor of Cincinnati, O., who was afterwards elected president of the national conference for the ensuing year.

Judge Connor's paper took up seriously the matter of the church's expenditure of money, and he claimed that considerable money is spent foolishly and extravagantly. He said that appeals to laymen for financial assistance are so frequent that at times they are offensive.

Shortly before the close of the session Judge Connor was elected president; W. H. Singleton of Washington, D. C., was elected vice president, and Maj. Taylor E. Brown of Chicago was re-elected secretary and treasurer. The only other paper read yesterday was from the pen of Rathbone Gardiner of Providence, R. I. It was read by Prof. Remington of Philadelphia.

DR. FENNER'S KIDNEY and Backache CURE

All diseases of Kidneys, Bladder, Urinary Organs. Also Rheumatism, Backache, Headache, Heart Disease, Gravel, Dropsy, Female Troubles.

Don't become discouraged. There is a cure for you. If necessary write Dr. Fenner. He has spent a life time curing just such cases as yours. All consultations Free.

"Eight months in bed, heavy backache, pain and soreness across kidneys, also rheumatism. Other remedies failed. Dr. Fenner's Kidney and Backache Cure cured me completely. H. WATERS, Hamlet, N. Y."

Druggists, 50c., $1. Ask for Cook Book—Free.

ST. VITUS' DANCE Sure Cure. Circular, Dr Fenner, Fredonia, N. Y.

JOSEPH HORNE CO.

Weather—Fair. Friday, Jan. 16, 1903.

Today a Number of Special Sales—— Today a Look at New Things for Spring.

The first of general interest to everybody. The second of great interest to women, especially women who intend making the Southern trip. There is no gainsaying that deep interest is already manifest in what is going to be fashionable in feminine wear this coming Spring and Summer. We meet this interest early. We always do. Those who prefer buying advance Spring styles in the midst of Winter find them here.

New White Waists of Sheer Materials.

Only yesterday a lady came to our Waist Counter and, in a sort of apologetic way, inquired if we had new Spring Waists. Certainly. And do you know that word certainly suffused her face with blushes, as she acknowledged she had been all around inquiring for these Waists, and had begun to think she was far ahead of the season. She was—but not for this store.

We have beautiful advance styles of Spring and Summer Waists of Mousseline, Organdy, Lawn, Swiss, Dimity, Silk Madras, Irish and Butcher Linens, and each and all will stand the tub splendidly when required. There is the greatest diversity of trimming and finishes—large designs in raised hand-embroidery, both floral and fruit effects; this same design in machine embroidery; entirely new combinations in Valenciennes lace, Swiss Embroidery and fine tucks. Stocks either of self material, with tie in contrasting color, or self material with a tab-shaped turnover of either lawn or dimity. All cuffs with one or two buttons and very soft, whether tailored or trimmed. Quite a few Paquin effects in sleeves.

The price range of these fine new Spring Waists is $2, $2.50, $3, $3.50, $5, $6.50, $7.50 and up to $20.

Special Sale Table Silver.

The special thing about the sale, which begins this morning, is that prices are from a fourth to a third under the usual.

All pieces quadruple Silver plate—fine and good, as tableware should be.

Quadruple Plated Tableware,
One-Fourth to One-Third Under Price.

4-piece Tea Sets	$6.00 a Set.
3-piece Dessert Sets	$4.00 and $4.50 a Set.
Pudding Dishes	$2.00 and $2.25 Each.
Soup Tureens	$3.00 Each.
Syrup Pitchers	$1.10 and $1.50 Each.
Butter Dishes	$1.25 Each.
Sugar Bowls	$1.00 and $1.50 Each.
Cream Pitchers	$1.00 and $1.50 Each.
Lemonade Jugs	$1.00 Each.
Fruit Bowls	$1.25, $2.00, $2.50, $2.75, $3 Each.
Salad Bowls	$2.00, $2.50 Each.
Bread Trays	$1.35, $2.00 Each.
Crumb Sets	$1.75 a Set.

Rogers' Knives, Forks and Spoons,
One-Fourth to One-Third Under Price.

Tea Spoons, fancy pattern	$1.00 a Dozen.
Dessert Spoons	$1.75 a Dozen.
Table Spoons	$2.25 a Dozen.
Dessert Forks	$1.75 a Dozen.
Dinner Forks, fancy patterns	$2.25 a Dozen.
Berry Spoons, fancy pattern	$ .85 Each.
Cream Ladles	$ .50 Each.
Gravy Ladles	$ .65 Each.
Soup Ladles	$1.00 Each.
Sugar Spoons	$ .35 Each.
Butter Knives	$ .35 Each.
Plain 12dwt. Knives, satin handles	$2.50 a Dozen.

Table Linens of Quality for Little Cost.

When we tell you the undermentioned Linens are of J. S. Brown & Sons' manufacture, there is little need of going further. Their products are most beautiful; their weaving is expert and artistic, and those who examine these Table Linens will realize the facts as words cannot tell them. And then the reduced prices are so considerate:

At $6.50 each, selling regularly for $8.75 and $9.50—Bleached Damask Tablecloths, 2½x2½ and 2½x3 yards.

$9.75 each, selling regularly for $13.25—Bleached Damask Tablecloths, 2½x3 yards.

$14 each, selling regularly for $19.50—Bleached Damask Tablecloths, 2½x3 yards.

$7.50 a dozen, selling regularly for $9.50—Bleached Damask Napkins, 27x27 inches.

$11.50 a dozen, selling regularly for $15.50—Bleached Damask Napkins, 27x27 inches.

$14 a dozen, selling regularly for $19.50—Bleached Damask Napkins, 27x27 inches.

Handsome New Dresses.

Late Winter and Early Spring.

Some of them admirably effective for wearing en route to the Sunny South. How women are flocking to see these new models for Spring wear—the great Suit Department of the second floor yesterday partook of something like a Spring Opening, so far as the attendance was concerned.

We are glad to serve our public in every way possible—in no one way more than being far in advance of a coming season.

These new Dresses for consideration:

At $25, unquestionably the handsomest all-silk lined Suits ever placed on sale. These new tailored Suits are all genuine Lymansville cheviot. The Jacket in blouse front, fan-pleated postillion back, flat collar, outlined with wide bands of taffeta, closely stitched; vest effect of Persian silk braid; silk ball ornaments and turn-back cuffs; 9-gore flare skirt, all inside seams tailor finished, inverted pleat back; heavy taffeta silk drop skirt, 12-inch flare, finished with both hemstitching and tucks. The jacket is also silk lined. Colors, black and navy.

At $50, black and navy broadcloth Suits. The blouse made collarless and Prince Charles Coat effect; collar and front outlined with panne velvet and appliqued with Persian embroidery. The charming sleeves have two box pleats, large puff, finished with panne velvet and embroidery to match Coat. Skirt is amplified with the popular triple flounce with panel front. All silk lined, of course.

At $65, very handsome Suits of French Voile. Collarless blouse, pleated Monte Carlo effect from yoke to bust line, the blouse appliqued with silk lace around collar, bust and back. Paquin pleated sleeves. The skirt has a series of side pleats arranged in clusters and wide band of silk applique forming flounce effect, although there is really no flounce. Heavy silk lining.

The Millinery of Spring.

We are well ready to show advance styles in Spring models—new straws with the most fascinating trimming, new Tulle Hats and other compositions.

This early display in the interest of stay-at-homes as well as women who go to Palm Beach and other Southern resorts.

Because the showing is made so early, do not understand it to mean outrageously high prices. Just the same prices now that you will pay at Easter—and just the same Hats that will be worn next June and July.

Today Finest Imported Bed Spreads for Greatly Reduced Prices.

This is a special sale for women who invariably buy the finest of everything. The reductions are quite remarkable. The Spreads are as fine as any woman could wish to grace her bed. The Basement Store for Bedding never showed a finer lot.

For $5 each, satin finished Spreads that sold for $7.

For $5.50 each, satin finished Spreads that sold for $8.

For $6, satin finished Spreads that sold for $9.

For $6.50 each, satin finished Spreads that sold for $10.

For $7 each, satin finished Spreads that sold for $11.00.

For $8.00 each, satin finished Spreads that sold for $12.50 each.

For $8.50 each, finest satin finished Spreads that sold for $13.

For $10 each, hand-embroidered Spreads that sold for $15.

For $15 each, hand-embroidered Spreads that sold for $22.50.

For $16.50 each, hand-embroidered Spreads that sold for $25.

At $5 each, sold for $7.50—Imported Art Spreads in pinks and blues. These are extra sizes for double beds.

At $4 each, sold for $6—Art Spreads in pinks and blues. These are for single beds.

Some very fine Mercerized Spreads, look exactly like silk, all for large double beds—pink, light blue, light yellow and white.

At $4.50, reduced from $7.50.

At $4.00, reduced from $6.50.

At $3.50, reduced from $5.

PENN AND FIFTH.

Stinson, Kennedy & Co.
Successors to Halpin, Kennedy & Co.
SANITARY PLUMBING
FINE GAS AND ELECTRIC FIXTURES, INSTANTANEOUS WATER HEATERS.
No. 213 Wood St., Pittsburgh
L. D. 'Phone, Court 741.

MANUFACTURERS.
ESTABLISHED 1863.
OLIVER Iron & Steel Company,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Soft Welding Steel and Iron, Bolts for Railways, Wagons and Agricultural Implements,
Telegraph and Telephone Pole Supplies.
General Offices at
SOUTH TENTH STREET WORKS, PITTSBURGH.

Results Count
Remington
TYPEWRITERS
do not depend on catchy talking points. They owe their supremacy solely to results; the amount and quality of the work they do and the ease and speed with which they do it.

REMINGTON TYPEWRITER COMPANY,
428 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

GERTRUDE MILLINGTON IS SINGING "MY OLD VIRGINIA HOME" WITH GREAT SUCCESS. IT WILL BE THE MUSIC SUPPLEMENT WITH NEXT SUNDAY'S GAZETTE.

We Need Room—We Need Cash.
SCHONDELMEYER'S
OUR ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE
A CLEAN SWEEP OF EVERYTHING.
GOODS NOW AT COST AND LESS THAN COST.
Left-over goods are about as useless to a merchant as an encyclopedia is to a 2-year-old child. Fall, Winter and Holiday Trade is over.
Carpets, Rugs, Portieres, Curtains, Dry Goods and Wall Papers
THESE CARPETS MUST BE SOLD BEFORE OUR INVENTORY.

In addition to the reductions named below we will Make, Lay and Line FREE any Carpet you buy here during January or February. See these bargain lots:
Lot A—$1.75 Axminster Carpets now..$1.35
Lot B—$1.35 Body Brussels Carpets for $1.00
Lot C—$1.25 Fine Wilton Velvets reduced to $1.00
Lot D—$1.00 Roxbury, Stinson, etc., now 85c
Lot E—90c Brussels Carpets for 75c
$1.00 Hassocks, slightly soiled, now.... 50c

Lace Curtains and Portieres
You will be surprised at the high grade and great variety of the Curtains we can show you. Our regular prices on these were very low, but now you make selection at 33 1-3 per cent under former prices and 50 per cent below many others.

Linoleums and Oil Cloths
We need room for our Spring stock and we have made a great effort to clear this department. You pay but 50c now for Linoleums that sold at 65c and 75c—and this is the way prices are down all through this stock.

CLEARING PRICES ON DRESS GOODS
When we say we have the second largest Dress Goods Department in Allegheny we don't mean that our quality is second to the best store in this county. We believe our showing in this department the best for the price in either city. To make our Inventory less laborious we make quick clearance prices, irrespective of loss.

Big Bargains in Dress Goods
1 lot 50c and 60c quality Novelty Dress Goods 25c
1 lot 75c and $1.00 quality Novelty Dress Goods 50c
1 lot $1.25 and $1.50 quality Novelty Dress Goods 75c
We have a hundred or more other such bargains to arouse your enthusiasm when you visit this clearance sale of Dress Goods.

GLOVES, HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR
Read these tempting prices—they must appeal to your judgment:
Best $1.25 Gents' Kid Gloves..... 60c
Finest 75c and $1.00 Gents' Wool Gloves 35c
Good 40c and 50c Gents' Wool Gloves. 20c
Gray Random Underwear that was 50c a garment is now..... 33c
Children's Wool Hose that were 40c and 50c are now only..... 25c
All the Ladies' Wool Hose that sold for 30c are only..... 20c
Many other goods in this department at prices that are fully equal to above reductions.

OUR WALL PAPER YEAR
Broke all records and our recent purchase for Spring will surpass any stock that has yet been brought to Allegheny. Every remaining bolt of paper must be cleared out of the way to make room for the new goods, and we believe these prices will do it quick:
Regular 5c and 8c Wall Papers for..... 2c
10c and 12½c Wall Papers now..... 5c
15c and 20c Gold Papers at..... 8c
25c and 30c Gold Papers for..... 15c
These prices will appeal to landlords and those having large houses, halls or churches needing papering.

HOW MUCH WILL YOU GIVE FOR THESE CLOAKS AND JACKETS?
THEY MUST LEAVE THIS STORE!
$20.00 Plush Capes reduced to..... $10.00
$15.00 Plush Capes reduced to..... $ 7.00
$15.00 Cloth Capes reduced to..... $ 7.50
$12.00 Cloth Capes reduced to..... $ 6.50
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$20.00 Ladies' Jackets reduced to.... $10.00
$15.00 Ladies' Jackets reduced to.... $ 7.50
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All the Furs at 50c on the Dollar.
Lot of Fascinators marked down from $1.00 to 60c; 50c Fascinators now 25c, and 25c kind for 15c.
There are more opportunities to save big money than we can tell of in this advertisement. If you will look at our show windows you can tell what to expect in the store.
G. J. SCHONDELMEYER & CO.
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Good for ONE DOLLAR'S WORTH of Green Trading Stamps (10) in addition to those you will receive with a 50c. purchase or over.
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Pay your bills by check—It's less trouble and saves time. A canceled check is the best receipt.
Checking accounts earn 2 per cent. interest. Savings accounts 4 per cent.
The Pennsylvania Trust Company of Pittsburgh, 410 Smithfield Street.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.
In effect January 1, 1903.
From Union Station, Pittsburgh.
(Eastern Standard Time)

FOR PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON.

Atlantic Express, daily	3:00 a. m.
Pennsylvania Limited, daily	7:15 a. m.
Day Express, daily	7:30 a. m.
Main Line Express, daily	8:00 a. m.
Harrisburg Mail, daily	12:45 p. m.
Harrisburg Express, daily	4:40 p. m.
Philadelphia Express, daily	4:50 p. m.
Eastern Express, daily	7:10 p. m.
Fast Line, daily	9:00 p. m.

Fast Line (second section), daily.
Sleeping cars to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. No coaches ..... 10:00 p. m.
"Pittsburgh Limited," daily, for New York only ..... 10:00 p. m.
The Pennsylvania Special, daily, for Philadelphia and New York.. 11:25 p. m.
Philadelphia Mail, Sundays only.. 8:40 a. m.
For Buffalo and Niagara Falls, 9:00 a. m. and 10:45 p. m. daily.
For Oil City, 6:15, 9:00 a. m., 1:30, 5:05 and 10:45 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m., 5:05 and 10:45 p. m.
For Titusville and Corry, 6:15, 9:00 a. m., and 10:45 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m., and 10:45 p. m.
For Titusville only, 1:30 p. m. week-days.
For Du Bois, 6:15, 9:00 a. m., 1:30 and 5:05 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m. and 5:05 p. m.
For Atlantic City (via Delaware River Bridge, all-rail route), 8:00 a. m. and 9:00 p. m. daily.
For Connellsville and Uniontown, 5:10, 8:25 a. m., 12:45 and 4:25 p. m. week-days.
For West Brownsville and Uniontown, 10:25 a. m. and 4:20 p. m. week-days. For Belle Vernon and West Brownsville, 6:05, 8:00, 10:25 a. m., 1:05, 4:20 and 6:25 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 8:55 a. m., 1:05, 5:00 and 11:55 p. m.
For West Elizabeth, Dravosburg and Monongahela City, 6:05, 8:00, 10:25 a. m., 1:05, 4:20, 5:25, 6:25 and 11:55 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 8:55 a. m., 1:05, 5:00 and 9:50 p. m. West Elizabeth and Dravosburg only, 5:20 p. m. week-days.

FROM ALLEGHENY CITY
For Butler, 6:35, 10:24, 10:38 a. m., 3:03 and 6:13 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 7:03 a. m., 9:33 p. m.

The Excelsior Baggage Express Company will call for and check Baggage from Hotels and Residences. Time Cards and full information can be obtained at the Ticket Offices—No. 360 Fifth avenue, corner Fourth avenue and Try street, and Union Station.
W. W. ATTERBURY, Pres. J. R. WOOD, General Manager. Gen'l Pass'r Agent.

BESSEMER & LAKE ERIE R. R.
Schedule in effect Nov. 23, 1902. Trains leave B. & O. depot, Allegheny (Eastern Standard time). For Erie, Girard, Conneaut, O., and Meadville, 7:30 a. m. and 3:15 p. m.; Greenville, Mercer, Grove City and Keister, 7:35 a. m., 1:15 p. m. and 3:15 p. m. All trains daily except Sunday.
E. D. COMSTOCK, G. P. A. Pittsburgh, Pa.

RAILROADS.

PITTSBURGH & LAKE ERIE R. R.
CLEVELAND SHORT LINE.
Schedule in effect November 23, 1902.

Central Time.	Depart.	Arrive.
Chi. & Cleveland "Flyer"	*7:00 am	†11:15 am
Youngst'n & Cleve'd Mail	* 8:25 am	† 5:10 pm
Buffalo & Erie Express	* 8:25 am	† 9:35 pm
Lake Chaut'qua Fast Line	*12:50 pm	† 6:30 pm
Buffalo & Erie Express	† 4:20 pm	† 6:05 am
Cleveland & Chicago Ex.	† 2:50 pm	† 1:00 pm
Boston Special	† 4:20 pm	† 6:05 am
Chi. & Cleveland "Flyer"	† 6:00 pm	†11:15 am
Buffalo & Cleveland Ex.	*10:30 pm	† 6:05 am
Clev'd & Youngst'n Accom.	† 8:25 am	† 5:00 pm
Beaver Falls Accom.	† 6:30 am	† 5:35 am
Beaver Falls Accom.	† 9:00 am	† 6:45 pm
Beaver Falls Accom.	†12:10 pm	† 9:30 am
Beaver Falls Accom.	† 3:30 pm	†12:30 pm
New Castle Express	† 4:20 pm	† 7:20 am
Beaver Valley Express	† 4:25 pm	† 4:15 pm
Fayette City Accom.	† 6:10 am	† 7:30 am
Fayette C. & N. Haven Ex	* 8:00 am	* 8:00 am
McKeesp't & Fayette City	*11:50 am	*12:40 pm
Fayette City & N. Haven	† 3:30 pm	† 4:30 pm
Fayette City Express	* 5:20 pm	* 5:40 pm

†On Sunday from Cleveland only.
P. C. & Y. trains for Carnegie, Beadling and Beechmont, 10:25 a. m., 110:15 a. m.
*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday.
‡Note—6:00 p. m. train on Sundays to Youngstown only.
City ticket office, 357 Fifth ave., Park Bldg.
J. B. YOHE, Gen. Supt. L. A. ROBISON, Gen. Pass. Agent. Pittsburgh, Pa.

RAILROADS.

Pittsburgh Union Station.
Pennsylvania Lines.
By Central Standard Time.

TRAINS—	LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Chicago and Cincinnati	* 1:10 am	* 1:45 pm
Indianapolis & St. Louis	* 1:10 am	* 1:45 pm
Ft. Wayne and Chicago	* 1:35 am	* 1:40 am
Tiffin and Toledo	* 1:35 am	* 1:40 am
Indianapolis & St. Louis	* 4:00 am	* 3:50 pm
Columbus & Cincinnati	* 4:20 am	*10:15 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire	† 5:20 am	† 8:35 am
Wellsville and Bellaire	† 5:20 am	† 7:10 pm
Alliance and Cleveland	† 5:20 am	† 3:10 pm
Alliance and Wooster	† 5:40 am	†11:30 pm
Jamest'n & Youngstown	† 6:50 am	† 1:20 pm
Ohio Valley Express	† 6:45 am	† 8:35 pm
Ft. Wayne & Chicago	† 7:00 am	† 5:30 pm
Ft. Wayne & Chicago	* 7:00 am	* 5:00 pm
Tiffin and Toledo	† 7:00 am	† 5:30 pm
Wellsville and Wheeling	† 7:30 am	† 4:55 pm
East Liverpool & Bellaire	† 7:30 am	† 7:10 pm
Cleveland Fast Line	† 8:40 am	† 3:10 pm
Columbus & Cincinnati	* 8:00 am	* 5:40 pm
Erie, Mercer & Oil City	† 8:05 am	†10:55 am
N. Castle & Jamestown	* 8:05 am	* 5:50 pm
Youngstown & Ashtabula	* 9:05 am	* 5:50 pm
Youngstown & Ashtabula	* 5:05 pm	†10:55 am
Columbus and Chicago	*12:25 pm	* 3:30 pm
Youngstown & Jamest'n	†12:40 pm	* 8:20 am
N. Castle & Ashtabula	†12:40 pm	* 8:50 pm
Alliance and Cleveland	† 1:25 pm	† 7:10 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire	† 1:25 pm	† 7:10 pm
Alliance and Crestline	* 1:35 pm	*12:50 pm
New Castle and Erie	† 4:35 pm	† 8:30 pm
Youngstown and Niles	* 4:35 pm	* 8:50 pm
Mercer and Oil City	† 4:35 pm	† 8:30 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire	† 4:50 pm	† 7:20 pm
Cleveland Special	* 5:00 pm	*11:30 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire	† 5:10 pm	† 9:10 am
N. Castle & Jamestown	† 5:40 pm	† 9:00 am
Chicago Special	* 6:30 pm	* 7:45 am
Chicago Limited	* 8:15 pm	* 6:00 am
Columbus & Cincinnati	* 8:15 am	* 5:55 am
Indianapolis & St. Louis	* 8:15 pm	* 8:30 pm
Tiffin, Louisville & St. L.	* 8:15 pm	* 9:20 am
Toledo and Detroit	* 8:15 pm	* 5:50 am
Penna. Special (Chicago)	*10:10 pm	*10:20 pm
Beaver Falls & N. Castle	†10:20 pm	† 8:30 pm
Alliance & Cleveland	†10:30 pm	† 5:40 am

Leave for Washington, Pa., 10:00 am, 4:30 pm, 9:00 pm, 10:45 pm, 11:40 pm, 12:10 pm, 4:10 pm, 5:15 pm, 5:30 pm, 10:30 pm, 11:30 pm.
Leave for Wheeling: 10:45 am, *8:20 am, 11:50 am, 12:55 pm, *6:15 pm.
Leave for Steubenville, *5:40 am, 10:25 am, 12:35 pm, 4:15 pm, †10:55 pm, 11:55 pm.
Leave for Bellaire, *5:40 am, 10:25 am.
Leave Allegheny for Salem and Alliance, *8:35 pm.
*Every day. †Week-days only. ‡Sundays only.
Time tables, tickets and sleeping car space may be obtained at 360 Fifth avenue, corner Smithfield street, at Union Station, Pittsburgh, and at Fort Wayne Station, Allegheny.
O. L. PECK, Gen. Mgr. J. A. POWD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

J. A. Wallace is the author of the song "My Old Virginia Home," which will be given free with next Sunday's Gazette.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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The Pittsburgh Gazette receives the full report of the Associated Press every day of the week, as well as the special telegraph and cable service of the New York Herald.

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Anyone unable to purchase a copy of the Pittsburgh Gazette on trains or at news stands will confer a favor by reporting the same to this office.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 16, 1903.

FOURTEEN PAGES.

How "graft" followed the election of a "personal platform" candidate for mayor in Minneapolis is told on page nine of today's Gazette. It should be read by every voter.

To those persons who have been loudly proclaiming that the personal pledges of candidates rise superior to convention platforms the letter of John C. Haymaker must appeal strongly. It is the utterance of a man of recognized courage and probity; it is a specific platform of principles bearing on its face proof of the high character of the man who wrote it and his thorough understanding of the duties of the position for which he has been nominated.

Touching the much discussed preamble to the platform, indorsing Republican administration, Mr. Haymaker illustrates his ability to perceive the truth. That indorsement, he says, is one about which good citizens may honestly differ, but what all are chiefly concerned about is to secure a clean, vigorous administration FOR THE NEXT THREE YEARS. That is the crux of the whole matter. The administrations during the past 14 years have written their records, which cannot be altered, but the administration for the next three years has yet to affect vitally the life of the city. As to what that administration will be, if Mr. Haymaker is elected recorder, no one who knows the man can doubt. What that administration will be if Hays shall be elected can be best judged by the methods employed in making him the candidate of one man in the face of vigorous protests voiced by every newspaper in Pittsburgh.

Every voter should read carefully this letter of John C. Haymaker, for it is full of meat. It must be read in the light thrown upon the writer by his record as a public official. He has always been true to his word and true to his public trust. When he says he will not be dictated to by any man or set of men he means every word of it. When he says he will use every power vested in the office of recorder to have clean, honest, progressive government, it is a pledge guaranteed by a record of that kind of performance of public duty. When he declares for the taxation of public franchises, the improvement of the water system, the reform of abuses in the police magistrates courts and of the delinquent tax collector's office, he is speaking with full knowledge of the facts and the means for securing better conditions. When he promises a routing of the gamblers, the gamblers know his severity well enough to tremble and seek service in the camp of the new boss with the political payroll.

Mr. Haymaker's letter thus joins the issue squarely with the Hays personal platform. Can any one hesitate to choose between these personal pronouncements which one really means good government? Can any one doubt the superior courage, ability and independence of Haymaker? But in addition to this vigorous personal letter there is back of Mr. Haymaker a party platform pledging the political organization, the party's members of councils and the party's membership to support their candidate in effecting the reforms he specifies. As The Gazette has said before, these party pledges are a tremendous factor in the situation. They mean more or less according to the character of the man named to enforce them. Mr. Haymaker's character and his personal letter give the measure of their significance, and that measure is entirely satisfactory. It is incomparably better than the measure afforded by Hays and the influences which control him now and which will control him in the office of recorder if he should happen to be elected.

German legislators continue to agitate measures aimed at American industrial supremacy, and in their debates they make no secret of their dread of American power. Wednesday this hostility took the form of a bill to increase the tariff upon American refined petroleum, which was voted in the face of wise counsel to the contrary. Yesterday it appeared in a proposition by Baron Heyl zu Herrnsheim to have the government denounce the "most favored nation" treaties, especially with America. Herr Bernstein, Socialist, pointed out that such action would react to the injury of Germany, but an agrarian member declared the United States is more interested in maintaining trade relations than Germany. As a matter of fact the United States buys comparatively little from Germany and we believe can find markets elsewhere for all products that Germany is not compelled to buy from us regardless of duties. Germany is not a self-supporting nation. The United States has plenty for its own people and to spare and goes abroad only for luxuries.

It would be difficult to conceive a more cowardly murderous assault than that made by James K. Tillman upon Gonzales, the editor of the Columbia State. No matter what the provocation, the act was as cowardly as it was criminal. Because it was perpetrated by the lieutenant governor of the state adds infamy to it, and it is not surprising that a mob was soon clamoring for the life of the official dastard. It is stated in the dispatches that after the shooting the assassin said: "I got your message;" and the suggestion is made that justification might be found in the indicated epistle. There can be no justification for such an act. Tillman is known as a man of violent temper and ill-breeding. He has simply followed the dictates of a craven soul, shot a man in cold blood, and if there is any justice in South Carolina it will be exemplified in the hanging of a notorious murderer. There should be no question of consideration on account of his distinguished pitchfork relative, either, whose fire-eating proclivities have disgraced the United States senate.

There is a hope of relief from one of the unfavorable conditions of life in Pittsburgh in the incorporation of the Tenement Improvement Company. It is the purpose of this corporation to begin with the erection of one model tenement, in a district to be selected, preferably in the most squalid slums. This structure, of course, can only accommodate a very small fraction of the denizens of the slums. Its influence will be more educative than by actual relief, though the work of construction may be extended at any time to increase actual benefits. Much serious study has been given to the tenement house problem in cities during late years and much good has been accomplished. A vigorous impulse was given the movement in New York by the investigations and publications of Jacob Riis. It is susceptible of proof that life in the slums inculcates criminal tendencies in the young, and also that the proverbial ounce of prevention is not only better than the pound of cure but cheaper. The punishment of crime is highly expensive. Reform of the criminal is rare. The prevention of crime, however, by attention to the human derelicts in their formative period is possible and practical. The Tenement Improvement Company will address itself to one branch of this work on a business basis.

A MISGUIDED REFORMER.

We sincerely regret that David D. Bruce, who presided at the town meeting which started the Citizens movement, has come out in support of Hays, and expresses his willingness to trust him on the ground that he "was an active fighter in the Municipal league of 1895-1896." Mr. Bruce's sincerity and devotion to reform are not open to doubt, but the tone of his letter indicates that he is actuated by blind prejudice and old hatreds. That his judgment is liable to be at fault has been well known, and a conspicuous proof of it was that he was chiefly instrumental in fastening upon the city the contract with the Monongahela Water Company, from which the South Side has suffered for so many years. Nobody questioned his motives, but he was certainly badly fooled.

In this instance it is well known Mr. Bruce was opposed to Hays when he was nominated, and freely advised his friends not to support him. In fact, he went so far as to tell them to support, in preference, any respectable man the Republicans might nominate. We can only conclude that in his old age he allowed himself to be carried away by personal animosities. His letter is full of special pleading. Thus he refers to attacks upon Hays on account of his business reverses. We know of no attack upon that ground. Mr. Bruce well knows the public objection—and his own for that matter—to Hays as a candidate is far deeper seated than that.

There is no lack of instances of how reformers in their hostility to an old ring have been used to set up a new and worse ring. There is a natural opposition to every old party organization consisting of men fighting for recognition or who are aggrieved because they have not fared as well as others in the division of spoils, and this refuse is quick to load itself upon any reform movement endeavoring to get control of its organization and to make use of its credit to their own advantage. Hence it is that the most rapacious rings that have ever fastened upon American cities began their careers under cover of reform movements. A notorious instance of this is the Tweed ring of New York city. Tweed started in as a reformer and even the New York Tribune was for a time fooled into regarding him as such. Tweed was then known simply as "a good fellow," with coarse tastes and low associations, but prominent reformers vouched for him on the score that he had stood up for reform and fought the city ring, and thus Tweed got into office under a new charter that greatly increased the power of the executive department. Everybody knows what followed.

After the Tweed ring had stolen millions from the city and had been thoroughly exposed, some of the reformers who had helped to put it in power felt the need of publicly apologizing for their conduct. We think, however, that David D. Bruce will be spared a similar humiliation, as the voters are too intelligent to elect to office a man who so plainly represents an attempt to re-establish ring rule under a new boss and whose personal unfitness is notorious.

A NATION RICH IN MEN.

Not a few men have been mentioned for the succession to Associate Justice Shiras of the supreme court of the United States, and one of the things that must give keen pleasure to all citizens is the conspicuous fitness of every man whose name has been suggested. The two Ohio men who have been under the public eye in connection with the appointment have rendered patriotic service to their country in high administrative positions. One left the bench of a United States court to take the position he now holds in the Philippines, from which the president asked him to step to a seat in the highest court of the land. The other after having served his country at the head of its department of state at a time when our relations with foreign nations were complicated and rendered extremely delicate by their prejudice in favor of Spain is now on the bench of a United States circuit court.

To the first the promotion to the supreme bench was offered, and after signifying his acceptance he was constrained to reconsider and decline the honor by a high sense of duty to the people over whose destinies he now presides, a duty pressed home by their earnest pleas that he remain with them as their guide and friend. The popular demonstration at Manila that led him to refuse the life place on the supreme bench of the United States is in itself evidence of the strongest sort that he is possessed of qualities that earnestly fit him to succeed the citizen of Pittsburgh who is about to retire. Judicial, as well as administrative, abilities of a high order are required in the position he so acceptably fills, and that he has shown such qualities appears no less in the confidence shown in him by the Filipinos than in the official records. As for the other Ohio man who is said to have been now asked to step up to membership in the highest court, his sterling qualities have been also proven in a position of greatest trial, where a false step would have involved the gravest consequences for his country. With a clear head and a firm hand and singleness of purpose he gave cause for complaint at no point in our relations with foreign powers, while yielding at no point any right of the United States, and pressing at all points for recognition of its rights and winning such recognition.

Rich in resources of all kinds as is the United States, it is richest in its resources of men of high character and attainments, fitted for any post of duty to which they may be called. With two such men as Judge Taft and Judge Day the president is not restricted to them in making a choice for a place that demands so much as does an associate justiceship of the supreme court of the United States. In the president's cabinet are at least two in every sense the peers of Taft and Day, and they have been spoken of, too, for the high judicial place. In Philander C. Knox, attorney general, and in Elihu Root, secretary of war, the president has advisers who would dignify any post of responsibility and trust. Either would wear the ermine with honor and credit to self and nation. A free democracy is happy in the possession of sons like these, the ripe products of its institutions. They are types of many yet in the background.

The member of the Pennsylvania supreme court who has the indorsement of governing influences of this commonwealth was a lawyer whose reputation extended far beyond the boundaries of his state when, after repeated urging, he consented to take a place on the bench. The law was always his field, and, were it willed that he should succeed the Pennsylvanian who is so soon to go into honorable retirement, the great tribunal of the nation would have a member worthy of its traditions and of the learning, character and ability that has made it notable. It is not a difficult matter in the United States to find a man worthy of this great place. President Roosevelt has at his command a wealth of material in the judiciary and in the courts of the states and of the United States and in public and private life. The great difficulty he encounters in making appointments to high offices is in choosing among so many who are conspicuously fit. In choosing Judge Taft he chose well; if he has now chosen Judge Day, he has chosen well; if it be necessary to seek further, he will not be embarrassed to find a man of the right sort—true to the core.

"FAIRLY AND CANDIDLY."

The Gazette asks the Post "fairly and candidly" to give its reasons for supporting Mr. Hays for recorder after having opposed his nomination by the Citizens and the Democrats.—Post.

We didn't do anything of the kind. We do not care to know. That is a matter the Post can settle with itself. These are the questions we asked and which in our turn we asked the Post to meet "fairly and candidly:"

Do the personal pledges of a candidate bind anyone but himself, and is there in existence any party pledge or obligation that prohibits "the weak and corrupted Democrats" from doing hereafter as they have before?

Is the Mr. Hays whose election it is supporting the same Mr. Hays of whom it said on December 31: "There is nothing in Mr. Hays' personality or record to even suggest he will be a resisting force?"

Is Mr. Hays personally fit to be elected recorder?

One has only to turn to the files of The Gazette for the time during which that journal was playing independent and following the fortunes of the Citizens' party to obtain a complete index to that splendid record, to the corruption, the jobbery, the waste, the favoritism, the exploitation of contracts and public franchises for the benefit of the ruling clique, and the general demoralization, thereby entailed upon our government.—The Leader.

Thanks. And The Gazette is still at it, attacking ring rule under whatever disguise it may assume. What The Gazette seeks is reform and not a change of bosses. The Leader may give in to Boss Bigelow, but The Gazette is not a quitter.

The secret of Flinn's success and power is that he worked his plans and governed the city through his underlings—through his machine, as it is better understood, thus escaping official and direct personal responsibility.—The Post.

Yes, and that is Bigelow's game now and the Post is helping him to play it. The Flinn machine is a thing of the past; the Bigelow machine is the danger of the present. This is the issue of the present campaign, as the Post itself declared December 29, when it implored the Democratic convention not to indorse Hays: "Is the old machine to be replaced by a new machine and the detested boss system to be given a new lease of power?"

Lord Rosebery declared when a young man that he had three ambitions: To marry a Rothschild, be England's premier and win the Derby race. The ambitious Englishman achieved all three of these things and still finds that life has even a greater boon to confer. He is going to marry an American woman of Kentucky stock.

That Indiana judge who has confessed to having sold the gifts within his power and sent in his resignation must have had an unusually severe attack of conscience.

Philadelphia nominated its candidate for mayor yesterday, and as the North American is not supporting him it is thought his election will be well nigh unanimous.

Senator Platt is no doubt pretty confident that he can pick the man who will be nominated by the New York senatorial caucus next week.

Chicago is going to get some fun out of the coal famine. Windy City Euchre clubs are offering a ton of coal as prizes.

The trouble with the Post's views on the local situation seems to be that they won't stand without being hitched.

Canada is invited to come and spend a short time with us and bring her coal hod with her.

Ohio may as well give herself up to an indefinite infliction of the Tom Johnsonites.

Germany and the Canal.

From the Buffalo Express.

If it is true that a German syndicate has made a proposition to buy the Panama canal in case the United States does not take it, that is proof that the United States made no mistake in deciding to buy the Panama. There is no need for alarm lest the property should slip away now, though the appearance of a rival in the field may make it necessary to concede better terms to Colombia than had been intended, in order to hurry matters a little.

Even if the canal should pass into the hands of the Germans, that would be no more serious than its possession by the French. Perhaps the worst feature would be that a German syndicate would be no more likely to raise enough money to build the canal than the French syndicate and, instead of a canal, there would be another failure. It is not likely that the canal ever can be made to pay as an investment. It will pay in a national sense by its general benefits to commerce.

The United States, under the Monroe doctrine, could not permit a European government to take the canal. That is why it is wiser not to leave it in the hands of any foreign syndicate now. A little pressure would seem to be in order to arouse Colombia to an appreciation of the fact that trifling has gone far enough.

The Ready Revolver.

From the St. Louis Republic.

As a matter of fact, the carrying of weapons is half the crime of murder, and the very essence of lesser killings. Death is not apt to result when the incensed person is put to the necessity of going out in search of a weapon. With a handy tool purpose springs instantly to the mind—the weapon suggests, prompts the crime. To the intoxicated mind the weapon means opportunity. The hand itches for the handle, the finger for the trigger. The gun emboldens, makes brash. Analyzed, the causes of most killings in cities lie in the practice of carrying concealed weapons.

The Father of Trusts.

From the Volga (S. D.) Tribune.

"Really, little was known about trusts," says the Clinton Age, "before farmers formed granges and established stores. The movement brought forth great results." Then the farmer must be the father of trusts. We have heard much about the tariff being their mother and now that the sire has been located the trusts can look the world square in the eye—they have honest parents.

MOUSING CONTEST RAISES A STORM

Stamford Cat Club's Proposed Entertainment Likely to Be Prevented.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Herald Building, Herald Square,
NEW YORK, Jan. 15.

Whether it is cruel to set cats to killing mice is the question which is warmly discussed at hundreds of afternoon teas, in the home circle, and even in hotel lobbies and cafes. Certain prominent women of Stamford, Conn., who are members of the Cat club, wish to give an entertainment which shall have for its main feature a mouse-killing tournament by prize cats. There does not appear to be any difference between the intended mousing melee and a regular rat-killing performance by terriers. The mice will be set running in an inclosed space and the cats will go after them and dispose of as many as possible in a given time. President Haines of the S. P. C. A. of New York declares that such a proceeding would be illegal cruelty, and says he will co-operate with the humane society of Stamford in preventing the slaughter or in prosecuting the women under whose auspices it will be held if it is held at all. The mayor of Stamford has said that he will prevent it. Now comes Homer S. Cummings, husband of the president of the Cat club, who also is a lawyer, and says that under an old law any animal which is looked upon in the light of a pest should be killed. If the decision is left to feminine judgment there is not much doubt that the mice will have to take their chances with the cats. Where is the woman that does not regard a mouse as a pest? There may be some women who like mice, but the majority in New York, Pittsburgh or any other civilized community not only do not like mice but are positively afraid of them. This is a self-evident proposition. The mouse-killing contest is set for next Tuesday, January 20, and there are few women in Stamford who will say that it is not likely to come off according to schedule. President Haines says it would be brutal, barbarous, and must be prevented. Very well, then. It is President Haines against a score or two of determined women who love cats and dislike mice, and the odds are two to one on the women.

Anxiety for the St. Louis.

Although no one has any real fear today that the St. Louis would not be heard from before long, there was much excitement around the pier of the American line at the North river. Friends of passengers on board were anxious to hear news of the ship, and kept the officials busy assuring them that the delay did not mean danger. Another crowd visited the offices of the International Navigation Company, No. 73 Broadway, with similar questions. The people at the Broadway offices were friends of cabin passengers, while those at the pier were interested principally in steerage passengers. The anxiety was alike in both cases, however. Human nature is the same, whether one travels in a low deck-bunk forward or in a luxurious deck cabin amidships.

Tenants Refuse to Pay.

Tenants in many apartment houses are testing the legality of not paying rent because their landlords fail to furnish steam heat as required by their leases. The landlords say they cannot do impossibilities. The tenants say they will not pay rent nor will they get out. One landlord, Morris Isaacs, who owns apartment houses in Third avenue up town, has taken the matter into court and will have a hearing on Monday. His tenants think they have a good case. If they have, it will mean trouble for many other landlords in the city.

Called at Gazette Bureau.

Frank R. Ness, who is essentially a Pittsburgher, although his home at present is in Rochester, Pa., was a caller at The Gazette bureau today.

Stables Replaced by Dwellings.

The time when New Yorkers could reserve whole blocks in the Fifth avenue district up town for stables seems to be passing. Property in the Fifties along Fifth avenue is too valuable to be given up to horses and carriages. Dwelling houses of luxurious type are going up, most of them having "automobile rooms" in the basement. There are not so many horses used by rich men now as there were a few years ago, automobiles taking their places, which is one reason that there are fewer private stables here than there used to be. The old Langham hotel at the corner of Fifty-second street and Fifth avenue, stables and all, is about to disappear, and a magnificent block of residences will occupy the site.

Warning Came Too Late.

When a pool room in the Tenderloin was raided recently the telephone bell in the place rang. Inspector Walsh answered the call and received warning that a raid was intended. The warning came too late, but the inspector could not identify the voice. Today District Attorney Jerome said he had found out who the tipster was, and there will be another police sensation.

Morgan on the Stand.

When J. Pierpont Morgan took the stand before the interstate commerce commission this afternoon he looked about the room as if the experience rather amused him. He answered readily all questions. Lawyers say that he is an excellent witness because he always gives a straightforward response to questions and is always clear and explicit. There is no hesitation in his answer. He answers so rapidly that the examining counsel has to keep on the alert or his witness will get away from him altogether. There was some question this morning whether Mr. Morgan would respond to the subpoena because the service of the paper had not been accompanied by the $1 50 required by law. One attorney suggested that perhaps Mr. Morgan "needed the money" and would not come until he got it. J. Pierpont smiled grimly when some one mentioned the incident to him later.

Mayor Johnson in New York.

A jolly, stout man, whose clothes, while of good quality, were made more for comfort than style, strolled about the corridors of the Waldorf-Astoria tonight exchanging brief but hearty greetings with dozens of people. He seemed to be quite at home in the great hotel and everyone appeared to know him either by sight or to speak to him. He was the incarnation of good humor. His voice was round and full and often punctuated by peals of laughter. No; it was not Senator Hanna. It was that other Clevelander who is mayor of his city—Tom Johnson. He is in New York waiting to be called as a witness in a railroad suit brought by his late brother, Albert L. Johnson.

Theft of Coal Excused.

The coal situation is likely to establish many queer precedents in law in this part of the country. A magistrate in Long Island City proclaimed from the bench today that he would not punish persons brought before him for stealing coal from cars if it could be shown to his satisfaction that coal operators are storing the coal in the hope of getting higher prices.

Rush Is Less Strenuous.

With the promise that the "L" will run trains all day on the "rush hour" schedule and with trains already made up of six cars each, conditions are pleasanter than they were a few weeks ago. In the "rush hour" there is a good chance of one's being obliged to stand between Harlem and downtown, but there is not so much squeezing as there was. The longer trains are to be thanked for this. Throughout the day a ride on the Sixth or Ninth avenue divisions is not uncomfortable, while even on the East Side things are not so bad as they were. The Metropolitan company and the Brooklyn rapid transit intimates that it will try to improve its service as soon as possible, so that travel in Greater New York is not so painful as formerly. Whether the improvements will continue is another question. Public clamor has brought about the reforms and when the clamor subsides the companies may go back to old methods. But not if the Merchants' association can help it; be sure of that.

Majestic Opening Delayed.

There was considerable disappointment tonight when it was announced that the new Majestic theater would not be opened this evening as advertised. It is all Julian Mitchell's fault. He is rehearsing "The Wizard of Oz" and he thinks it will not be perfect for several days, so, at his request the opening of the theater has been put off to next Tuesday evening. The army of first nighters had made up their minds for a jollification at the new house tonight. But they had to distribute themselves among the other musical comedies in town, dip into drama, tragedy or melodrama, or stay at home. And if there is anything your hardened New York first-nighter hates it is to stay at home in the evening in the theater season.

Profit by Contract.

The "bal poudre" is a popular form of social entertainment this winter. Young women think that the contrast between their fresh faces and the powdered wig is fascinating. The young women are right, according to the expressed opinion of the young men; so there you are. There was an elaborate "bal poudre" this evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Charles T. Barney, prominent society people, at their home in Park avenue, when a spacious new ball room was used for the first time.

Skating Is Popular.

Skating has the call among amusements for young folk in New York. The ball has been up at all the parks for a week and more and the ponds are covered with skaters every evening until the police drive them off at the regular closing hour. With hard, thick ice and full moonlight the conditions have been perfect for skating this week.

An Over-Sensitive Contractor.

A Brooklyn contractor was so worried by the fear that he would not be able to complete work on three public school buildings in contract time that he took a short way out of his troubles today by cutting his throat. He died immediately. The cold weather had interfered with the work and this sensitive contractor could not face the world unless he could keep his word as to the time he had said he would finish the job. The lesson suggested by this tragedy might be taken up by many men in business, stopping short of the throat-cutting denouement, of course.

Don't Know When to Stop.

Phenacetin is a drug which has come much into use in New York of late as a remedy for headache. It is said that the normal retail profit on it is 100 per cent to the druggist who sells it over the counter. This fact has aroused the ire of Dr. Lederle, president of the board of health, over the discovery that 315 druggists in Greater New York have been adulterating the article. There may be more offenders than these, but the 315 have been detected. Out of 373 powders analyzed by the health department only 58 were found to be chemically pure. The others were adulterated with sugar, starch and other substances. Dr. Lederle threatens wholesale prosecution of druggists who were not satisfied with their legal profit of 100 per cent. He thinks that if anything in common use should be pure that something is drugs.

Windy Corners in Two Big Towns.

In every city there are street corners where on a breezy day the winds seem to be a hundred times as powerful as elsewhere. In Pittsburgh there are the Grant street corner of the court house, the corner of Sixth street and Duquesne way, the corner of Frankstown avenue and Penn avenue, in front of the drug store at the apex of the triangle, and several other spots. In New York there are Printing House square, Forty-second street and Broadway, the Plaza at Fifty-ninth street and Fifth avenue and half a dozen spots in Harlem. But the windiest corner in Greater New York has acquired its full force only in the last few months. It is at the point of the great Fuller building at Fifth avenue, Broadway and Twenty-third street, generally known as the "Flatiron." This structure seems to have brought into being a lot of air currents of its own and the policeman on the corner tells weird tales of the way he picks people up and dashes them at will along either Broadway or Fifth avenue as it may happen. He says he has to hold onto women by main strength to prevent their blowing away, every day, and that he has seen them carried up in the air as high as the second story many times. Allowing a little for the officer's exaggeration it is a truth which anyone may prove that the wind is perpetually blowing great guns at that point, even when it is almost still elsewhere.

Champagne Becoming Popular.

The fact that champagne is consumed more largely in the United States year by year is substantiated by a statement made by one of the prominent champagne concerns of this city. Its importations of their extra dry brand last year was 125,719 cases. As each case contains 12 quart bottles it will be seen that 1,508,628 quarts of this firm's wine was used in this country last year. It is stated that these figures represent one-third of the champagne imported in 1902, which is a record for 12 months. GEORGE C. JENKS.

Pittsburghers in New York.

The following Pittsburghers are registered at the New York hotels today:

WALDORF-ASTORIA.
H. P. Goff. W. K. Osborn.
W. S. Horner. Mrs. C. Strauss.
T. W. Smith. Mrs. L. E. Sterling.
F. J. Crump. J. A. Perley.

VENDOME.
F. Malley. Miss A. Malley.

NORMANDIE.
S. E. Young.

HERALD SQUARE.
C. Brechelmer.

IMPERIAL.
C. S. Miller. W. S. Delzell.
A. Kingsbacher. W. C. Lloyd.
W. Rosenbaum.

GRAND.
O. S. Richardson.

HOLLAND.
F. B. Smith. E. Kerr.
Miss A. M. Moreland. C. Dreifuss.
Miss C. V. Lawton.

GILSEY.
H. B. Wilson. Mrs. H. B. Wilson.

EARLINGTON.
C. A. Flack. G. Garber.

VICTORIA.
G. A. Kerr.

HOFFMAN.
G. N. Riley.

FIFTH AVENUE.
T. K. Bay. Mrs. A. E. W. Painter
J. Riley. and maid.
H. Saylor.

CONTINENTAL.
N. B. Cohen.

BROADWAY CENTRAL.
L. G. Eggers. I. Hoersheim.

ASTOR.
H. C. Campbell. J. A. Dubber.

Elected New Members.

The Board of Managers of the Pennsylvania chapter, Sons of the American Revolution, met yesterday at the Union Trust Co.'s offices. New members were elected as follows: James C. Miller, Coal Valley, Pa.; Frederick W. Miller, Esq., Pittsburgh; Rev. Allen D. Carlisle, Pittsburgh; Mark D. Daggette, Ingram, Pa.; Robert Wray, Pittsburgh; Robert W. Jackson, New Castle, Pa.; John R. Locke, New Castle, Pa.; Joseph C. Stough, Allentown, Pa., and Clair T. Carson, New Castle, Pa.

Penney Buys Farm for Yards.

In its plans for larger yards for the Pittsburgh, Virginia & Charleston the Pennsylvania has just closed the purchase of the Moses Thompson farm of 113 acres in Washington county near Eiben station. Mrs. Eliza Thompson was the owner and the price paid was $115,000. Of this farm 20 acres is bottom land along the tracks of the division and the river. The site is well suited for the purpose.

PERSONALS

The ex-Resident's' association of the West Penn hospital, composed of physicians, who have been internes at that institution, held its second annual smoker last evening at the Henry. Music and refreshments made the evening merry. About 50 were present. The officers of the association are: Dr. J. W. Macfarlane, president; C. L. Hazzard, first vice president; E. Montgomery, second vice president; E. B. Haworth, treasurer; E. E. Stieren, secretary, and L. W. Swope, librarian.

The agency force of the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company was entertained at a dinner yesterday in the Hotel Duquesne. Col. Jacob L. Greene of Hartford, Conn., president of the company, presided. Among those present were the superintendent of agencies, John L. Bunce of Hartford, Chester Buck of Harrisburg, and C. E. Brinkerhoff of Altoona. After the dinner a reception in honor of Col. Greene was held in the Hotel Henry.

"I had a little spare time and dropped into Pittsburgh to see some of my old-time friends. I am sorry that I cannot stop over longer, but important business calls me to Philadelphia." The speaker was Charles G. Andrews, a brother of ex-State Senator W. H. Andrews. "There is no politics connected with my visit, it being simply one of short pleasure, stolen from my business." Mr. Andrews went to Philadelphia on the 4.50 p. m. train.

R. Fideau, manager of the export edition of the Scientific American, is staying at the Hotel Griswold, this city. He came from New York a few days ago, and will remain here about three months. Mr. Fideau said last night that as Pittsburgh had developed into the largest manufacturing city in the world, his magazine would devote considerable attention to the city.

R. D. Layton, immigrant inspector at Pittsburgh, who has been ordered to report to New York for duty, the local office being abolished, went to New York last evening. His present trip is only temporary, as he will return to Pittsburgh before closing the office here.

The quarterly meeting of a large endurance association among members of the Masonic fraternity in this city was held last evening at the Henry. About 100 were present.

THE DEATH ROLL.

Mrs. S. P. Piper.

Susan Piper, 61 years old, wife of S. P. Piper, died yesterday morning at the family residence, 121 Fourth avenue, Homestead, after an illness of three weeks of pneumonia. Mrs. Piper was a well-known resident of Homestead, having lived there for the past 29 years. Mrs. Piper was born in Westmoreland county, her maiden name being Susan Miller. She married S. P. Piper in 1867, at Harrison City, that county, where the couple lived for several years prior to moving to Allegheny county, from where they moved to Homestead in 1882. Mr. Piper for many years was a leading contractor in Homestead. She is survived by her husband and four children: Thomas H., Charles K., John F. and Miss Mary Piper, all of Homestead. Mrs. Piper was a life-long member of the Methodist Episcopal church. Funeral services will be held at the home at 2 o'clock Sunday afternoon. Interment will be in Homestead cemetery.

Mrs. Matilda Goodwin.

Mrs. Matilda Goodwin, one of the oldest residents of Brooklyn, died at midnight yesterday at her home there. She was 74 years old, and while she moved in this city, where she had visited on numerous occasions. Mrs. Goodwin was the widow of John Goodwin, a prominent marble dealer and contractor. She was connected with the Fownes family of Homewood, this city, members of the well known manufacturing and banking concerns, and former owners of the Carrie blast furnaces at Rankin, and was also closely related to the family of John Oakley of North Braddock, and of the late Samuel G. Fairley of Edgewood, formerly chief clerk of the Carrie blast furnaces at Rankin. One son survives, John F. Goodwin, who has many business and social friends in this city and vicinity.

Mrs. Eliza Oliver Nichols.

Mrs. Eliza Oliver Nichols, widow of James Nichols, a former pioneer merchant of Pittsburgh, who died a quarter of a century ago, died early yesterday morning at the home of a sister, No. 137 Fourth street, Rankin. She was in her 80th year, and had been suffering for two months with a heavy cold and liver trouble. She was born near Londonderry, Ireland, and came to this city when 18 years old. Her husband was one of the leading merchants of his time in Pittsburgh, and kept a large grocery store in Liberty street. Mrs. Nichols was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church of Rankin. Funeral services will be held at 2 o'clock this afternoon at her late residence, and the interment will be made in the Uniondale cemetery, Allegheny.

Mrs. Agnes Elizabeth McKee.

Mrs. Agnes Elizabeth McKee, widow of Geo. Y. McKee, for many years county commissioner, died at the home of her son, Charles H. McKee, No. 5454 Stanton avenue, early yesterday morning. The cause of her death was pneumonia. She was in her 77st year. Mrs. McKee was a Johnston and a native of Allegheny county. One brother, Josiah E. Johnston of Pittsburgh, survives. She was married in 1852 to Mr. McKee, who died in December, 1899. Two of the family are living. They are Charles H. McKee of the law firm of Lyons, McKee & Mitchell, and Louisa C., wife of Dr. R. Morrison of Oakdale. She was a member of the Sixth United Presbyterian church. The funeral services will be conducted at her late home tomorrow afternoon.

Mrs. Benjamin Price.

Mrs. Minnie B. Price, aged 18 years, died Wednesday night at her home, No. 224 Sixth avenue, Homestead, after an illness of two weeks from typhoid fever. She was the wife of Benjamin Price and had only been married four weeks.

Miss Minnie J. McConnell.

Miss Minnie J. McConnell, only daughter of Joseph McConnell, a well-known coal operator, died yesterday at the home of her brother, William G. McConnell, in Steuben street, Crafton. She is survived by her father and her brother.

Obituary Notes.

Henry Bates, Sr., a prominent retired wholesale druggist of Philadelphia, died yesterday, aged 83.

James McMurray of Lawrence county died yesterday, at his home in Shenango township, aged 73.

Mrs. Caroline Churchill Miller, wife of Former United States Senator Warner Miller, died in New York yesterday.

Henry Pogue, secretary and treasurer of the H. & S. Pogue Drygoods Company, died last evening at Cincinnati. He was very wealthy.

Mrs. Susanna Shaffner Lange, 90 years old, widow of Dr. A. Lange, died last evening at her home, No. 325 North Euclid avenue, East End.

Mrs. Jenette Rawlston is dead at her home in Moon township, Beaver county, aged 68. She belonged to one of the pioneer families of Beaver county.

Mrs. Annie Scarborough, wife of Nevin Scarborough, is dead at the family home in Corey avenue, Braddock. The remains will be interred at Baltimore.

Mrs. Eleanora Lynch, 64 years old, widow of Alderman Edward Lynch, is dead at her home, No. 2104 Webster avenue. One son and five daughters survive.

Philip Walter, 79 years old, is dead at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Logan E. Norris, in Turtentum. Mr. Walter is survived by his widow and children.

J. C. Stansfield, of Paliston, Pa., died at the Beaver Valley hospital yesterday of typhoid fever. He was 65 years old and was assistant manager of the hospital.

Edward S. Hedges, 40 years old, a son of Mrs. Fannie E. Hedges of No. 500 South Highland avenue, East End, is dead at his home in New York. He was a former horse dealer in Pittsburgh and Lexington, Ky.

Mrs. Clara B. Halderman, widow of Harry Halderman, a former resident of Pittsburgh, died yesterday morning at the home of her sister, Mrs. Thomas Smith, in Fayette City. Funeral services will be held tomorrow afternoon and interment will be in Fayette City.

Robert Poole, president of the Robert Poole & Son Company, iron founders, is dead at his home in Baltimore, aged 75. Among the larger engineering feats accomplished by the company of which Mr. Poole was head was the erection of the dome of the national capitol at Washington.

POLITICAL DRIFT.

In factional controversy the St. Louis Globe-Democrat (Rep.) sees the cause of Republican failure in Missouri. It says: "Missouri Republicanism has long been handicapped by certain members of the party whose chief object is to get hold of federal patronage. The Republican party in the state has been defeated continuously for 30 years, with the exception of 1894, when the Democrats controlled all departments of the national government and, consequently, there was no federal patronage for so-called Republicans to squabble about. In the presidential election of 1900 Missouri's Republican vote was exceeded in only six states. The total was 314,000, a vast army. In 1896 also the total went beyond 300,000. * * * This sacrifice of the party by greedy schemers, this insolent imposition, has gone too far already. Faction of this kind has long been the curse of the Republican party of Missouri. However much in earnest the 300,000 Republicans may be, a few scores of expert patronage hucksters claim the head of the column and knife each other until one of the gangs comes out uppermost."

"If the governor of Rhode Island had the right of veto, as he should have, and if his appointive power were not virtually at the mercy of the senate, as crafty politics has made it," says the Providence Journal (Ind. Rep.), "the inauguration of Dr. Garvin might be the first step toward material political changes in this state. Hedged about as his authority is, however, his term is likely to be one that will be watched with more interest than Rhode Islanders usually pay to state house matters."

"With the town agency system abolished," says the Randolph (Vt.) Herald and News, "the necessary uses for liquor could only be supplied by the druggist, which would require their licensing in even the most temperate communities. Once licensed, with the powerful stimulus of self-gain working upon them, is it not probable that many drug stores would become in Vermont what they are in Massachusetts, where the same law prevails, open rum shops?"

The public coal idea has caught in New England. The New York Evening Post (Dem.) says: "An order has been introduced in the Massachusetts house of representatives requesting the opinion of the supreme judicial court as to the constitutionality of a law empowering towns to buy coal and wood to be retailed to their citizens. The Socialists are anxious to push a bill providing for the establishment of public fuel yards."

The Chicago News (Ind.) regards the appointment of a colored man as assistant United States attorney at Boston as a test of the sincerity of the northern criticism of the south for negro-hating. It says: "With the appointment of a colored man to the position of assistant United States district attorney of Boston the public is about to witness an interesting test of the sincerity of northern sentiment as to the color question. The new appointee, William H. Lewis, who was selected at the suggestion of President Roosevelt, is admitted to be in every way qualified for his post. He is described as possessing exceptionally high attainments. Apparently in deciding upon him both President Ro

KING EDWARD IS MAKING MONARCHY POPULAR

His Majesty Not Only Reigns but Governs the British People.

HE COULD BE ELECTED

The Ruler's Popularity Would Make Him President if His Realm Were a Republic--Exerts Power in Public Affairs.

By ARNOLD WHITE.
(Special Correspondence to The Gazette.)

LONDON, Jan. 7.—Since King Edward VII. ascended the throne he has enlarged the popular conception of monarchy. The throne and its occupant fill a much larger space in men's minds than was the case under Queen Victoria. The death of the late queen was the forerunner of great changes in the relations of the sovereign to his ministers. If England were republican tomorrow and the king were a candidate for the presidency, he would be elected by an enormous majority if the vote were taken by ballot. The king's relations with his people are both intimate and friendly. He is immensely popular. His popularity with the nation invests him with great power in dealing with ministers.

For months past rumors have been circulated in society as to the personal force exerted by the king in the settlement of public affairs. Persons well acquainted with the facts have asserted that the king has interfered with the navy, with the army and with foreign affairs. Bitter complaints have been made by the friends of ministers connected with the service as to the unconstitutional character of the king's action. Since the occurrence of the Venezuelan troubles the king's responsibility for the Anglo-German alliance has been publicly asserted. No one can tell whether the king really controls ministers, but he is believed to do so. This much is certain: the king is a strong man—a very strong man. Ministers, with the exception of Mr. Chamberlain, are either weak, yielding, complacent or peace-loving individuals.

Growth of the King's Power.

The king has learned what he knows from men, not books. Lincoln, Kruger and Chamberlain were not bookworms. The influence of the king, accordingly, is that of a practical man who knows how to get things done. The mercy owes much to the king if his majesty has interfered, his interference has been for the national advantage. Although the constitutional fiction runs that the king reigns but does not govern, his opportunities for influence are infinite when the king is clever and strong and the minister is neither strong nor clever. No king since Henry VIII. has so touched the imagination of the people. The monarchy, like other institutions, is judged from a utilitarian standpoint—from its results. The nation has been longing for a man, and thinks that it has got one. The king is asserting his constitutional power. We are losing faith in acts of parliament, in royal commissions, and in charge of ministers.

Decisive changes in national destiny are often silent in operation. The growth of the king's power is visible, and the fact that serious journals are protesting against the king's influence over the prime minister and the cabinet is a proof that for good or evil the present occupant of the throne is as stubborn and as strong as any of his predecessors. The one question today is whether the king in the interests of his nephew, the kaiser, has influenced Mr. Balfour and Lord Lansdowne.

Lord Lansdowne's Incapacity.

When Lord Lansdowne was promoted to the foreign office it was pleasantly explained that his knowledge of French was so perfect as to make the appointment an ideal one. Sovereign incapacity had been proved against Lord Lansdowne in his previous post of secretary of state for war. He had neglected adequate preparations. He had appointed incompetent generals. He had failed to supply necessaries to the army in South Africa. Not a regiment in the United Kingdom was ready for war. Natal was saved by the Indian army. The thick and thin supporters of the government, however, declared that, although Lord Lansdowne might not have been a brilliant success as war lord, his real gifts lay in diplomacy. Only place him in charge of the conduct of our foreign relations and all would go well.

Lord Lansdowne as foreign secretary is repeating his record at the war office. He has a charming manner. His Parisian accent is still unimpeachable. His position as a great territorial peer appeals to the average Englishman in a way that the average American fails to understand. With a great house and a garden in Berkeley square—the choicest spot in London—and one of the noblest mansions in the country at Bowood, Lord Lansdowne is a type of the men of great estate who have every virtue except the knowledge of plain business principles. In the long run all undertakings, whether empires or stores, must either be managed on business principles or disappear.

The People Slowly Learning.

A feeling adverse to the ministry, and especially adverse to Lord Lansdowne, has increased perceptibly during the past week. The Newmarket election, decided today, has been fought largely on the Venezuelan question. The British country laborer is generally credited by the Tory bloods with the belief that Venezuela is something to eat. I am informed, however, by members of parliament who have taken part in the Newmarket struggle that the growing intelligence of the British country laborer in East Anglia is underrated by the Tory party.

Many agricultural laborers have relatives who have emigrated to the states. This system of emigration has educated and partly Americanized rural England as it has Americanized Ireland. The reflex action of rural emigration is to permeate the agricultural community with democratic ideas. Venezuela, accordingly, has played a great part in the Newmarket election. The agricultural laborer understands that something has been done by the British government which imperils our relations with the great republic where his sons or his nephews are happily settled under conditions of prosperity and freedom. The poll will be declared after this letter is closed, but a great reduction of the Tory vote is certain. No constituency is more unfavorable to Liberal ideas than Newmarket. For 300 years it has been the Mecca of the horse-racing community. Newmarket lives by horse racing and betting, and almost everyone in England who has anything to do with sport and with horses is naturally a Tory of the Tories. The agricultural laborer of Newmarket, whatever may be the result of the election, accurately expresses the views of the whole community in regard to the German alliance forced upon the nation by Lord Lansdowne and his colleagues.

This Season's Florida Service Via Pennsylvania Lines.

Leaves Pittsburgh Union station 9 a. m., city time, running via Cincinnati, Lexington, Atlanta and Macon to Jacksonville and St. Augustine. Get posted by consulting J. R. Dillon, district passenger agent, room 300 Park building, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Music for Piano.

And voice. Our stock more than doubled this season. KLEBER, 221-223 Fifth ave.

Jacob A. Riis, illustrated lecture, "Battle With the Slums," tonight, Allegheny Carnegie hall.

CARDINAL PARROCHI,
Who Died Yesterday.

ROME, Jan. 16.—Cardinal Lucido Mary Parrochi, sub-dean of the Sacred College and vice chancellor of the Catholic church, died today of heart disease. He was born in 1833, was of Italian nationality and was created a cardinal in 1877.

The death of Cardinal Parrochi removes one of the prelates considered to be the most likely to succeed Pope Leo. There was always considerable friction between the Pope and Cardinal Parrochi on this account, and it led to the unprecedented step of the pontiff in removing the cardinal from the post of vicar of Rome, because it was thought he too openly posed as the future pope. Nevertheless, the pope was deeply affected by Cardinal Parrochi's death. He knelt in prayer and exclaimed:

"These frequent deaths have made me feel quite an old man."

The death of Cardinal Parrochi leaves but one cardinal, Oreglia, who was appointed by Pope Pius IX.

Cardinal Parrochi, although a Mantuan of humble origin, had long been known as one of the most brilliant and eloquent high officials of the Catholic church. His education was obtained under difficulties and at no time had he opportunities enjoyed by the other members of the College of Cardinals. After entering the church his advancement was rapid. He was appointed bishop of Albano on May 24, 1889; bishop of Porti and Santa Rufina on August 16, 1896, and has since held the portfolio of chancellor of the Holy Catholic church, sub-dean of the Sacred College and secretary of the congregation of the universal inquisition; president of the congregation of apostolic visits; prefect of the congregation of residences of bishops and vicar of Rome.

AMERICAN MISSIONARIES FLEE FROM MOB AT FEZ

Women Are Cursed in the Streets of the Capital of Morocco.

(Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.)

LONDON, Jan. 15.—Letters received here recently from Fez, Morocco, say that the rapidly growing anti-European sentiment necessitated the hurried departure from that city of the American missionary Mr. Simpson and his wife and three English women. For a few days prior to their departure the women were openly cursed in the streets, the Moors shouting as they passed:

"What's this filth in our streets?"

When the American missionaries from Mequinez arrived at Fez the Moors exclaimed:

"Oh, God! We thought they were sending the cursed dogs from us; but they are coming back."

Subsequently a body of armed mountaineers met the women and wheeled around and cursed them in chorus. The missionaries were specially urged from authoritative quarters to leave as soon as possible. Mr. and Mrs. Simpson intend to remain at Tangier for the present.

TANGIER, MOROCCO, Jan. 15.—Advices received here from Fez are to the effect that there is no probability of the proposed expedition against the pretender to the throne being dispatched until the sultan musters a large force, which he will lead personally.

There was a renewal of the fighting today between the factions outside of Tangier. The house of a British subject was threatened with attack. The sultan's deputy sent troops to protect this property, whereupon the assailants retired. The imperial troops fired one village.

Sore Hands

Red Rough Hands, Itching Palms and Painful Finger Ends

ONE NIGHT CURE

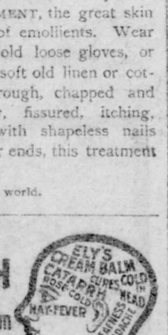
Soak the hands on retiring in a strong, hot creamy lather of CUTICURA SOAP. Dry, and anoint freely with CUTICURA OINTMENT, the great skin cure and purest of emollients. Wear during the night, old loose gloves, or light bandages of soft old linen or cotton. For red, rough, chapped and sore hands, dry, fissured, itching, feverish palms, with shapeless nails and painful finger ends, this treatment is wonderful.

Sold throughout the world.

Nasal CATARRH

In all its stages.

Ely's Cream Balm



cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York

It's Worth While

Looking into the propositions the Provident Life and Trust Company makes in the way of Life Insurance. Our premium rate is lower than any other first-class participating company.

The Provident Life & Trust Company,
GRAHAM C. WELLS, Gen'l Agt.
216 Lewis Block. Sixth and Smithfield.

STEAMERS TO GET NEWS.

Marconi Company to Furnish Wireless Messages to Vessels.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—The announcement that arrangements had been made to publish daily papers on Atlantic steamers supplied with the wireless telegraph system seems to be founded on a plan which goes into effect within a fortnight, to send news bulletins to certain steamers approaching the coast. These messages will be sent from a wireless station nearly completed at Browhead.

The Marconi company will only undertake to send messages distances of 40 miles seaward, and for the present, at least, there will be no daily newspapers published on board ships. News bulletins will simply be displayed in various parts of the steamers.

Re-Elected President of Senate.

PARIS, Jan. 15.—M. Fallieres was today re-elected president of the senate.

J. B. MURDOCH & CO.

Successors to A. M. & J. B. Murdoch.
TEL. 629. **FLORAL EMBLEMS.** 519 Smithfield St.

DEATHS.

BARR—On Tuesday, January 13, 1903, at 12 m., of pneumonia, at the Monongahela house, HARRY L., son of the late James P. Barr.

Funeral from the residence of Albert J. Barr, Bidwell street. Services and high mass at St. Paul's cathedral on Friday morning at 10 o'clock. Interment private.

BURLEIGH—On Thursday, January 15, 1903, at 9 a. m., of bronchial pneumonia, MARY LOUISA, infant child of W. T. and Selma S. Burleigh.

Funeral from parents' residence, 1809 Carson street, on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment private.

CREAL—On Tuesday, January 13, 1903, at 8:30 p. m., WESLEY CREAL, aged 70 years 10 days.

Funeral services on Friday at 2 p. m. at his late residence, Miller and Cliff streets, North Braddock, Pa. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

JARVIS—On Wednesday, January 14, 1903, at 5:30 p. m., JAMES DAVISSON, eldest son of James N. and Cora M. Jarvis, in his 12th year.

Funeral services at the family home, No. 2224 Perrysville avenue, Allegheny City, on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment private.

LANGE—On Thursday, January 15, 1903, at 8:30 p. m., at her home, No. 325 North Fourth avenue, East End, SUSANNAH SHAFFNER LANGE, widow of Dr. A. Lange, in the 90th year of her age.

Notice of funeral services hereafter.

LINDSAY—On Wednesday, January 14, 1903, at 1:15 p. m., THOMAS W. JR., beloved son of Thomas and Ada Lindsay, aged 15 years, 2 months, 10 days.

Funeral services at his parents' residence, Wilmerding, Pa., this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

MCKEE—On Thursday, January 15, 1903, at 3 a. m., of pneumonia, AGNES ELIZABETH, relict of George Y. McKee, in her 71st year.

Funeral services at her late residence, No. 5454 Stanton avenue, East End, on Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

MCCONNELL—On Thursday, January 15, 1903, at 3 a. m., NANNIE J. MCCONNELL.

Funeral services at the residence of her brother, W. G. McConnell, Steuben street, Crafton, this afternoon at 3 o'clock. Interment private Saturday.

MINK—On Tuesday, January 13, 1903, at 2 p. m., at his residence, No. 139 Jucunda street, Knoxville, WILLIAM F. MINK, husband of Emma Mink (nee Brooks), aged 32 years.

Funeral services at Knoxville Christian church on Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends of the family and members of No. 126, Laurel council, Jr. O. U. A. M., Typographical union No. 7 and Summit conclave No. 224, I. O. H., are respectfully invited to attend.

SIMMONS—On Wednesday, January 14, 1903, at 4:30 a. m., JOSEPH H. SIMMONS, in his 58th year.

Funeral services at St. Peter's Library Baptist church on Friday morning at 11 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

THOMPSON—On Tourstday, January 15, 1903, at 11:35 a. m., SHERMAN C. THOMPSON, in his 37th year.

Funeral from his late residence, No. 130 Twenty-second street, Sharpsburg, Pa., on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Services at Methodist Protestant church at 2:30. Members of branch 76, G. B. B. A. and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

WILLIAMS—On Wednesday, January 14, 1903, at his residence, Mars, Pa., MATTHEW WILLIAMS.

Funeral on Friday.

FLORAL EMBLEMS.
A. M. MURDOCH,
Tel. 2222. 250 Fifth Avenue.

Pillsbury's Best **Banner Baking Powder**

W. M. Laird Co.

The Big Shoe Sale

Continues, all winter stock must go. It's room we're after now—not profit.

Men's $8.00, $7.00 and $6.00 Winter Shoes, cut down to.....$4.00
Men's $5.00 and $4.00 Winter Shoes, cut down to.....$3.00
Men's $3.50 and $3.00 Winter Shoes, cut down to.....$2.25
Boys' and Youths' $3.50 and $3.00 Winter Shoes, cut down to.....$2.25
Women's $5.00 and $4.00 Winter Shoes, cut down to.....$3.00
Women's $3.50 and $3.00 Winter Shoes, cut down to.....$2.25

And all the warm lined Felt Footwear cut as follows—

Women's $2.00 Fur Trimmed Felt Nullifiers, at.....$1.25
Women's $1.50, $1.25 and $1.00 Fur Trimmed Felt Nullifiers, at.....79c
Women's Felt and Fleeced Lined $1.50, and $1.25 $1.00 Lace Shoes, at.....75c
Women's 25c Over Gaiters, at.....10c
Women's 75c Warm Lined and Leather Slippers, at 39c
Women's Common Sense and Opera Kid Slippers, at.....39c
Women's $1.25 and $1.00 Felt Slippers, at.....59c
Men's 75c Embroidered and Alligator Slippers, at 39c
100 Pairs Men's $4.00 and $3.50 Seal, Alligator and Calf Slippers, at.....$1.00
Motormen's Hair Lined $2.50 Beaver Bluchers, at.....$2.00
Men's $2.00 Felt Lined Balmorals, at.....$1.50
80 Pairs Boys' and Youths' $2.00 Slippers and Nullifiers, at.....$1.00

The above are all the celebrated "Dolge" make of felt shoes—better than which there are none—This Week—Both Stores

W. M. LAIRD CO.

431 to 437 Smithfield St.
402 to 408 Market St.

Do You Know
THE . . . .
Haslage Grocery?

Thousands do, and they know it as the cleanest, brightest and most satisfactory place in all the town for table supplies.

EVERYTHING THE BEST BUT NOT HIGH PRICED.

That's the reason you ought to know it as your grocery.

THIS WEEK'S SPECIALS:

Fancy Evap. California Peaches, 10c lb.
Fancy California Ruby Prunes (can't get them except at this store) this week, 10c a lb.
Imported French Sardines, fine goods, worth 15c; this week 10c a can.
Fancy Soft Shell California Walnuts, always 20c; this week 15c a lb.
California Evaporated Pears, finest you ever saw; not 20c, but, this week, 15c a lb.

These are but hints from a thousand and one good things that it will pay you to get at Haslage's.

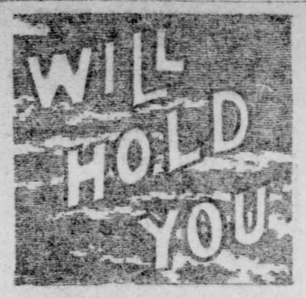
AT SEWICKLEY WE HAVE A STORE run in the model manner of our Pittsburgh establishment.

WM. HASLAGE & SON,
18 DIAMOND SQUARE,
"About Fifty Feet From Fifth."

We guarantee to undersell any jeweler in the two cities.
DIAMONDS
DeRoy BROS
Bijou Building.

BINDLEY HARDWARE Co
SEVENTH AVE. & GRANT ST.
PITTSBURGH
EVERY THING IN HARDWARE

"My Old Virginia Home" is the title of the music supplement with next Sunday's Gazette.



WE TRY TO MAKE FRIENDS OF OUR CUSTOMERS

by making prices that will attract, and a treatment that will hold you. Here are inducements that will bring you.

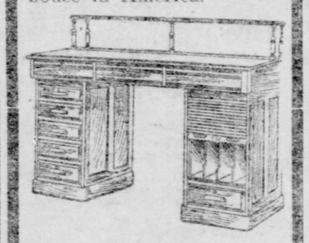
We offer this week more than two hundred Standard Pianos to select from.

The builders are coming to remodel and enlarge our store. We must make room for them, and will sell pianos regardless of profits, in order to reduce our stock. Terms to suit your convenience.

Alex. Ross Piano Co.,
714 Penn Avenue.
7th door from 7th St.

MOVED

We are now settled in our new store and have on exhibition the largest and finest line of office furniture shown in any one house in America.



The above cut shows one of our most popular standing or bookkeeper's desks, although we have many other styles and sizes both in oak and mahogany.

Baker Office Furniture Co.,
815-817 Liberty Avenue.
Formerly at 568 Wood St.

HORNE-STEWART CO
DRY GOODS

PRICES scarce half the good tailors have to charge to begin with and clothing none but the best merchant tailors ever attempt.

Men's Overcoats Reduced

Our 38.00 Rogers-Peet Overcoat, Meltons and English Coatings reduced to

25.00

233-235 FIFTH AVENUE

Clearance Sale

Of Coats, Suits, Jackets and Skirts at immense reduction from former prices. Every garment to be closed out this month if low prices will do it.

Ladies Black and Tan Coats reduced from $8.00, $8.00 and $10.00 to $3.00, $4.00 and $5.00.

Ladies' Monte Carlo Coats reduced to $7.50 and $9.00.

Ladies' Serge and Cloth Suits reduced to $6.00, $8.50 and $12.50.

Ladies' Dress Suits reduced to $5.00, $7.00 and $8.50.

Ladies' Walking Skirts reduced to $2.00, $2.75 and $5.00.

Children's Coats and Jackets reduced to $1.50, $3.00 and $5.00.

Ladies' Fur Scarfs, Muffs and Children's Fur Sets at greatly reduced prices.

H. J. LYNCH
433-440 MARKET ST.

B. & B.

glove sale today

—to sell out all the soiled, slightly soiled, mussed and odd lots Kid Gloves.

The largest Glove business since we have been keeping store, and therefore more soiled Gloves to sell this January Sale. About 5,000 pairs, including Women's, Men's and Children's.

Women's Trefousse, Hte. Jouvin, Majestic and Hortense Gloves,

$1.00 a pair

Also large lot $1.25 Gloves, 75c and $1.00 Gloves, 50c
Misses' Pique Gloves, reds and browns, $1.00 ones, 50c
Children's Mocha and Kid Mittens, 50c ones, 25c
Women's and Misses' Golf Gloves, $1.00 ones, 50c—50c ones, 25c—25c ones, 15c
Men—always speak in a significant way about women attending under-priced sales—but we notice men attend when they get Dent's, Fisk, Clark & Flagg's, Fowne's and Perrin's $2.00 Gloves at

$1.00 a pair

—and today if they want them again—they want to come.

linens

58 inch, 45c, Irish Cream Table Damask, 37½c yard.
70 inch, 75c, extra heavy Barnsley Cream Table Damask, 65c yard.
68 inch, 85c, very heavy bleached Irish Table Damask, 75c yard.
72 inch, $1.50, Irish bleached double Damask, $1.25 yard.
500 pattern Table Cloths, bordered all around—2x2 yards, $2.00—2x2½ yards, $2.50—2x3 yards, $3.00.

In our determination to clear our shelves we have in like manner reduced many other lines, as for example:
$1.25, 18 inch Napkins—$1.00 a dozen.
$1.75, 20 inch Napkins—$1.50 a dozen.
$2.50, 22 inch Napkins—$2.00 a dozen.
$3.00, 23 inch Napkins—$2.50 a dozen.
$3.50, 24 inch Napkins—$3.00.

Enough for all. We've taken thousands of dozens from the wholesale department — shelf-cleaning there, too.

200 dozen hemmed and hemstitched "Old Bleach" and "Dew Bleach" Towels at 25c each.

Two specials in Table Doilies:
10c ones, 6x6 inches, 7c each, 4 for 25c.
20c ones, 10x10 inches, 10c each.

ribbons

60c, 6 inch, Satin Taffeta, invisible stripe, 35c
60c, 6½ inch, Satin Taffeta, varied colored polka dots—solid and ring, 35c
25c, 5 and 3½ inches, Fancy Tissue Taffeta—white stripes, 15c
25c, 3½ inch, Plaids in varied effects, 15c
30c, 3½ inch, Pillow Ruffles, few odd combinations, 15c
50c, 5 and 6 inch, Pin Stripe Taffetas, 35c

plaid back woolens

—thrown away.
$3.50 ones, $1.50.
$2.50 and $3.00 ones, $1.00.
$1.00 and $1.25 ones, 50c
—all 56 inches wide—Blacks, Oxfords, Greys and Blues with different plaid back.

For useful Skirts, Capes, etc.—there never was a chance like this.

Not many, but thrown away like this they won't last long.

Surplus lot—few pieces Solid Grey—both sides—plain, heavy Skirting Woolens, 56 inches wide,

50c

Emptying shelves all over the Store — from Flannels to Dress Goods—Furs, Coats and Suits—on a price basis that is emptying shelves, racks and cases faster than any January.

Started out January 1st to cut this large stock down to a lower point than ever, and we're doing it.

misses' garments

Misses' 19 inch Jackets—sizes 14, 16, 18—colors Black and Blue—$5.00 Jackets, $2.50—$18.50, $12.50 and $10.00 Jackets, $5.00—$22.50 and $22.00 Jackets, $10.00.

Misses 30 inch Box and Monte Carlo Coats—$25.00 Coats, $15.00—$22.00 Coats, $18.50—$15.00 Coats, $10.00—$10.00 Coats, $6.50.

Misses' Three-Quarter Length — 45 inch — Coats—$50.00 Coats, $25.00—$22.50 Coats, $15.00—$15.00 Coats, $10.00—$12.50 Coats, $8.50.

Velour Coats—$50.00 and $45.00 Coats, $33.00—$37.50 Coats, $22.50.

New Walking and Dress Skirts for Misses—37 to 41 inches long.

Prices from $7.50 up to $18.50.

shoe shelf emptying

Lots and prices all want to investigate and save money.

Ladies' $5.00, $4.00 and $3.50 shoes, $2.50
—includes Box Calf Bluchers, Velour Calf Lace Storm Boots, Patent Calf Lace Shoes, Jeness Miller Button and Lace Shoes, turn and Goodyear welt.

Lot of superior $3.50 Button and Lace Enamel Leather Shoes, $2.75.

$3.00 Vici Kid Button Shoes with patent leather tip, Goodyear welt, $2.00.

Ladies' $2.50 Enameled or Patent Leather Lace Shoes, $1.75.

Big lot $5.00 and $4.00 hand-sewed and turned Button and Lace Shoes—good sizes, but narrow widths, $1.25.

Patent Leather and Vici Kid $3.50 to $5.00 Tongue and Opera Slippers, some with straps, some with buckles, some beaded—all good styles, high-class Slippers, and a good range of sizes, $2.00.

Warm lined Leather and Felt Slippers Half Price.

$1.50 ones, 75c—$1.00 ones, 50c.

Men's shoe shelves to be emptied likewise.

women's suit sale

$28.50 Suits, silk lined throughout, drop silk skirt, black, blue and brown Men's wear Cheviot—double and single breasted tight fitting, fly front and etons, $15.00.

$20.00 Suits, silk lined Jacket, single and double breasted, fly front and etons—Cheviots, Venetians and Mixed Goods, $10.00.

dress cottons

Nine Importations 1903 Fine Wash Goods, Dressy Cottons and Novelties opened.

New Linens, White and Colored—Linens that are new in weave—expressly for 1903 Gowns.

1,000 styles of Madras and Novelties for Shirts, Shirt Waists and Gowns.

The handsomest collection—and more exclusive stylish things than ever before submitted.

BOGGS & BUHL, Allegheny

For 1903

Why not one of the durable, sweet toned

STIEFF PIANOS

the only pianos sold in Pittsburgh by the manufacturer, or

undoubtedly the best piano player yet produced.

You certainly cannot afford to miss seeing these instruments, if you have a thought for your own interests in the matter. Our position in the piano industry, owning two factories and operating ten retail stores, enables us to offer the best inducements possible on pianos. Various makes of pianos, ranging in price from $200 upward—Easy terms of payment if desired. We do tuning, repairing and piano moving.

CHAS. M. STIEFF
Piano Manufacturer,
818 Penn Ave. E. S. Wallaver, Mgr.
Factory, Baltimore. Estab 1842

GAMES AND MASKS
for evening amusement.
PARTY GAMES AND PLAYING CARDS.
Largest assortment in the city.
J. G. LAUER'S TOY HOUSE
620 LIBERTY STREET.

AMUSEMENTS.

DUQUESNE Matinees Every Day But Monday
First Appearance of Italy's Greatest Contralto,
MME. EUGENIA MANTELLI
11—Big Brilliant Vaudeville Acts—11

HARRY WILLIAMS' **ACADEMY**
Matinee Today 2. Evening 8.
RENTZ-SANTLEY COMPANY.

AVENUE FAMILY THEATER.
This Week 1:30 to 10:30 | JOCKEY OLUB VON HATZFELDT | 15 BIG ACTS
Prices—15-25-35-50c.

DUQUESNE GARDENS
SKATING AFTERNOON AND EVENING.
HOCKEY TONIGHT KEYSTONES VICTORIAS

JACOB A. RIIS, Tonight
Illustrated lecture, "Battle With the Slums," Allegheny Carnegie Hall. Seats Thursday, 15th, 500 Federal st., Allegheny.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND—Good Seats Available for Mat. or Eve.
Fourth and Positively Last Week.
The Xmas Pantomime, LITTLE RED RIDING HOOD
Kiraify Ballet and 300 People.
Jan. 19—Clyde Fitch's big hit, "Lover's Lane."
SEAT SALE NOW ON.
For Clyde Fitch's Great Play,
LOVER'S LANE.
Week of Jan. 19th—Regular scale of rices.

EVE. Jan. 16. AFT. Jan. 17. **PITTSBURGH ORCHESTRA** VICTOR HERBERT, Conductor.
ELSA RUEGGER 'CELLO SOLOIST.
Good Eve. Seats $1, $1.50 and $2. Best Aft. Seats 50c, 75c and $1, at Mellor's, 310 Fifth ave. Tel. Grant 1250.

ALVIN—MAT. SATURDAY.
Sam S. Shubert and Sixon & Zimmerman's Great Musical Hit,
"A CHINESE HONEYMOON"
Next week—Francis Wilson in "The Toreador."

Bijou Bargain Mats. Mon., Wed. & Sat. Best reserved seats, 25c and 50c. This week:
Mr. Chauncey Olcott in Limerick Town.
Next week—The 4 Cohans—"The Governor's Son."

EMPIRE—UP-TOWN CONTINUOUS. | Reached by all Street Car Lines.
THIS WEEK **EUGENIE BLAIR as ZAZA**
Matinee Saturday.
Next Week—THE CHAPERONS.

SURPRISE SPRUNG ON THE RIVERMEN

An Alleged Communication Quotes Secretary of War Against Bridge Raising.

PRODUCED AT HEARING

Presented to Council, Committee by Railroad Men and Bridge Owners—Arguments Heard in Favor of River Interests.

Thomas Rodd, chief engineer for the Pennsylvania lines, and Attorney W. K. Shiras, for the Sixth Street Bridge Company, sprung a surprise on the rivermen at the hearing of the council committee yesterday afternoon.

Just before the conclusion of the meeting, when Attorney Shiras was summing up the case for the railroad and the bridge company, he produced a letter purporting to be from the secretary of war, written in 1900, which stated that it was the secretary's opinion that the reconstruction of the Allegheny river bridges would involve an enormous expenditure of public money and would inflict great injury upon private property owners who would have to be compensated, and that he did not believe the bridges would be raised for a long time in the future.

Capt. W. B. Rodgers and Capt. Thomas Reese, representing the river interests, jumped to their feet as soon as Attorney Shiras had read the letter and demanded to know how he had come in possession of it.

Capt. Reese stated that the records in the last hearing of the bridge matter had not been sent to Washington by the United States engineer at Pittsburgh until last year and that therefore it would have been impossible for the secretary of war to have given an opinion without having passed upon the records.

Decided Without Records.

Attorney Shiras admitted that the records gathered by Maj. Powell had not been sent to Washington until his successor, Capt. Sibert, had taken office, but he claimed that Maj. Powell did not send the records in because he knew in advance that the secretary of war was opposed to the raising of the bridges.

The alleged communication from the secretary of war, submitted by Attorney W. K. Shiras consisted of about a dozen lines on a typewritten slip, which contained no date or signature or name of the party who received it. It was as follows:

It is considered that the reconstruction of the numerous bridges below and above the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago bridge with a minimum height above pool level of 50 feet would involve an enormous expenditure of public money, a general readjustment of street grades on both sides of the river in Pittsburgh and Allegheny, and great injury to large tracts of improved real estate for which some compensation ought to be made to owners.

It seems hardly practicable to accomplish this without the concurrence of the two cities, and probably a considerable amount of litigation by the state of Pennsylvania. I see little prospect of any practical results in this direction for a long time to come.

Capt. Reese declared that if the copy of the letter from the secretary of water was genuine that the Pennsylvania Railroad Company was able to procure what the rivermen or other citizens could not get. He insisted that the paper should not affect the findings of the committee, as it was not among the records at the United States engineer's office in Pittsburgh.

The session yesterday afternoon was taken up by hearing the rivermen's side of the case and also in an extension granted the Pennsylvania railroad and bridge owners. James A. Bailey, one of the principal stockholders of the Union Bridge Company, and R. A. Pinkey, for the Baltimore & Ohio, occupied the first hour.

Rivermen's Side Presented.

When the rivermen opened, Capt. W. B. Rodgers made the first plea, answering some of the objections that had been raised by the bridge and railroad people. Capt. Rodgers stated that since the Smithfield street bridge had been raised the traffic on the Monongahela river had increased 500 times and that there would be a similar increase in the navigation along the Allegheny river if the bridges over it were put up.

He disputed the figures submitted by the bridge company of the tonnage that is transported by steamboats up and down the Allegheny, stating that the tonnage in 1900 was 2,500,000 and last year about 5,500,000. He said the railroad companies were fighting the bridge raising project because they want to shut out competition on the rivers and get a monopoly of all the coal trade up the Allegheny.

E. D. Dewey, attorney for the Allegheny River improvement association, followed Capt. Rodgers. Mr. Dewey submitted resolutions adopted by the association. He stated that he had been told by Congressman Burton, chairman of the rivers and harbors committee, that congress would not appropriate any more money for slack-water improvements on the Allegheny until the bridges at Pittsburgh were raised, as it would not be possible for the improvements to be utilized as long as the bridges obstructed navigation.

Capt. Thomas Reese made a strong speech for the rivermen, answering statements made by Chief Engineer Rodd and Attorney Shiras, that the construction of boats that ply in the vicinity of Pittsburgh were out of date and that they could be built to navigate under the present low bridges.

Boats Cannot Be Improved.

Capt. Reese presented statements from some of the most prominent rivermen and boatbuilders in the country asserting that the style of boats that run on the Ohio and other western waters were not to be excelled and could not be improved upon. Capt. Reese explained the necessity for high smoke stacks to give sufficient power and of the location of the pilot house in the center of the boat to guide it straight.

Attorney Marcus A. Woodward addressed the committee on behalf of the rivermen. Mr. Woodward was sarcastic in referring to the motive of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company opposing the bridge raising project, stating that it was fighting it because it meant an outlay of money and would also enable the river interests to compete with the railroads for a part of the river trade.

Mr. Woodward ridiculed the expert testimony submitted by the other side and insisted that W. R. Browne, city engineer, who had spent 25 years on grading the streets of the city was better able to give an opinion on what was a practicable grade than men who live outside of the city and who are not acquainted with its topography.

After the conclusion of the arguments by Messrs. Woodward and Shiras Chairman Wasson adjourned the committee until Saturday afternoon. He announced that only members of the committee and representatives of the pres would be permitted to attend on Saturday, that the committee would then frame its report and submit it to councils at a special meeting on Monday or Tuesday.

From pure neglect, many a slight Cold is suffered to run into Consumption. When taken in time, Dr. D. Jayne's Expectorant never fails to cure.

Music for Piano

and voice. Our stock more than doubled this season. KLEBER, 221-223 Fifth ave.

Thoughtful voters should read page nine of today's Gazette to see what menaces them.

THE RUMOR that Miss Isabella Cameron is to issue a Beauty Book in this country, modeled on the lines of the famous Beauty Book brought out in London almost coincident with the coronation of King Edward VII., was the source of gossip yesterday in smart circles. The rumor also is authority for the statement that Pittsburgh belies will be included with those of New York, Philadelphia, Boston and Baltimore in giving a picture of representative American beauty.

Pittsburgh has a large number of really beautiful girls and matrons who might be rival claimants for the honor of being included in the list of those who would compose such a Beauty Book as has been proposed. There are others who possess beautiful features, a graceful carriage or a sweetness of expression, but who may just miss being a pronounced beauty, yet who attain to a greater popularity than often falls to the lot of the real beauty. Miss Cameron has not yet revealed the identity of her selected Pittsburgh beauties, but leaders in Pittsburgh society have almost united upon a certain number of the younger girls and matrons of the East End and Allegheny who are regarded as representative of the different types of beauty and dignity which are to be found in this city.

Among the matrons—established leaders of the smart circles which compose Pittsburgh and Allegheny society—whose stateliness of bearing, gracious and dignified presence and handsome and even classic features entitle them to a foremost place among Pittsburgh women of beauty are Mrs. Harvey Childs, Jr., Mrs. Albert H. Childs, Mrs. Charles E. Speer, Mrs. James M. Schoonmaker and Mrs. Harry Graham Brown. The reverent title, "the grand dame," is not at all inapplicable if used in reference to one or more of the matrons in this list, whose entertainments of the past and the present have been notable for their quiet elegance.

There are several of the younger married women who are rapidly forging ahead as leaders in the smart circles of this city, several of whom are noted far beyond their home city for the comeliness and beauty. Prominent among them is Mrs. Joseph R. Dilworth, a most pronounced brunette with the rich coloring of that style of beauty. Mrs. Dilworth and her sister, Mrs. Thomas M. McKee, are among the handsomest, most graceful and most brilliant of the younger women, and are noted for their grace of carriage and vivacious form of feature. A contrast is Mrs. Eugene L. Messler, who represents the blonde type. Mrs. Henry Robinson Rea, Mrs. Louise Boggs Sproul and Mrs. William Speer Kuhn are still other members of this circle of handsome young married women.

Miss Laura McClinley, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John R. McClinley, is distinguished among the young girls. She is a brunette with a stately bearing, graceful carriage and a bright sparkling face with rich coloring. Miss Elizabeth Chambers, the eldest daughter of James A. Chambers, a granddaughter of Mrs. Alexander Chambers, who is to be a bride next Tuesday afternoon, is one of the most beautiful and dainty blondes in Pittsburgh. She was a pretty school girl and her beauty has grown with each season.

The debutante circle of this winter furnishes two additions to the list of Pittsburgh's beautiful girls. They are Miss Gertrude Childs, a stepdaughter of Mrs. Harvey Childs, Jr., and Miss Louise Kay, Mr. and Mrs. James I. Kay's daughter. There are several other decidedly pretty girls who came out this season, but these two stand out prominently among them.

Mrs. Guffey's Housewarming.

Mrs. James M. Guffey gave a large and very handsomely conducted reception and afternoon tea yesterday at her new home in Fifth avenue, Shadyside. It was the first large entertainment Mrs. Guffey has given since the house was remodelled after Mr. Guffey purchased it from the Thomas D. Messler estate, and the tea assumed the character of a house-warming. Receiving with the hostess were the two guests of honor, her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Henry Arthur Guffey, and her own young daughter, Miss Mary Guffey. The hours were from 3 o'clock until 6, and assisting Mrs. Guffey were Mrs. James R. Mellon, Mrs. William McConway, Mrs. Howard Nimick, Mrs. James Kenney, Mrs. James G. Chalfant, Mrs. Roland C. Smith, Mrs. C. P. Cheesman, Miss Margaret McConway, Miss Thurston, Miss Mary Kenney, Miss Virginia Hays and Miss Frances Hamilton.

The Guffey mansion, formerly the Thomas D. Messler homestead, and one of the handsomest houses in Shadyside, was purchased a couple of years ago by Mr. Guffey for $150,000, and he spent over $25,000 in remodeling it, also purchasing the adjoining James Rees property in order to have additional ground about the house, which now includes a small but very attractive terrace and formal garden on the south side.

Yesterday Mrs. Guffey received in the drawing room, a large yet dainty apartment, whose mural tones are a delicate shell pink, with harmonizing hangings in soft green. The lighting is superb, consisting of a central chandelier, with opalescent lights in the four corners. Pink roses and beautiful ferns, amid a setting of magnificent palms, were the floral decorations, while smilax wreathed the immense mirror occupying one end of the drawing room. The sun parlors, with their choice collection of tropical plants and soft rugs are a distinctive feature of the arrangement of the house. The large reception hall, finished in Flemish oak, its lights surmounting large stag-heads, was decorated with rich American Beauty roses and specimen palms. The library, with its book cases filled with a choice collection of books and many ancient tomes, is finished in rich mahogany, with green hangings. Liberty roses and spreading ferns were the sole decorations. In the music room across the wide hall from the dining room, whose furnishing is exceedingly light and dainty in character, a grand piano being the central object, were clusters of lilies and a grouping of palms. The dining room is panelled with mahogany, its ceiling and heavy carvings being enhanced by the arrangement of rich tapestries in golden blue. The floral decorations yesterday consisted of spring flowers, yellow daffodils and white lilacs, arranged with the graceful asparagus vine and maiden hair ferns, the candles in handsome colonial candlesticks of cut glass being shaded with pretty yellow flower shades, fashioned of paper and silk. The lighting of the dining room is most artistic, the artificial lights casting their rays through large shell-like shades of opalescent glass. The apartments upon the second floor of the mansion are arranged in suites, consisting of bed rooms, dressing rooms and baths, with a morning room and den.

Going to Florida.

Mr. and Mrs. Augustus E. W. Painter expect to leave for Palm Beach on Sunday, February 1. They will be followed on Monday by Mr. and Mrs. Harry Darlington and Miss Darlington and their servants, who will leave in a private car for the south February 2.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Painter will spend some time in Florida this winter with Mr. and Mrs. A. E. W. Painter at Palm Beach.

Mrs. Alexander Laughlin, Jr., and her daughter, Miss Madelaine Laughlin, have changed their plans and are not going south this winter, but Mrs. Laughlin's parents, the Hon. and Mrs. B. F. Jones, will leave the latter part of January for Palm Beach.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Jones, Jr., have taken a cottage this winter at Palm Beach, next to that occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Henry R. Rea, who will leave for the south next week. Mrs. W. W. Wurlock this winter will enjoy her first season at the fashionable winter resorts in Florida and will go south with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Jones, who will also be accompanied by another daughter, Mrs. Elizabeth Horne and her children.

Mrs. James Wood's Theater Party.

Mrs. James Wood was hostess at a theater party for 22 last evening in honor of Mr. and Mrs. James Harold Childs, her brother-in-law and sister, who recently returned from their wedding trip. The party occupied boxes at the Alvin and later went to the Pittsburgh club, where supper was served.

The party included Mr. and Mrs. James H. Childs, Mr. and Mrs. J. Ramsey Speer, Mr. and Mrs. A. Marshall Bell, Mrs. Wood, Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Speer, Jr., Mr and Mrs. Eugene L. Messler, Mrs. John H. Rickertson, Jr., Miss Elizabeth Chambers, Miss Virginia Johnston, Miss Martha Dalzell, Miss Marguerite Singer, Miss Madelaine Laughlin, Miss Gertrude Childs, Miss Edna Johnson, Miss Virginia Bughman, Thomas McGinley, Southard Hay, Jarvis Geer, Starling W. Childs, Thomas O'Connor Jones, Hay Walker, Clinton L. Childs, William J. Patton, Harry D. McCandless and Curtis G. Hussey.

The decorations for the supper were exceedingly pretty and dainty. Two large circular tables were joined, forming the figure 8. Upon each end stood a tall vase of pink roses, surrounded by a low wreath of the same flowers, while clusters of pink and white sweet peas festooned the shape of the table. In the center stood a cake which, when cut, contained surprises for everyone. The cake was a large one, and was encircled with a wreath of white hyacinths, with an outer circle of white sweet peas. The name cards were exquisite little water-colors, with fantastic little Chinese figures and quotations from the "The Chinese Honeymoon," the play which the party witnessed before going to the Pittsburgh club.

Cook—Gibson.

On Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock occurred the marriage of Miss Adda, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harry J. Cook, and Robert Gibson. The wedding was held at the home of the bride in Osgood street, Allegheny, and was a large affair. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. B. F. Woodburn, pastor of the Sandusky Street Baptist church. The bride was given away by her father, while Frank Gibson, brother of the groom, acted as best man. Miss Ethel Garfield Cook, sister of the bride, was bridesmaid. The bride wore a gown of French muslin and carried a huge bunch of bride's roses. The bridesmaid was gowned in pink and carried a bouquet of pink roses. Masters Samuel Gibson and Grayden Harper Cook were pages.

After the ceremony a reception was held. The bride and groom departed for an extended wedding tour to California and the southwest.

There were many out-of-town guests, including Miss Benerice Budke, daughter of ex-Senator Budke of Canonsburg, who was a classmate of Miss Cook; Mr. and Mrs. William Anderson of Beaver, Pa.; Mr. and Mrs. Charles Frazer of Morgantown, W. Va., and Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Neff of Philadelphia.

The at home cards are dated after April 1, when the couple expect to start housekeeping in their new home in Allegheny.

An East End Reception.

An at home was given yesterday by Mrs. J. H. Hamnett and her sisters, the Misses Halpin, at their home in Graham street, East End, the hours being from 2 o'clock until 6, a portion of the guests being asked for the earlier hours and others for the later. Assisting the hostesses were Mrs. Sherwood Martin, Mrs. James H. Horner, Mrs. Miers Busch Cain, Mrs. Mary Armstrong, Miss Bertha Martin and Miss Carrettson. The decorations were exceedingly pretty and dainty. In the parlors were pink roses and tropical plants. The hall was in red, with poinsetta combined with ferns and palms, and in the dining room were red carnations and roses, maiden hair ferns and smilax. The Misses Halpin, who spend almost every winter in travel, will leave January 28 for a trip through Mexico and California.

Entertained at Cards.

Mrs. George W. Elkins and her daughters, the Misses Elkins, entertained at cards last evening at their home in North Highland avenue, East End. There were 18 tables scattered throughout the drawing rooms, library and dining room, where refreshments were served informally after the game was over. Mrs. Elkins and her daughters received for a short time in the drawing room as their guests arrived. The decorations were exquisite, beautiful white lilacs and roses combined with the graceful ferns in the drawing room. In the dining room yellow daffodils and in the library brilliant American beauty roses.

Luncheon for Mrs. Munson.

An exceptionally beautiful luncheon was given yesterday afternoon by Mrs. Park Painter at her home in Ridge avenue, Allegheny, in honor of Mrs. R. H. Munson of Detroit, who came on for the wedding of her niece, Miss Elizabeth Chambers, and is entertained at the Chambers home. Covers were laid for 12, the guests including Mrs. Munson, Mrs. Louis W. Dalzell, Mrs. William J. Holland, Mrs. William R. Elair, Mrs. Charles A. Painter, Mrs. William Thaw, Jr., Miss Dohrman, Mrs. Harmar D. Denny and Mrs. Alexander Lauth Laughlin, Jr. The decorations consisted of an artistic arrangement of beautiful pink roses and white hyacinths.

Cards in Sewickley.

Mr. and Mrs. David Steward entertained with cards at their home in Grant street, Sewickley, last evening. The affair was in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Conway Macon. Mrs. Jacob Stair also shared in the honors. The game was euchre and about 50 guests were present, principally from the valley.

Notes of Society.

Mrs. A. R. Peacock will not be at home today on account of illness.

Mrs. Thomas M. McKee entertained at cards yesterday, the game being domino whist.

Miss Jefferis gave a card party yesterday afternoon in honor of her sister, Mrs. John B. Reynolds, a recent bride, and Miss Humason.

GAVE SECOND CONCERT.

Hubner Orchestra Entertains East End Board of Trade.

The Hubner Orchestra gave its second concert of the season under the auspices of the East End Board of Trade in their rooms in Shady avenue, East End, last night. About 200 persons attended the affair and there was a comment of general satisfaction with the entire program.

Considering the fact that this is the second time the orchestra has appeared in a public concert it did remarkably well. Its leader, W. Whitney Hubner, is a member of the Alvin theater orchestra, and beside the leader the soloists last night were: George H. Knox, vocalist, and C. A. Rinehart, pianist.

The program contained selections from Mendelssohn, Schumann and the operas "Martha" and "Aida."

It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 25 cents and 50 cents.

LAST OF CHURCH DEBT WILL GO UP IN SMOKE

Arch Street M. E. Congregation Will Burn $12,000 Mortgage.

In connection with its evangelistic campaign the congregation of the Arch Street Methodist Episcopal church, Allegheny, has scheduled two important events next week. On Monday night the pastor, the Rev. W. W. Hall, will lecture on social purity before an audience of men in the Allegheny Carnegie hall and on Friday night, with fitting ceremonies, the church mortgage will be burned.

Mr. Hall has been holding meetings throughout the winter and has gained a wide reputation as a pulpit orator. The meeting in the Carnegie hall will be a part of his scheme of evangelistic work and only men will be admitted. The title of his lecture is "The Strongest Man in the World." On the same night a woman's meeting will be held in the church.

The burning of the mortgage will mark the lifting of the last burden of debt from the congregation's shoulders. The mortgage represents the balance of the debt, after the erection of the present house of worship, and was written in the sum of $12,000. The entire debt was raised by private subscription by C. C. Boyle, the steward of the congregation, no church fairs or entertainments being held.

The Arch street congregation is the oldest Methodist Episcopal body in Allegheny, having been founded in 1832. In a little frame building on the site of the present stone temple. The property is valued at $75,000.

WHAT TO EAT.

Conducted by Lida Ames Willis, Marquette building, Chicago, to whom all inquiries should be addressed.

MENUS.

Saturday.

BREAKFAST.
Baked apples with cream.
Fried hominy with maple syrup.
Ham omelet. Baked potatoes
Popovers. Coffee.

LUNCHEON.
Sardine salad.
Whole-wheat bread.
Angel food. Peach preserves.
Tea.

DINNER.
Oyster bisque.
Roast beef. Yorkshire pudding.
Mashed Potatoes. String beans.
English walnut salad.
Olives. Horseradish.
Lemon cream pie.
Cheese. Coffee.

Sunday.

BREAKFAST.
Cereal with cream.
Baked bananas.
Creamed dried beef. Wheat muffins.
Coffee.

DINNER.
Julienne soup.
Stuffed fowl.
Creamed potatoes. Spinach.
Chestnut salad.
Celery. Cheese. Wafers.
Snow pudding.
Coffee.

SUPPER.
Lobster salad.
Brown bread. Cottage cheese.
Cake. Jam.
Tea.

Monday.

BREAKFAST.
Oranges.
Cereal with cream.
Bacon omelet.
Flannel cakes.
Coffee.

LUNCHEON.
Olive sandwiches.
Canned peaches.
Fruit cake.
Cocoa.

DINNER.
Cream of celery soup.
Stuffed breast of veal.
String beans. Riced Potatoes.
Lettuce salad.
Cheese balls.
Mince pie.
Coffee.

Tuesday.

BREAKFAST.
Grape fruit. Cereal with cream.
Broiled Finnan haddie.
Baked potatoes.
Toast. Coffee.

LUNCHEON.
Meat croquettes. Cream sauce.
Salted peanuts. Olives.
Parker House rolls.
Lemon jelly. Cake.
Grape juice.

DINNER.
Clam bouillon.
Boiled mutton. Caper sauce.
Mashed potatoes.
Stewed turnips.
Peas.
Celery salad. Cheese-wafers.
Fruit pudding. Wine sauce.
Coffee.

Series of Euchres.

A series of progressive euchre parties will be begun this evening by the Pride of Troy Hill council of the Daughters of Liberty in the lodge room in the German Masonic hall, Madison avenue and Washington street, Allegheny. Prizes will be given and refreshments served.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

The following marriage licenses were granted yesterday.

George Myers	McKees Rocks
Dora Bragg	McKees Rocks
Henry C. Williamson	Pittsburgh
Ross Wells	Pittsburgh
Washington Childs	Pittsburgh
Elizabeth West	Pittsburgh
Stephen A. Sanner	Allegheny
Elizabeth E. Brown	Webster
John A. Hensch	Pittsburgh
Louisa W. Williamson	Pittsburgh
Roscoe C. Messerwood	New Philadelphia, O.
Blache L. Herrold	Freedom
Joseph Rocereto	Pittsburgh
Katie Nicholson	Pittsburgh
William C. Strickengloss	Millvale
Irene Johnson	Millvale
Nickolas Hartmus	Allegheny
Cora B. Mylen	West Columbia
Walter Curtis	Pittsburgh
Elisa Moore	Pittsburgh
Samuel P. Kberg	Allegheny
Agasta Soucek	Allegheny
August Undra	Allegheny
Paulina Kraner	Sharpsburg
Adam Artz	Tarentum
Annie Lipiew	Brackenridge
Fred Fellworth	Millvale
Elsa Sasin	Allegheny
Joel J. Campbell	Pittsburgh
Margaret E. McManus	Pittsburgh

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF BEEF
GENUINE SIGNED: J. Liebig IN BLUE

STRENGTH FOR THE STRENUOUS

MANDO Removes Forever Superfluous Hair
On the Face, Arms or Any Part of the Body, root and branch. The greatest discovery known to modern science. Not the Slightest Injury to the Fairest Skin.
Price $1.00—Samples 10c.
MME. JOSEPHINE LE FEVRE,
1208 Chestnut st., Philadelphia, Pa.
A full line of my preparations are on sale at May Drug Co., 506 Market St. Jos. Fleming & Son, 412 Market St., Pittsburgh.

SUITS TO ORDER
The very latest fabrics correctly tailored at popular prices—
DICKSON, The Tailor, 420 Wood St.

TYPEWRITERS!
Manhattans, A. B. and No. 9. Call and See Them—Price $50 and $75. Repairs on All Makes of Machines Solicited. F. S. Webster Co. Carbons and Ribbons Always in Stock.
F. S. Webster Co., Prop.
432 DIAMOND ST.

We are more careful about children's shoes than most people—more careful about the fit—more critical as to quality—
C. A. VERNER,
FIFTH AND MARKET.

Uneeda Biscuit
are simply improved soda crackers—
Quite different from the common crackers that come in paper bags
And which no one buys nowadays excepting as a matter of habit
Uneeda Biscuit are made better by the baker and kept better by the In-er-seal Package with red and white seal
5¢
NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

Mother's Bread
NO MATTER HOW YOU MAKE IT, NO MATTER HOW YOU BAKE IT, NO MATTER WHAT IT COSTS—YOU CAN'T BEAT
Mother's Bread
All Grocers.
Ward-Mackey Bakeries.

Many a needless step is saved by paying bills by Check—and then the Check is a receipt.
Special department for women.
THE CITY DEPOSIT BANK,
Penn and Center Aves., E. E.

CARPET BUYING TIME
January is the month of all months to buy Carpets—Two good reasons for it—
First—It is before stock-taking time and we want to reduce stock — Hence low prices.
Second—Workrooms are not so busy, and your orders can be executed at once.
There's a distinct economy in buying now, even though you don't need the carpet for a month or two—
Tapestry Brussels
The special feature this week is Tapestry Brussels—Good patterns and plenty of each—
60c grade at 45c a yard
75c grade at 55c a yard
85c grade at 60c a yard
90c grade at 65c a yard
$1.10 grade at 80c a yard
These are not remnants—but full rolls and good, desirable stock—
Oliver McClintock Co.
219 Fifth Ave.

The daily use of Shredded Whole Wheat Biscuit
keeps you Naturally Well—to-day, to-morrow, next month and for life. Do you care to be well?
Sold by grocers
THE NATURAL FOOD CO., NIAGARA FALLS, N.Y.

THE JANUARY MILLINERY SALE.
Millinery Bargains are at their best now—
Half price—and even less is the rule—
Smart trimmed hats as low as $5 and $6—
The sooner you come—the better your choice will be.
PAULSON BROS. CO.,
441 Wood St.

Slightly Hurt Books
Now Marked 50 Cents
Always a lot of books slightly scuffed in the holiday rush—Usually we mark them half price—
This year we go still further and say:
Fifty Cents Each—
They are books of current fiction—
$1.25 and $1.50 values—
It's a great opportunity for book lovers—
Don't forget our reputation as sellers of blank books and office supplies—The stock is in excellent shape now—
J. R. WELDIN & CO.
429-431 Wood St.

Strike an average of the wealthy men you know, and how many of them are there that didn't get their start by regular, systematic saving?
4 per cent. compound interest at this bank.
PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK
Pittsburg, Pa.

Meyer Jonasson & Co.
Friday, Special Day.

SKIRT DEPARTMENT.
Walking Skirts of the latest novelty mixtures, 5 gored, perfectly tailored; reduced for Friday only from $5.00 to $2.90
New Spring Walking Skirt, in black and blue Melton; regular value $7.50, at $5.90
Extra quality of black and blue Unfinished Worsted Promenade Skirts—latest model—box plaited front with yoke; regular value $10.75, at $7.50
Extra quality unlined Cheviot Dress Skirts, elaborately trimmed with satin bands; regular value $11.75, at $8.75
Latest model habit back Cloth Dress Skirts—self and braid trimmed—reduced from $14.75 to $12.75
Handsome Broadcloth Dress Skirts, yoke formed by stitched folds—fancy back; reduced from $16.50, for Friday only, to $14.75

COAT DEPARTMENT.
Box Coats, trimmed with strapped seams—mostly large sizes; reduced from $17.75 to $8.90
Box Coats with double capes, of very fine quality medium weight Kersey; reduced from $22.00, to $18.75

WAIST DEPARTMENT.
Odds and ends in light and medium weight Vestings, at $1.50 and $1.90
Black Louisine Waists—all sizes; retail value $5.00, at $2.90
Waists out of special quality black Peau de Soie; for Friday only, at $3.90
Two styles of Peau de Soie Waists, black and evening shades, military effect and faggoting; reduced from $8.50, for Friday only, to $6.90

SUIT DEPARTMENT.
Tailored Suits of fine quality black and blue Broadcloth or Cheviot, single, double-breasted or tight-fitting styles. ENTIRE SUIT SILK LINED; reduced from $32.50 to $17.75
Walking Suits at $19.75 and $22.50
(Former prices $27.50 and $30.00.)

UNDERWEAR DEPARTMENT.
CORSET COVERS.
Two styles of Cambric Corset Covers, round and square neck, Torchon lace and ribbon trimmed back and front; reduced from 50c, for Friday only, to 35c
Nainsook Corset Covers, tucked back, lace insertion and lace trimmed; reduced from $1.00, for Friday only, to 75c
FLANNELETTE ROBES.
Flannelette Robes in all colors, reduced from $2.90 to $1.90
DRAWERS.
Cambric Drawers, tucked and hemstitched flounce with deep lace ruffle; reduced from $1.00 to 75c
Fine Cambric Drawers, with deep blind embroidery ruffle and cluster of tucks above, reduced from $1.50, for Friday only, to $1.00
NIGHT GOWNS.
Two styles of Nainsook Gowns. Hamburg embroidery yoke or lace trimmed front; reduced from $1.25 to 95c

FUR NECKWEAR.
Genuine Mink Scarfs with cluster of six tails; reduced from $6.75 and $7.90 to $3.00 and $4.00
Fine quality American Isabella Fox Boas, extra long; reduced from $25.00 to $15.00
Exceptionally fine quality four-skin Mink Boas; reduced from $30.00 and $40.00 to $15.00, $18.00, $20.00
Continuation of the Sale of Persian Lamb Coats, $45.00, $59.00, $75.00 and $98.00
Regular value $75.00 to $150.00.

NEURALGYLINE FOR THE NERVES
Blinding Summer Headaches

shatter the nerves and make existence a burden. If you are one of the many sufferers from neuralgic troubles and headaches, Neuralgyline will cure you.
Your money back if it brings you no relief.
One tablet will absolutely stop the pain in twenty minutes.
THE NEURALGYLINE CO., Wheeling, W. Va.
Gentlemen: Have suffered for over four years with Blinding Headaches and loss of sleep. Tried various remedies without success. Your Neuralgyline gave me immediate relief. After taking the second box I was completely cured. I take pleasure in recommending it.
MRS. MARY EWING, Pittsburg, Pa.
At all first-class drug stores. Price 25 cents per box. Sample free on request.
MANUFACTURED BY
THE NEURALGYLINE CO.
WHEELING, W. VA.

You'll be comfortable aboard
The Golden State Limited
Don't make any mistake about that. It's that kind of a train.
There's a diner, of course, a buffet-smoker, an observation car, a compartment sleeper, and a bath room with hot and cold water, soap, and REAL bath towels.
Rock Island System
Less than three days Chicago to Los Angeles. Through cars to Santa Barbara and San Francisco. Electric lights; electric fans; barber shop; Booklovers' Library. Lowest altitudes. Runs over the El Paso-Rock Island route—the most southerly line across the continent. Cut out this ad. and mail it, with name and address, to this office, and a beautifully illustrated book about California will be sent free.
Phil. A. Auer, D.P.A., 415 Park Bldg., Pittsburg, Pa.

THE AMALGAMATED TO AVOID CLASH

Will Make No Provisional Wage Agreements Nor Demand Big Changes.

OBVIATES DIFFERENCES

Officers Favor Continuance of Present Base Wages—Stand Passive on the Profit-Sharing Plan of the Steel Corporation.

Executives of the Amalgamated association of Iron, Steel and Tin workers have outlined a conservative policy for wage negotiations for the next scale year. This has been decided to avoid the internecine differences which cropped out in the organization last year through the provisional scale agreements which were entered early in the year. It is understood that the administration will urge that no alterations in the base scale be asked for at the annual convention.

Last year the executives of the Amalgamated association entered ahead of the annual convention into wage agreements with the American Tin Plate, the American Sheet Steel and the American Steel Hoop Companies, all constituents of the United States Steel Corporation, and with the Republic Iron and Steel Company. This caused a stir in the subsequent annual convention, delegates contending that the province of the annual gathering of the organization had been usurped by their officials. The provisional scale agreements were made in February and continued the scales then in effect.

Two Changes Made.

After much bickering the convention ratified the agreements and the mills did not as usual suspend operations in the summer for the scale settlements. Some minor alterations in the scale were proposed by the convention and some of these were subsequently granted.

Suggestions from lodges for scale alterations are now being received at Amalgamated headquarters. The last of these are to be in by February 17. There is the usual demand for wage advances, but it is understood that the administration of the organization will contend that the security of satisfactory wage relations with the big concerns demands that no advances be asked on the basing rates. The annual convention will open in Columbus, O., April 12. So it is said to be practically patent that no advance will be demanded by the bar iron, sheet and tin plate workers. Only some few alterations and additions to foot notes will be considered.

Present selling prices in the tin plate and sheet trades are below the basing rates of the wage scales. In the tin plate scale the base wages rule till tin plate sales for two months average 10 cents or more over the base selling price of the scale, $4 20 a box.

Rule in Sheet Trade.

In the sheet trade the base wages rule so long as the average sales are not 10 cents or more the 100 pounds above $3 for No. 28 gauge black sheets. Tin plate is now selling at $3 60 the box and sheets of this gauge at $2 75 the 100 pounds.

The executives of the Amalgamated association have decided to stand passive on the profit-sharing plan of the steel corporation. In relation to this the following official announcement has just been made: "The proposition of the United States Steel Corporation of placing $2,000,000 of its preferred stock aside for sale among its employes for a stipulated price and under certain conditions, has caused quite a stir. There have been inquiries as to whether there is anything in the laws of the association that would stultify the unionism of any of the members if they were to buy some of this stock. To such we say there is not. A member can be a stockholder in the works in which he is employed and hold full membership in the association. The question whether it is advisable for the members of the association to invest in these stocks is one that each member must decide for himself. It is not for the association to advise its members as to how they shall dispose of their money."

It is reported that the employes of the steel corporation have already subscribed for nearly 27,000 shares of stock under the offer of the corporation. The highest paid men and officers will not get their subscriptions, the limit of shares to be issued this year under the plan being 25,000 shares.

BURGLAR SHOT DEAD BY A POSTMASTER

Victim Was Killed While Entering Carbon Center Office by a Window.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

BUTLER, PA., Jan. 15.—At Carbon Center, on the Pittsburgh & Western railroad, H. A. Carter, who owns a general store and keeps the postoffice and railroad office, shot and instantly killed an unknown man who attempted to break into the store shortly after midnight. Carter and his wife live in the building over the store and they were awakened by a noise at the store door. Mrs. Carter saw the form of a man skulking about the building. Carter got his revolver and a watch was kept on the intruder, who soon made another attempt at the store door. Failing to get it open he broke a window and was crawling through when Carter fired.

The burglar dropped back out of the window and disappeared. Fearing that there might be a gang Carter did not investigate the result of his shot, but guarded the window the remainder of the night. About 6 o'clock this morning a railroader going to work saw a man lying on the platform, shot through the temple.

Coroner Atwell held an inquest and the jury found that the man had been attempting to commit a burglary and exonerated Carter from all blame. The dead man is 6 feet tall, has black curly hair and mustache and has the appearance of a foreigner. On his person were found a stiletto, a return ticket from Butler to Carbon Center and two checks numbered 1353 of the Standard Steel Car Company of this place, indicating that he had been employed at the works here.

Page nine of today's Gazette tells how graft followed the election of a "personal platform" mayor in Minneapolis.

P. & L. E. R. R. CO.

The New Aliquippa and Woodland Beach Park.

$100,000 is being expended in remodeling these picnic groves. Dates are now being booked. Write today for open dates, or call on George H. Thompson, 357 Fifth avenue, city.

Jacob A. Riis, lecture, "Battle With the Slums," Jan. 16, Allegheny Carnegie hall.

MORE ARRESTS FOR TORTURING

Three Men Suspected of Eicher Robbery Taken to Jail at Uniontown.

CLAIM TO BE INNOCENT

Tilden Buttermore Faced Prisoners at the Hearing and Re-affirmed His Confession Implicating Them in the Crime.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

CONNELLSVILLE, PA., Jan. 15.—The last three suspects named in Tilden Buttermore's confession of the Eicher torture and robbery are behind the bars in City hall. They are Charles J. Ritenour, Joseph Barclay and Nathaniel Murray. They were arrested today at the old Laurel furnace, two miles up the mountain from Indiana Creek, by Constable Charles Wilson and Chief of Police Berthold Rottler. Their arrest was without incident, for they laid down the axes with which they were chopping timber, to come with the officers. All three strongly protest their innocence and say they will have no trouble in proving it. Ritenour said:

"I am the son of Jacob Ritenour of Normalville. This is the first time I have ever been in trouble. The mountain people know I am honest. My character has never been called into question. I will have no trouble in showing where I was the night of the robbery. Barclay and Murray were with me and they are as innocent as I am. We were all at my boarding house the night old man Eicher was robbed. He was a friend of mine and I would as soon harm my own father. It is six miles from my house to the Eicher farm and six more to Connellsville. According to Buttermore's statement we would have had lots of walking to do in order to travel as he said we did. I know Buttermore, Stillwagon and Shaw only when I see them. I have known Jake Sailor for years."

Barclay had little to say except that he was at Ritenour's house when the robbery took place, and that he can prove this by a dozen other men who boarded there. Ritenour is a married man. The other two are single. Nathaniel Murray is the son of Jacob Murray of near Morgans Station. His father is a respected farmer in the Morgan valley.

Constable Charles B. Stillwagon went to Morgan this morning thinking Murray was there. He was told that he was working at Ritenour's house in the mountains. He secured what he thinks is valuable evidence, however. He has a witness who will testify that young Murray tried to interest him in taking part in the Eicher robbery some time before it happened. The name of this witness is withheld, although he is a well-known man. Murray flatly denies this statement.

Tonight Tilden Buttermore was brought down from Uniontown jail to testify against the three prisoners at a hearing before 'Squire James Echard. He was sworn and said that his confession was true in every detail. He repeated the names of his alleged partners in crime, and the 'squire said:

"Are any of the men in this room?"

"Yes," said Buttermore, "there are three of them. There they are, and in turn he mentioned the last names of the three prisoners. The men were committed to jail by 'Squire Echard. It was expected this evening that Murray would make a confession. He told the officers that he had something to say, but later said he would wait a while.

FAVOR RECIPROCITY

National Board of Trade Asks Congress to Ratify the Pending Treaties.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—The thirty-third annual convention of the National Board of Trade came to an end today. The president received a number of the delegates in the forenoon. The question of reciprocity was probably the most important topic considered today. It was brought to the attention of the board by the report of the committee on reciprocity through its acting chairman, Nathan French, of the Illinois Manufacturers association. The report urges the reaffirmation of the various reciprocity treaties now pending in the United States senate, including the Cuban treaty.

The report of the committee on immigration laws urged on congress the importance of prompt and favorable action to prohibit undesirable immigration by means of strict educational tests, and also favored a more stringent naturalization law. The committee on postal affairs urges on congress the prompt adoption of a universal 1-cent domestic letter postage.

Would Tax Coal Mines.

CHEYENNE, WYO., Jan. 15.—Gov. Richards' message to the legislature was read in joint session today. The governor recommends taxation of the gross output of the coal mines, which at present pays no tax.

AN OBJECT LESSON

In a Restaurant.

A physician puts the query: Have you never noticed in any large restaurant at lunch or dinner time the large number of hearty, vigorous old men at the tables; men whose ages run from 60 to 80 years; many of them bald and all perhaps gray, but none of them feeble or senile?

Perhaps the spectacle is so common as to have escaped your observation or comment, but nevertheless it is an object lesson which means something.

If you will notice what these hearty old fellows are eating you will observe that they are not munching bran crackers nor gingerly picking their way through a menu card of new fangled health foods; on the contrary they seem to prefer a juicy roast of beef, a properly turned loin of mutton and even the deadly broiled lobster is not altogether ignored.

The point of all this is that a vigorous old age depends upon good digestion and plenty of wholesome food and not upon dieting and an endeavor to live upon bran crackers.

There is a certain class of food cranks who seem to believe that meat, coffee and many other good things are rank poisons, but these cadaverous, sickly looking individuals are a walking condemnation of their own theories.

The matter in a nutshell is that if the stomach secretes the natural digestive juices in sufficient quantity any wholesome food will be promptly digested; if the stomach does not do so, and certain foods cause distress, one or two of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets after each meal will remove all difficulty because they supply just what every weak stomach lacks, pepsin, hydro-chloric acid, diastase and nux.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets do not act upon the bowels and in fact are not strictly a medicine, as they act almost entirely upon the food eaten, digesting it thoroughly and thus gives a much needed rest and giving an appetite for the next meal.

Of people who travel nine out of ten use Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets knowing them to be perfectly safe to use at any time and also having found out by experience that they are a safeguard against indigestion in any form, and eating as they have to, at all hours and all kinds of food, the traveling public for years have placed their faith in Stuart's Tablets.

All druggists sell them at 50 cents for full sized packages and any druggist from Maine to California, if his opinion were asked, will say that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is the most popular and successful remedy for any stomach trouble.

DEMOCRATS FALLING AWAY FROM WYMAN

Realize Now They Were in Too Great Haste to Nominate Him.

A majority of the Democrats of Allegheny have determined that J. G. Wyman shall not have the support of their organization, despite the fact that they were the first to take Wyman up as a candidate.

Democratic City Chairman Henry Meyer made the following statement yesterday in the presence of Henry Muth, Dr. S. S. Woodburn and A. C. Ladiner: "The Democratic convention that named J. G. Wyman as its candidate for recorder did so hurriedly, and at a time when the Wyman boom was on the crest of the wave. His evident sympathy with the old county Citizens organization, and the idea that he would have no opposition in the race, influenced the Democratic convention to give him the nomination with but two dissenting votes. I am of the opinion that we did not act conservatively, and feel positive that should the same convention be called now, J. G. Wyman would not be the Democratic candidate."

Further proof of Wyman's unpopularity with the party was given last night, when the Democrats of the Twelfth ward met and indorsed the entire Republican ticket. The meeting was held at the residence of A. H. Young in Meade street. John McKinley presided.

Morris Einstein was nominated five weeks ago by the Wyman party and signed a contract not to accept the nomination of any other party. John McKinley, who presided at the meeting, said: "Mr. Einstein has acknowledged to friends that he is not a resident of our ward. I have positive information from Einstein's friends that he has said, 'I have fooled the people for 10 years, and I can do it for three years more.' I know also that Einstein tried to get on the Third ward councilmanic ticket and failed. His only hope of retaining his seat in select council was to once more be elected from the Twelfth."

The Democratic ticket in the Twelfth ward is now the same as that of the Republican: Select council, Oscar Gallagher; common council, Christian Renkauf and Samuel Garvin; school directors, Charles Haler and Adolph Haefele; ward assessor, Jacob Martin; assistants, Christ. Heisler and William Blair.

Dr. Woodburn continued his campaign work yesterday in the wards east of Federal street, where Wyman is supposed to be most strongly entrenched. He was accompanied by prominent Republicans and ward leaders, and was enthusiastically received wherever he visited.

The Republican committee on vacancies in the Fourth ward will meet today to name a select councilman to head the ward ticket. George L. Cruikshank, Dr. H. K. Beatty and J. L. Miller were put on the Second ward ticket to fill the vacancies made by the withdrawal of William A. Ford, Samuel McElroy and William Kimberlin.

LAD TELLS TALES.

Santos Dumont, "the Balloon Man," Dragged Into Boston Divorce Suit.

BOSTON, Jan. 15.—(Special.)—The name of Santos Dumont was dragged into the divorce suit of L. E. P. Smith of the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company today. The navigator seems to have been "quite on earth" at the time testified to.

The little son of the libellant was recalled to the stand to testify how his stepmother made the acquaintance of "the balloon man" at the Cafe de Paris at the French capital and went automobiling with him. She sent her little stepson home alone and did not herself appear till 10 a. m. next day.

Grocers Elect Officers.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 15.—The next convention of the National Association of Retail Grocers will be held at San Francisco. The per capita tax was fixed at 10 per cent per annum. The election resulted as follows: President, C. B. Lott, Chicago; vice president, A. W. Farlinger, Atlanta; secretary, Fred Mason, St. Paul; treasurer, F. A. Newland, Topeka.

Aged Woman Asphyxiated.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 15.—Mrs. Dorothea Phine, aged 80, was asphyxiated by illuminating gas in her home in this city today. Her son William, aged 40, is in a critical condition.

INDIANOLA REJECTS PRESIDENT'S TERMS

Will Give No Assurance That Miss Minnie Cox Will Be Protected.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Senator McLaurin of Mississippi today urged Postmaster General Payne to have the mails for Indianola sent to Heathmann, Miss., instead of Greenville, pending the reopening of the Indianola office. Heathmann is four miles from Indianola, while Greenville is 30 miles distant. The department has found it impracticable to grant the request. The daily receipts of Heathmann now average a little more than 31 cents and the office is declared to be inadequate to take care of a business involving several thousand dollars additional annual revenue. The Indianola citizens will therefore have to continue to send to Greenville for their mail.

Senator McLaurin says there is a disposition on the part of the peace authorities of Indianola to give assurances in an official way that the postmaster, Mrs. Minnie Cox, will be protected in her personal safety, because, he says, there has been no intimation that she was in the least danger. The giving of such assurances as are demanded by the postoffice department would be admission, in the opinion of the officials and people of Indianola, that some danger threatened Mrs. Cox.

A reiteration of Postmaster General Payne's statement, that the office at Indianola would not be reopened until such assurances were given, is made today.

Invading Standard Oil Field.

FINDLAY, O., Jan. 15.—(Special.)—The National Refining Company of Cleveland is laying an eight-mile pipe line from their refinery in this city to the heart of Marion township oil fields which have heretofore been operated by the Standard Oil Company. This step of the National people is considered to be the opening gun of a war between the two companies.

MILWAUKEE SECURED HANNA COKING PLANT

West Virginia Coal Will Be Used in Manufacture of Fuel.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

MILWAUKEE, Jan. 15.—An auxiliary corporation of the recently incorporated Milwaukee Coke & Gas Company, composed of Milwaukee and Cleveland capitalists, including United States Senator Hanna, has been formed and has closed a deal by which it purchased 8,000 acres of bituminous coal lands in West Virginia, which will be used for furnishing the coal for manufacturing coke and gas at the plant to be built in Milwaukee. The price involved in this purchase is not made known, but it reaches into several millions of dollars. This statement of the transactions is verified by Ferdinand Schlesinger, an interested party.

"The Milwaukee Coke & Gas Company will have about one-half of its Milwaukee plant in operation by September or October of this year," said Mr. Schlesinger. "The balance will be added as rapidly as possible, but we expect to be in operation by early next fall."

The new company purchased 28 acres of land in the Twelfth ward along the lines of the Northwestern and Milwaukee roads, with 700 feet of dock frontage on the Kinnickinnic river for $200,000, where the coke and gas plant will be built. The company also purchased $50,000 worth of property in the town of Lake a few days ago.

TOM L. JOHNSON NOT A CANDIDATE

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—(Special.)—Mayor Tom L. Johnson of Cleveland, who is in this city, tonight denied that he is a candidate for governor of Ohio as reported to have been announced today by Chairman William J. Frey of the Ohio Democratic state committee. Mayor Johnson said: "I am not a candidate for the nomination and if Mr. Frey has made any such announcement, he has done so without my authorization or approval."

More Than 57 Varieties

More Than 57 Varieties

$2.25 Paragon

$1.75 Acme

More than 57 varieties of new styles to sell at $2.25 and $1.75. Most of these are the ultra-fashionable low crown and broad brim derbies, and the swagger flattish brim derbies now in vogue down east, plainer styles, too, in this lot if you prefer them, but all of them new spring styles.

Oetting's Paragon $2.25 and Acme $1.75 brands are the best hats that good taste and hatters' skill are capable of producing.

OTTO OETTING Fifth & Wyoh on Court House hill.

Be sure to get a copy of that catchy song, "My Old Virginia Home," with next Sunday's Gazette.

WEISSER'S LAST CALL!

DISSOLUTION SALE

IS THE TALK OF THE TOWN

This great dissolution sale is the wonder of all. What do the people say when they come here? Listen! You will hear such things as this: "We told you so." "Weisser's never disappoint." "The goods are even better than we expected." So it is all the time.

But we have reserved the best of these goods till the last. And the end of the sale is now in sight. All the remainder of the goods secured at the dissolution sale of Kaufman & Bowers, the Philadelphia manufacturers, are to be cleared out quickly. It is your last opportunity. Embrace it and you will thank us.

Remember, Weisser's Never Disappoint

Velour Jackets Half Price

About 20 Velour Jackets in blouse, Monte Carlo and double-breasted effects will be sold at HALF PRICE. If you want one, act quickly. The regular prices range from $10 to $40. You pay just half.

Ladies' Suits For Less Than the Cost of the Cloth

DISSOLUTION SALE PARALYZES PRICES

$7.90 for Ladies' Suits, blouse, eton and Norfolk styles—some with slot seams—in gray, brown, green, castor—in fact, every desirable shade, in Scotch mixtures, cheviots and venetians—actually worth $12.50 to $16.50—all made by Kaufman & Bowers.

$9.90 each for a lot of dress Jacket Suits and Walking Suits—in venetians, broadcloths, cheviots and snowflake mixtures—all shades and also black—Jackets mostly lined throughout with taffeta silk or satin; actually worth $18 to $22.50—all made by Kaufman & Bowers.

$4.90 for Ladies' Suits, blouse and eton styles, in gray, brown, castor and black—worth $10, not one worth less—all made by the celebrated firm of Kaufman & Bowers.

$12.50 for Ladies' Suits, comprising all of Kaufman & Bowers' better suits, in addition to all of our own high-grade Walking and Dress Suits—none in the lot worth less than $25—some are worth very much more—including broadcloth, venetians, covert, suitings, queen's mourning, in black and colors. The most remarkable suit bargains known.

Waists Going Fast

We sold hundreds and hundreds of these Waists yesterday, but the crowd was so great at times that we were unable to wait on everybody. If you failed to get one of these Waists yesterday, by all means come in today or tomorrow. There will be on display some of the finest we have yet shown and which were reserved for the grand climax of this sale.

90c for all our all-wool Flannel Waists in black and all colors—in all sizes—mohairs, henriettas and cotton Vestings—which sold at from $1.50 to $3.25—your choice now at 90c.

$1.90 for Ladies' Waists, made of the finest imported Botany Flannel, in plain, silk-trimmed and embroidered; some with slot seams—in fact, we have almost every style imaginable—space will not permit description. But bear in mind that these Waists were sold at from $3.50 to $6.00—and you will not be disappointed with them at $1.90. They will greatly surprise you.

The Store That Never Disappoints.

RAGLANS, NEWMARKETS AND ULSTERS

Greatest of All Values for Those Who Come Without Delay.

We have 34 Raglans, Newmarkets and Ulsters, sold by Kaufman & Bowers at $10 and $12.50; choice at this Dissolution Sale Sacrifice for..... $3

We have decided to include all our own fine quality Raglans, Newmarkets and Ulsters, many of which are of the celebrated Wooltex make—former prices $30, $35 and $40—Dissolution Sale Price..... $10

All the remainder of Kaufman & Bowers' $15 and $20 Raglans, Newmarkets and Ulsters will go at this Dissolution Sale Sacrifice for..... $6.90

The above raglans, newmarkets and ulsters are made of coverts, kerseys, cravenettes, broadcloths, etc.—in black, gray, brown, green, tan, oxford and blue. Some are lined only to the waist; others lined throughout with the best quality of Skinner's satin. So you can readily see what remarkable value you will obtain at any of the prices quoted.

Entire Stock of Misses' and CHILDREN'S COATS

Divided Into 3 Lots and Selling at

$2.90, $4.90, $7.90

All the $5 and $6 Coats, comprising all sizes, lengths and colors. But any one of these Coats is a truly wonderful bargain at our Dissolution Sale Price..... $2.90

We have all the Coats described in these four lots in sizes 6 to 14, inclusive.

This lot, as well as those already mentioned, contains not only the popular short style of Children's Coats, but also Monte Carlos in three-quarter and full lengths. Among these you will find zibelines, kerseys, coverts, velvet and satin trimmed coats, tailor-strapped and, in fact, all the prettiest styles. The manufacturers' prices on these range from $7.25 to $10. Dissolution Sale Price.. $4.90

Children's Coats in the newest styles and all the fashionable colorings, including blacks, browns, blues, garnets, modes, etc.; the fabrics are the finest kerseys, so admirably suited for children's coats; they are made plain or trimmed in every conceivable artistic style; the manufacturers' prices on these coats were from $12 to $15; Dissolution Sale Price..... $7.90

DISSOLUTION SALE OF LADIES' SKIRTS

Lot of side-pleated Walking Skirts, slot seams, made of snowflake, Scotch mixtures, men's suitings, plain broadcloths; strictly all wool; Kaufman & Bowers' price $5.85; Dissolution Sale Price..... $2.90

Lot of Skirts in cheviots, venetians, broadcloths and striped suitings; some with double flounce, others with slot seams, neatly tailored, stitched and box-pleat effects; Kaufman & Bowers' prices $6.50 to $8.90; Dissolution Sale Price..... $4.90

Lot of Skirts in venetians, coverts, zibelines, some with yoke effects and strapped seams; neatly tailored slot seams and semi-slot seams and side pleat effects; Kaufman & Bowers' prices $9.50 to $13.50. Dissolution Sale Price..... $6.90

All our silk, velvet and etamine Skirts, no matter what their value, are selling during this sale at just half price.

DISSOLUTION SALE OF FURS

Continues with even better values than at the beginning—Tremendous cuts in prices all along the line.

NEARSEAL JACKETS.

Nearseal Jackets; 22 and 24 inch lengths; all sizes; flare and cuff sleeves; value $45; Dissolution Sale Price..... $22.50

A few Nearseal Jackets, with beaver, sable and Persian lamb collars, will be sold at prices proportionately reduced.

WEISSER, LOW & CO.,

435 and 437 MARKET STREET, - - - PITTSBURGH.

MORGAN'S STORY OF DEAL IN L. & N.

Financier Says He Took Road from Gates Party to Prevent Trouble.

SOLD TO COAST LINE

Says Southern Merger Could Not Be Made Because They Are Competing Lines — Interstate Commission Holds Hearing.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—J. P. Morgan was a witness today before the interstate commerce commission in the case of the state of Kentucky against the merger of the Louisville & Nashville railroad and the Atlantic Coast Line.

The first witness was President Spencer of the Southern railroad, who denied that the merger had affected rates. He said the joint control of the Monon did not affect rates, but added to the business of the lines out of Chicago.

Henry Waller, chairman of the board of the Atlantic Coast Line, and President Elliott of the same company, told of the purchase of a controlling interest in the Louisville & Nashville from J. P. Morgan & Co.

J. P. Morgan began his testimony by saying he was the head of his firm, and that the firm had 10 or 12 members, he was not sure how many. He had nothing to do with the purchase of the 306,000 shares except to approve the contract when made.

Story of Gates' Corner.

Witness considered it important to the Southern to hold together the Louisville & Nashville. The option on the Gates stock was got April 15, and he did not know in August who would buy it.

"Mr. Gates had the stock," said Mr. Morgan, "and operated a pool which controlled it. No one knew what he was doing. I took the stock away from Gates, and put it where it would not hurt the Southern.

"Let me tell you the story. We found that Mr. Gates and his associates had control of the Louisville & Nashville railroad. When Gates came to us, we found he had control of 306,000 shares. That gave him control. The Northern Pacific experience of the year before made us aware of the danger to the Southern stock, and so we made arrangements with Gates. I knew the sale to the Atlantic Coast Line would not be a disturbing element to the railroads of the south."

Interested Only as Banker.

Mr. Morgan said at one time he came near returning the Louisville & Nashville stock to "Gates and the others."

Continuing, the witness said his interest in the whole transaction was merely as a banker. He denied that the Southern Railway Company had anything to do with the purchase or sale of the Louisville & Nashville stock.

"Did you recommend the Southern Railway Company to secure the Louisville & Nashville stock?" asked Commissioner Prouty.

"Why, no, sir," Mr. Morgan said. "They could not hold it. They are parallel and competing lines."

Mr. Morgan said he did not believe that any one interest owns as much as 5 per cent of the stock of the Southern Railway Company.

MEN SHOT TO DEATH FOR MERE NOTHING

Lieutenant Dulton Tells What Americans Saw During Fighting in Colombia.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 15.—Among the passengers of the steamer Newport, from Panama and way ports, were Lieut. Arthur H. Dutton and J. J. Many and four enlisted men of the American-manned Colombian cruiser Bogota, which sailed from this port on October 7. They speak in anything but enthusiastic terms of their experience in Colombian waters. Lieut. Dutton, executive officer of the Bogota, in a signed statement, says:

"I never heard of a court-martial while I was in Colombia. Punishments were carried out and sentences inflicted at the sweet will of those in power.

"A trifling offense was at times punished by 100 lashes on the bare back with a flexible cane. Men were shot for mere nothings.

"A few days after peace was declared two Liberal officers who had refused to acquiesce in the conditions, but were captured, were taken to the Chiuqui fortress in Panama and there lashed brutally until dead.

"Some prisoners who had been taken after a particularly stubborn resistance had their legs or arms cut off or their eyes or ears removed, and were then released. Some died from loss of blood.

"One of several schooners, loaded with refugees, which the Bogota was towing, sprung a leak. The refugees were rescued and the Colombian officials in charge ordered the captain and crew to remain on board the doomed schooner. 'Let them perish with her!' one exclaimed."

CAUGHT IN ALLIANCE.

James Jones Cut William Boone, in Quarrel Over Girl.

James Jones, colored, who cut and seriously injured William Boone, on December 28, in Clark street and afterward escaped, was arrested yesterday afternoon in Alliance, O. He will be brought to this city at once, having waived requisition proceedings.

Boone and Jones fought over a girl in their boarding house and Jones cut Boone with a large knife. Jones had just been discharged from the army, having served in the Philippines. Boone started the quarrel, as he was intoxicated. Both men are waiters. Boone was recently dismissed from the Homeopathic hospital having recovered from his injuries.

Old Officers Re-Elected.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Monongahela Light and Power Company, one of the subsidiary coorporations of the Philadelphia Company, was held in the general offices in the Mellon bank building. The following directors were elected: A. W. Mellon, W. L. Mellon, R. B. Mellon, W. S. Mitchell, Weaver H. Rogers. The following officers were re-elected: A. W. Mellon, president; W. L. Mellon, vice president; W. S. Mitchell, treasurer, and Weaver H. Rogers, secretary.

The Rev. Dr. Boyd Seriously Ill.

The Rev. Dr. J. C. Boyd, for the past 45 years pastor of the Mt. Lebanon United Presbyterian church, and the oldest pastor in matter of service in the denomination, is reported to be seriously ill at his home at Mt. Lebanon, back of West Liberty. Dr. Boyd, who is 78 years old, was called to the pastorate of the Mt. Lebanon church shortly before the consolidation of the Associate and Associate Reformed churches in 1858. Dr. Boyd is a graduate of the Western University of Pennsylvania and the Allegheny Theological seminary.

Thoughtful voters should read page nine of today's Gazette to see what menaces them.

COAL ORDERED FROM SIDINGS

Railroads Will Not Carry More Fuel Until All Cars Are Unloaded.

PRESIDENT SIGNS BILL

Maine Men Are Made $2,000 Richer as Result of Rebate of Duty—Scope of Chicago Grand Jury Investigation Widened.

The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau,
Herald Building, Herald Square.
NEW YORK, Jan. 15.

Drastic measures were taken by the railroads today to force the unloading of the thousands of cars of coal which have accumulated at terminal points near this city. Although it was denied that this accumulation is due to a conspiracy to maintain prices and some operators asserted that no unusual quantity is held in cars, yet a formal notice has been sent to wholesale dealers, commission men and others that no more coal will be loaded for them at the mines unless the cars consigned to each firm are released.

A coal famine confronts the officials of the Brooklyn navy yard. An inventory taken today disclosed the fact that there is only enough coal on hand to last five days. Contractors contess their inability to fill orders, notwithstanding tiust they can be penalized by the government for failure to live up to their contracts.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 15.—President Roosevelt's promptness in signing the bill taking the duty of 67 cents a ton off anthracite coal saved some coal dealers in Maine about $2,000. The president signed the bill at 1:15 o'clock today and it went into effect immediately.

Representative Allen Interested.

The bill was taken to the president by Representative Wachter of Maryland, chairman of the public committee on enrolled bills. He was accompanied by Representative Amos L. Allen of Maine.

"Free coal is now a fact," said the Maine representative, on leaving the president's office. "I wanted to see the signature attached and I was anxious to see it done just as quickly as possible.

"A matter of a few minutes delay in signing meant a difference of probably $2,000 to some people of Portland, Me. There is a big cargo of coal coming in there from abroad and it is due today."

CHICAGO, Jan. 15.—Despite the fact that a special grand jury is investigating the coal situation in Chicago, a further inquiry will be made by a committee composed of one member from each of the following organizations: Federation of Labor, Illinois Manufacturers' association, Commercial club, Merchants' club and the Civic Federation. The demand for the investigation by such a committee came from a number of representative coal men of Chicago at a conference this afternoon with the members of the coal committee of the Illinois Manufacturers' association. The new investigating committee will begin its work at once.

Investigation Is Widened.

The special grand jury has widened the scope of its coal inquiry. Subpoenas were sent out today to the sheriff of Sangamon county for Charles A. Starpe of the Virden Coal Company, and the West End Coal Company of Springfield: Torrance Casey of the Williamsville Coal Company, and L. W. Sensenay of the Alton and Auburn Coal Company, at Auburn. The evidence of the men from the Springfield district, it is said, will form the connecting link in the chain of evidence showing the agreements between the operators of Illinois and Indiana.

OMAHA, NEB., Jan. 15.—For some time the price of bituminous coal has been advancing and the supply was thought to have been materially decreased. It appears, however, that there is plenty of soft coal in the city and sufficient anthracite coal for immediate needs, with many carloads arriving daily.

CURES CATARRH.

"Hyomei, the Most Wonderful Cure for Catarrh Ever Discovered," Says Mayor Ward.

Do not try to cure catarrh by taking drugs into the stomach; it cannot be cured in that manner. The only way in which this too common disease can be cured is through a direct application that will kill the bacilli of catarrh and prevent their growth.

Hyomei is the only known method of treatment that accomplishes this. It is the simplest, most pleasant and the only absolute cure for catarrh that has ever been discovered.

Former Mayor Emory M. Ward of Trenton, N. J., writes: "You have my permission to say that I believe 'Hyomei' to be one of the most wonderful cures for catarrh and throat trouble that has ever been discovered. In my case the effect has been marvelous. I enclose you money order for two outfits for friends of mine to whom I have recommended 'Hyomei' and who I am anxious shall have the benefit of this remarkable panacea."

The leading druggists of this city have so much confidence in the power of Hyomei to cure catarrh that they will sell it under an absolute guarantee to refund the money, if the purchaser can say that it did not help.

Save Street Car Trading Stamps AND RIDE FREE.

100 street car tickets or $5 in cash for one small book of stamps. CUT OUT THESE COUPONS—Good for one dollar's worth of street car trading stamps in addition to those you receive with a 50c purchase or over at any of the following merchants on this list. Secure a book to save your stamps in from following merchants, or call at the office of the Street Car Trading Stamp Co., 122 Sixth St.

A. GRUBER, Meat Market, 660 Herron Ave. G

A. M. THARP, Groceries and Meat Market, 1426 Wylie Ave. G

Park Provision Co., Meats, Butter, Eggs, Oysters, 236 Frankstown Ave. E. E. G

THEO. HEILMAN, Groceries, 509 Larimer Ave., E. E. G

H. H. BRUNNER, Meat Market, 6005 Meadow St. E. E. G

JOHN G. HARRIS, Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing and Furnishings, Hats, Caps, Etc., 5012 Penn ave., E. E.

C. F. Hockswender, Groceries, 54 Southern Ave. G

C. H. FRUSH, Meat Market, 153-154 Liberty Market, E. E. G

What is known as a "coal exchange" is operated. It is alleged, by the principal dealers, through which all retailers agree on selling prices. The commercial bodies of the city will investigate the coal conditions.

Relief Is in Sight.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 15.—Gov. Durbin and Indiana railroad officials and state officers held a conference in the governor's office this afternoon with a view to relieving the coal situation. Later the governor announced that he believed the famine would be broken and that the railroads would hurry coal to this city and other points in the state.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—It is announced that the price of coal has advanced 12 cents a ton at the pit banks, particularly due to the cold weather demands and partly to increasing contract orders in view of the coal situation in America. It was said in Liverpool today that since Christmast over 60 steamers have been chartered to load coal for the United States.

LAFAYETTE, IND., Jan. 15.—The four largest manufacturing plants of Indiana closed today on account of a shortage of coal. Street car and electric light companies have only two days' supply of fuel. Purdue college will be compelled to close unless coal is received this week.

COAL APPROPRIATION MUST BE DOUBLED

School Authorities at Washington Held Up by the Fuel Dealers.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Before the senate committee on the District of Columbia, President MacFarland of the board of District commissioners, testified today that on account of the increase in the price of coal the District authorities would be compelled to ask to have the appropriation for fuel for schools doubled. He said that the District was now paying $9 a ton for bituminous coal.

C. M. Wilson of this city said he had purchased bituminous coal at Cumberland, Md., at $3 50 per ton, but that he had had difficulty in getting the coal shipped. Many of the miners there are idle, he said.

During the hearing a letter was read from President Loree of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company, saying that as his company is only a shipper of coal and not a miner he was unable to give any information that would throw light on the situation. He expressed a willingness to co-operate with the people of Washington in securing an adequate coal supply for the city, and added:

"The railroads have been laboring under great difficulties on account of the heavy traffic, but notwithstanding this we have been making every effort to give coal the best possible dispatch, and I understand we have succeeded in placing in Washington during the month of December a considerably larger amount of coal than in the previous year, and also that in November after the settlement of the coal strike an increase was also shown."

SUED HIS PROSECUTORS.

Myer N. Jacobs Alleges He Was Wrongfully Accused and Arrested.

Myer N. Jacob, Pittsburgh agent for the National Cash Register Company, yesterday filed suit in the United States court in Columbus, O., for $50,000 damages against the Hallwood Cash Register Company of Columbus. Mr. Jacobs claims that he was arrested in 1898 on a warrant sworn out by the defendants, on a charge of conspiracy to defraud and that the indictment was held over him until last May.

When seen at the Monongahela house last night Mr. Jacobs said that the Hallwood company had him arrested and taken before Alderman McMasters, in Grant street, where he was held for court. The Hallwood company, he said, kept the case from going to trial and never made any specific charge as to in what way he had conspired to defraud them. He said that as he had been greatly injured by the publication of the case, he claims damages.

DEATH OF AN HEIRESS CHARGED TO HYPNOTIST

Victim Lured from Home by Artful Antics of "the Professor."

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 15.—Miss Sina Darman of 3108 Easton avenue, a stenographer in the law office of Attorney D. D. Wilson, says that her friend, Mrs. Mamie Byrnes of Des Moines, Ia., heiress to a fortune of $40,000 left her recently by an aunt in France, died last night at the City hospital as an indirect result of hypnotic influence exerted over her by a certain magnetic healer of the city, for whom, Miss Darman declares, Mrs. Byrnes left her home and husband to come to St. Louis.

Mrs. Byrnes' death was ascribed to gastritis. She was at the City hospital only a few days and was frequently visited by Miss Darman, with whom she had roomed before being taken ill. Her husband has asked that her body be shipped to Vinton, Ia.

Miss Darman's strange story is being semi-officially investigated. "The professor," to whom she refers, she says has offices in St. Louis and frequently called on Mrs. Byrnes before she went to the hospital. Miss Darman declares that from the day Mrs. Byrnes met the professor in Des Moines she was a changed woman, living in a constant state of nervousness and apprehension and frequently exclaiming:

"He is looking at me now. Why don't he look the other way? I can feel his eyes," and similar expressions.

Miss Darman says that when he came to see Mrs. Byrnes the professor would put her to sleep, sometimes at her own request.

Lutheran Congregational Meeting.

The annual congregational meeting of the First English Lutheran church, Fifth street, Braddock, the Rev. William J. Bucher, pastor, was held last night. The annual report of George W. C. Day, treasurer, showed that the congregation had realized $3,000 during the year. The following officers were elected: Elders, R. F. Liston, J. W. Griffey; deacons, Albert Liston and J. F. Gilmore; president of the congregation, Ferdinand Y. Emmert; vice president, Harvey De Hoff.

Safest, therefore the Best

GORHAM SILVER POLISH

Contains no injurious ingredients
Produces a polish of lustrous brilliancy
All responsible jewelers keep it 25 cents a package

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try

Jell-O,

a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocers to-day. 10 cts.

"Any time" the Hop Twins are slow!
They know the fort that is saving the lives of beer consumers and putting the "health glow" into many an invalid's cheeks.
The "health glow" is sure to come to those who drink

The Pittsburgh Brewing Co.'s

IRON CITY, PHOENIX,
WAINWRIGHT, KEYSTONE.

or any of its other famed brews of

BEER, ALE or PORTER.

All men's clothing

now offered at 20 to 45 per cent discount. Here's the way the entire stock is now divided:

6.00	8.50	13.00	20.00
buys any suit or overcoat in the house marked $8, $9 or $10.	buys any suit or overcoat in the house marked $12, $14 or $15.	buys any suit or overcoat in the house marked $16, $20 or $23.	buys any suit or overcoat in the house marked $25, $30, $35 or $40

KAUFMANN'S "THE BIG STORE"

HOVR SALE TODAY

All furniture—

All parlor furniture, all hall furniture, all dining room furniture, all sitting room furniture, all bedroom furniture—each and every piece in the house now going at

⅓ off the plainly marked price.

10 TO 11 A. M. TODAY.

Butcher knives at 10c
Lot of butcher knives, kitchen carvers, bread knives, etc., all slightly rusted, worth up to 50c, at only 10c.

Boys' $2.50 clothing, 1.50
Nobby Norfolk, sailor and double-breasted suits, in all-wool materials—also long cut oxford overcoats, boucle and Irish frieze reefers—sizes 3 to 16, $2.50 value at 1.50.

Curtain strips at 9c
Single strips 3 yds. long of Nottingham lace curtains, also some ends of real Irish point, brussels, swiss tambour and colored French lace curtains—worth up to 75c, at, each, 25c, 19c and 9c.

Boys' $1.25 shoes, 80c
Boys' rex calf lace shoes, good solid leather soles, and counters, will give good service, worth $1.25 pair, at 80c.

Tapioca, 6 lbs. for 25c
Pearl tapioca, extra fine and delicious, usually sold for 7c lb., now 6 lbs. for 25c.

Tray covers at 15c
Made of real momie linen, knotted fringe ends, each, 15c. Stamped pillow tops with backs to match, all styles, worth 25c and 50c, at 15c. (Art dept.) Imitation shell side combs, also pompadour and back combs, each, 15c.

Fruit saucers, 2c
White porcelain fruit or dessert saucers, good quality, worth 50c doz., at, each, 2c.

30c wash fabrics, yd., 10c
Imported lawn, swiss, gingham and percale, slightly shopworn, the regular 30c goods, at, yd., 10c.

Boys' 75c pants at 35c
Boys' gray and brown mixed all-wool Scotch cheviot knee pants, also in plain gray, blue or black, all sizes 3 to 16—worth 75c, at, pair, 35c, or 3 pairs for 1.00.

40c ingrains, yd., 22c
Extra super union ingrain carpets, floral and set figures in bright reds, greens, blues or tans, for sitting rooms or bedrooms, full yd. wide, worth 40c, at, yd., 22c.

Blanket sheets, pair, 50c
Double fleeced blanket sheets, excellent quality, per pair, 50c.

Panne liberty satin, yd., 39c
Very desirable quality for dress lining and trimming purposes, in all the wanted shades, including white and cream, at, yd., 39c. Colored taffeta silks in light and dark colors, worth 50c and 60c yd., at 39c.

Belt pins at 10c
Dog head belt pins at 10c. (Belt dept.) Patent leather belts, nickel or gilt buckles, 10c. Dressing combs of hard rubber, horn or celluloid, at 10c. White lamb fur trimmings, yd., 10c.

Men's 35c mufflers, 19c
Warm heavy cashmere mufflers, just right for cold weather, in cream color—the 35c ones for 19c.

Children's gowns, 19c
Heavy flannelette gowns, in neat stripes, some nicely trimmed, sizes 2 to 14 years, at 19c.

$2.50 fur sets, 99c
Choice from all our children's or misses' $1.75 to $2.50 fur sets in the house, consisting of muffs and collarette or scarf—light or dark furs, at only 99c.

35c golf caps at 15c
Boys' and children's golf caps with double pull-down bands, in plain or assorted cassimere patterns, worth 35c, at 15c.

25c jewelry at 5c
Odds and ends of fine gold plated stick pins, cuff pins, brooches and cuff buttons that have been selling up to 25c, at only 5c.

$3 silk waists, 1.75
Women's stylish taffeta silk or satin waists, some slightly soiled from display, but the most of them fresh and clean—worth $3.00, at 1.75.

11 TO 12 M. TODAY.

Baby ribbon, bolt, 10c
Silk, satin and gros grain baby ribbon, No. 1½, full 10 yd. bolts at 10c. Widows' sets of collar and cuffs, at 10c. Platt val. point de Paris and pure linen torchon laces and insertions, yd., 10c.

Children's 75c sweaters, 35c
All-wool novelty sweaters for children — in fancy stripes and plain colors, worth 75c, at 35c.

35c floor mops at 29c
Self-wringing mops, made of good cloth and hardwood handle, 35c value, in this hour, 29c.

50c teas, per lb, 28c
Our noted No. 4 quality Formosa Oolong, English breakfast, gunpowder, Young Hyson, Assam and Japan teas, usually sold for 50c lb., now at 28c, or 3 lbs. for 80c.

Children's $1.25 shoes, 75c
Made of good wearing box calf or vici kid, heavy soles, sizes 8 to 10½, reduced from $1.25 pair to 75c.

Outing flannels, yd., 3½c
Nice quality outing flannels, neat patterns—also fancy prints and canbric shirtings, at only, yd., 3½c.

Boys' $4 suits, 2.50
Fashionable 2 and 3-piece serge sailor and novelty suits, also nobby blue, black and fancy mixed suits and neat fitting Peter Thompson style reefers, sizes 3 to 16, worth $4.00, at 2.50.

20c cushion tops, 9c
Lot of cushion tops and pillow slips, in fancy tickings, sateens and tapestries, all pretty designs, tassel on each corner, the 50c ones at 29c—35c kind for 19c—20c ones for 9c. (Drapery dept.)

Children's $1 rockers, 50c
Well-made oak and enameled rockers for children, will please any child, worth 75c and $1.00, at only 50c. (Toy dept., 4th floor.)

$4 worth wall paper, 1.98
10 bolts of elegant gilt wall paper, 6 bolts of ceiling and 3 bolts of 18 in. border, in very rich blues, greens and reds, suitable for any room, worth $4.00, all for 1.98.

75c suitings, yd., 29c
Lot of all-wool twilled homespun suiting, in the popular shades of oxford and gray, 54 in. wide, 75c goods for, yd., 29c.

Women's trimmed hats, 50c
All this season's styles, in tailored effects, some tastily trimmed with velvet and buckles, a large selection, have sold up to $1.75, for 50c.

10c soap slabs at 5c
Tinted soap slabs with floral decorations, the usual 10c quality, in this hour for, each, 5c. (Basement.)

$1.50 rugs at 60c
All sizes from the small mats to the hearth lengths, some in delicate colors, others in bright reds, blues, tans or brown mixtures, excellent for bathrooms, worth up to $1.50, at 60c.

Women's corsets, 33c
Straight front corsets or girdles, all new spring models, all sizes, at only 33c.

Women's $2.50 waists, 1.39
Very attractive shirt waists in French flannel or fancy materials, all colors, including black and white, plain, tucked or hemstitched, worth $2.00 and $2.50, at 1.39.

Misses' set rings, 5c
Misses' or women's fine gold plated set rings, all fancy stone settings, have been selling up to 35c and 50c, go at 5c.

Women's aprons at 9c
Neatly made of white lawn or gingham, nice wide ties, at only 9c.

12 TO 1 P. M. TODAY.

Men's 25c neckwear, 10c
Silk tapestry four-in-hand ties, in new stripes and figures, very stylish light or dark colors, worth 25c, at only 10c.

$1.25 panne velvets, yd., 89c
Choice from our entire stock of $1.25 panne velvets, all shades except pink, blue, black and white, in lengths of 1 yd. or more, at, yd., 89c. Heavy weight velour du nord, for jackets and capes, 32 in. wide, worth up to $3.50, at, yd., 1.89. (Silk dept.)

$1 bell outfits, 69c
Electric bell outfits, consisting of bell, dry cell, 50 ft. insulated wire, staples and wood push button, worth $1.00, the entire outfit for 69c.

Tomato catsup, pint, 10c
"Newport" brand, standard quality, made of pure tomatoes, usually sold for 70c gallon, now at 50c, or pint bottle, 10c.

Women's $1.50 juliets, 95c
Women's best felt juliets, fur trimmed, light hand-turned soles, worth $1.50, at, pair, 95c.

$5 mackintoshes, 2.48
Men's heavy all-wool blue and black kersey or tan covert cloth mackintoshes, thoroughly vulcanized and strictly waterproof, $5.00 value for 2.48.

Bust forms at 48c
Jersey covered bust forms for dressmakers' use, new French form, at 48c. Embroidered chiffon top collars, at 48c. Novelty chiffon velings, all colors, yd., 48c. Women's 75c and $1.00 handkerchiefs, 48c. Hand painted silk fans, at 48c.

35c candlesticks at 19c
Black iron candlesticks, complete with shade, candle and holder, now so popular, worth 35c, at 19c.

Percales, yard, 8 1-3c
Splendid quality percales, 36 in. wide, also fancy cambrics and printed flannels, at, yd., 8⅓c.

Gordon rep remnants, each 19c
Remnants containing 1¼ yds. of Gordon reps., large assortment of colors, can be used for chair or cushion covering, worth 65c yd., per piece, 19c.

Men's $1.50 pants, 83c
A new line of men's pants, made of heavy weight blue and black cheviots, cassimeres and worsteds, stylishly cut, worth $1.50, at 83c.

50c carpet hassocks, 24c
Made of good quality willtons and brussels carpets, in splendid colors, large, round or tomato shape, worth 50c, at 24c. Children's size, slightly soiled, worth 25c, at 10c.

Ready Reference Atlas, 7c
Ready Reference Atlas of the World, 14 full page maps, index of principal cities with population according to latest census, at only 7c.

Chantilly lace all-overs, 75c
Bishop top collars in the swell grape patterns, at 75c. Black silk tosca net veils, each, 75c. Hand-made renaissance bolero jackets, 75c. Hand-painted opal dresser sets of 6 pieces, worth $1.25, at 75c.

Women's $1.50 hose, 89c
Pure spun silk stockings with double toes and heels, regular price $1.50, at only, pair, 89c.

Men's 75c caps at 35c
Men's good warm winter caps, in plush, corduroy and chinchilla cloth, worth 75c, in this hour at 35c.

Babies' cloaks at 95c
Babies' cashmere or bedford cord long or short cloaks, neatly made with heavy lining, at only 95c.

Women's $3 skirts, 1.90
Made of fine unfinished worsteds, strapped with satin bands, good quality percaline lining, regular $3.00 skirts in this hour for 1.90.

Women's $2 waists, 91c
Stylish all-wool flannel, tricot flannel and French flannel waists, in black, blue, brown and red, all the new effects, worth $1.50 and $2.00, at 91c.

1 TO 2 P. M. TODAY.

75c dress goods, yd., 29c
Manufacturers' samples of exceptionally fine dress goods, all the popular styles and swell colors, from 2 to 8 yds. in each piece, the usual 75c qualities, at, yd., 29c.

85 rugs at 2.98
Splendid Japanese rugs in oriental patterns, reds, blues, soft-tone green and cerise, will give excellent wear, size 4½ ft.—also hall strips up to 12 ft. in length, worth $5.00, at 2.98.

Battenberg doylies, 15c
Hand-made pure linen Battenberg doylies, small size, 15c. Silk floss pillows with muslin cover, dust proof, 16 in. square, at 15c. (Art dept.) Net top and platt val. laces, also cambric embroideries, yd., 15c.

Men's 50c underwear, 25c
Fine Jersey ribbed fleece lined undershirts and drawers, will wear splendidly, usually sold for 50c, in this hour at 25c.

$6 worth wall paper, 2.98
10 bolts of handsome gold and embossed wall paper, 6 bolts of ceiling and 3 bolts of 18 in. border, in all the new styles and beautiful light and dark colors, worth $6.00, all for only 2.98.

Gas lamps at 38c
"Brilliant" incandescent gas lamps, complete with burner, mantle, shade and chimney, good value for 38c.

25c feathers at 5c
A large collection of fancy feathers, wings, breasts, etc., all so much in vogue now for trimming hats, not more than two of each style, worth up to 25c, at 5c.

$1.50 long pants, 63c
Young men's blue and black cheviot trousers, neatly made, sizes 27 to 32, worth $1.50, at 63c. Odd vests, sizes 3 to 16, at only 15c.

Dress linings, yd., 6¼c
Good quality dress linings, such as spun glass and silk finished percaline, at, yd., 6¼c.

$1.50 rope portieres, 79c
Made of good quality hard twisted rope, two-toned and solid color effects, 3 yds. long, suitable for single doors, worth $1.25 and $1.50, at 79c.

75c cobbler sets, 49c
"Economy" cobbler sets, consisting of stand, 3 shoe lasts, knife, brad-awl, pegs, hammer, brads, etc., worth 75c, at 49c.

Prunes, 5 lbs. for 25c
The famous Santa Clara valley prunes, thin skin, fine flavor, at 5 lbs. for 25c.

Men's $2 shoes, 1.35
Men's good wax calf shoes, heavy double soles, worth $2.00 pair, at 1.35.

Women's $6 suits, 3.00
Made of excellent cheviots in blues and browns, tight and loose fitting jackets, five gored skirts with deep graduated flounce, percaline lined, worth $5.00 and $6.00, at 3.00.

Youths' $5 suits, 2.50
Odd lot of young men's strictly all-wool mixed cheviot and cassimere suits, medium colors, sizes 15 to 20, worth $5.00, at 2.50.

Women's union suits, 15c
Women's and children's heavy fleeced ribbed union suits, in natural color—also odd lot of children's vests, all sizes, at 15c.

Scarfs and shams, ea., 25c
Lawn scarfs and pillow shams, with wide hem and rows of insertion, each, 25c. Roman striped pillow slips with tassel at each corner, ready for the pillow, at 25c. (Art dept.) Women's embroidery or lace edge handkerchiefs, worth 50c, at 25c.

Men's half hose, 10c
Odd lot of men's fancy cotton or lisle half hose, have been selling up to 30c pair, at only 10c.

Girls' $3 dresses, 1.98
Girls' or misses' stylish dresses, in all-wool flannel, fancy material or cashmere, brown, blue, red, green, etc., blouse or dress effect, neatly trimmed, worth $3.00, at 1.98.

2 TO 3 P. M. TODAY.

10c paper books, 3c
Robert Chambers' "In the Quarter," J. A. Stewart's "In the Day of Battle," Hallie Rives' "Smoking Flax," Madison Peter's "Panacea for Poverty," Gilson Willett's "The Loves of Twenty and One," etc.—all paper bound, worth 10c, at 3c.

50c knit toques, 27c
Boys' and girls' knit toques, consisting of a manufacturer's surplus stock, all colors—the 50c ones for 27c—the 75c ones for 42c. (Hat dept.)

$2.50 jersey coats, 98c
Men's garnet, tan and cream Polar Jersey coats that have been selling up to $2.50, go at 98c. (Men's furnishing dept.)

15c match holders, 5c
Imported china match holders and ash trays, very pretty and useful, worth up to 15c each, at 5c.

Girls' $1.25 dresses, 62c
Made of plaid and mixed materials, nicely trimmed, extra wide skirt, lined throughout, sizes 4 to 14, worth $1.25, at 62c.

Graniteware at 15c
Lot of dinner buckets, tea pots, milk cans, cuspidors, etc.—in this hour at 15c.

Long cloth, yd., 6¼c
Fine soft finished English long cloth—also fine white cambric, good qualities, at, yd., 6¼c.

36-in. satin, yd., 89c
Heavy weight lining satin, in black, tan and brown, worth $1.00 and $1.25, at, yd., 89c. 24 in. wide moire velour silk for dress, waist, lining and trimming purposes, at, yd., 39c.

$4 lace curtains, pr. 1.99
1, 2 and 3 pair lots of real Irish point, brussels net and cable net curtains, in scroll and antique borders, slightly soiled, 50 in. wide and 3½ yds. long, worth $3.50 and $4.00, at, pair, 1.99.

Women's $5 skirts, 3.50
Made of fine quality mellons, new slot seams, tailor stitched straps, many rows of tailor stitching at bottom, worth $5.00, at 3.50.

Men's $1.50 sweaters, 88c
Men's extra fine all-wool sweaters, in plain colors and combination stripes, worth $1.50, at 88c.

Sewing machines, 10.00
All good makes, in perfect working order, slightly shopworn, have sold as high as $25.00, go in this hour only at 10.00.

Boys' $6 clothing, 3.00
Boys' elegant heavy serge sailor, Russian blouse and sailor collar Norfolk suits, richly embroidered—also 2 and 3-piece double-breasted suits, Russian overcoats and reefers, worth $5.00 and $6.00, at 3.00.

Misses' 15c insoles, 5c
Misses' lamb's wool insoles, all sizes 11 to 2, regular price 15c, reduced for this hour to pair, 5c. (Shoe dept.)

Soap, 7 cakes, 25c
Fairbank's "Fairy" or "Santa Claus" soap, usually sold for 5c cake, now 7 cakes for 25c. (Grocery dept.) Fairbank's flaked wheat, 2 lb. pkgs., worth 15c pkg., at 10c.

Horn hairpins, doz., 10c
Women's unlaundered pure linen handkerchiefs with embroidered initial, 10c. White pearl buttons, 2 doz. on card for 10c. Large pin cubes, 10c. Over-sleeves, pair, 10c.

75c spectacles at 21c
Fine gold plated spectacles in all styles, also nose glasses, fitted to your eyes with fine lenses—worth 75c, at 21c.

$1.50 door mats, 80c
Wire door mats, made of woven steel wire, for winter use—also fine twill cocoa mats in plain or mottled colors, size 18x27 in., worth $1.50, at 80c.

Women's drawers, 7c
Well made of good muslin, yoke band—also corset covers with pearl buttons, at 7c.

3 TO 4 P. M. TODAY.

Glassware at 10c
Special hour sale of thin blown table goblets, wine glasses, tumblers, etc.—engraved and needle etched, and in fancy colors—worth up to $3.00 doz., at, each, 10c. Also china cups and saucers and salad dishes, worth up to 25c, choice 10c.

Lekko powder, 15c
The well-known kitchen and laundry necessity—full 4 lb package, sold generally at 25c, for this hour at 15c.

Women's slippers, 39c
Women's felt house slippers, in red or black, without heels, worth every cent of 75c, for 39c.

Wool blankets, pr., 3.50
11-4 size all-wool blankets, white, plaid and gray, all the best makes, soft and fleecy, at, per pair, 3.50.

Men's $1.50 gloves, 75c
Adler's men's dogskin gloves, in new tan shades—(fall finish)—the usual $1.50 kind for 75c.

Youths' $7.00 suits, 3.75
Young men's all-wool fancy cheviot and cassimere suits in dark mixtures or plain blue and black, sizes 14 to 20, regular price $7.00, for this hour only at 3.75.

Silverware at 2.25
Rogers' triple silver plated knives and forks, fancy handle forks, will give good wear, 2.25 per set.

18c denims, at, yd., 9c
36 inch plain and figured denims—also colored mulls and white dotted swisses for sash curtains, regular prices 12½c, 15c and 18c, go at, yd., 9c.

Men's reefers, 2.25
Men's heavy weight reefers and pea jackets, with large storm collars and heavy cassimere lining—worth $4.00, for this hour only at 2.25.

Room-size rugs, 18.00
9x12 ft. Wiltons and royal Axminsters, in parlor, library or dining room designs, floral, oriental or medallion centers, all new designs, worth up to $30.00, choice, each, 18.00.

Hot water bags, 29c
Or Gossett fountain syringes, with full set of hard rubber tubes, 2 and 3 quart size—each one warranted for one year—this hour only, 29c.

$3 wall paper for 1.27
16 bolts of beautiful light and dark colored wall paper, 6 bolts of ceiling and 3 bolts of 18 inch border to match, worth $3.00, all for 1.27.

Fine dress goods, 17c
Meltons, jacquards and plain suitings in black, gray, oxford, blue, brown, green and bright shades, yd., 17c.

35c pocketbooks, 10c
Slightly soiled and shopworn combination pocketbooks of solid leather that have been selling for 25c and 35c, go at 10c.

Net corsets, ⅓ off
All the unmade net robes in our trimming dept., including black and white, trimmed with jury and lace or appliqué—waist and sleeves to match—all offered at ⅓ regular prices. Fur collars and reveres can be attached to any coat, ⅓ price.

44-in. grenadine, yd., 50c
All-silk grenadines, full 44 inches wide, in shades of pink, blue and white, for women's costumes and children's dresses, regular $1.00 value for 50c. Also corded Jap. wash silks, 1903 designs and colorings, for entire suits, dresses and waists, for this hour, yd., 39c.

Women's felt hats, 9c
We are closing out a miscellaneous lot of women's and children's camel's hair felt shapes and a few ready-to-wear ones. They are all soiled, but when new sold for many, many times this price—choice 9c.

Child's dresses, 15c
Children's flangelette dresses, from 1 to 5 years old, also cambric slips, trimmed with cambric ruffles,

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MINNEAPOLIS' SHAME DUE TO "PERSONAL PLATFORM"

AMES, A LAW UNTO HIMSELF, BOLDLY ENTERED GRAFT GAME, LEVYING TRIBUTE EVERYWHERE

Invited Thieves and Gamblers to the City, Formed Groups and Arranged for Periodical Collections.

FELONS FREED FROM JAIL TO JOIN IN CROOKED WORK

Abandoned Women Compelled to Contribute Heavily--"Big Mitt" Stud Poker Swindling Produced a Large Sum.

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Whenever anything extraordinary is done in American municipal politics, whether for good or for evil, you can trace it almost invariably to one man. The people do not do it. Neither do the "gangs," "combines," or political parties. These are but instruments by which bosses (not leaders; we Americans are not led, but driven) rule the people, and commonly sell them out. But there are at least two forms of the autocracy which has supplanted the democracy here as it has everywhere it has been tried. One is that of the organized majority by which, as in Tammany Hall in New York and the Republican machine in Philadelphia, the boss has normal control of more than half the voters. The other is that of the adroitly managed minority. The "good people" are herded into parties and stupefied with convictions and a name, Republican or Democrat; while the "bad people" are so organized or interested by the boss that he can wield their votes to enforce terms with party managers and decide elections. St. Louis is a conspicuous example of this form. Minneapolis is another. Col. Ed. Butler is the unscrupulous opportunist who handled the non-partisan minority which turned St. Louis into a "boodle town." In Minneapolis "Doc" Ames was the man.

Some Minneapolis Characteristics.

Minneapolis is a New England town on the upper Mississippi. The metropolis of the northwest, it is the metropolis also of Norway and Sweden in America. Indeed, it is the second largest Scandinavian city in the world. But Yankees, straight from down east, settled the town, and their New England spirit predominates. They had Bayard Taylor lecture there in the early days of the settlement; they made it the seat of the University of Minnesota. Yet even now, when the town has grown to a population of more than 200,000, you feel that there is something western about it, for—as Yankee with a small Puritan head, an open prairie heart, and a great, big Scandinavian body. The Roundhead takes the Swede and Norwegian bone out into the woods, and they cut lumber by forests, or they go out on the prairie and raise wheat and mill it into fleet-cargoes of flour. They work hard, they make money, they are sober, satisfied, busy with their own affairs. There isn't much time for public business. Taken together, Mikes, Hans and Ole are very American. Mikes insists upon strict laws. Ole and Hans want one or two Scandinavians on their ticket. These things granted, they go off on raft or reaper, leaving whoso will to enforce the laws and run the city.

The people who were left to govern the city hated, above all things, strict laws. They were the loafers, saloonkeepers, gamblers, criminals and the thriftless poor of all nationalities. Resenting the sobriety of a staid, industrious community, and having no Irish to boss them, they delighted to follow the jovial pioneer doctor, Albert Alonzo Ames.

Ames Was a "Good Fellows."

He was the "good fellow"—a genial, generous reprobate. Devery, Tweed, and many more have exposed in vain this amiable type. "Doc" Ames, tall, straight and cheerful, attracted men, and they gave him votes for his smiles. He stood for license. There was nothing of the Puritan about him. His father, Albert Ames, had a strong strain of it in him, but he moved on with his family of six sons from Garden Prairie, Ill., to Fort Snelling reservation, in 1851, before Minneapolis was founded, and young Albert Alonzo, who then was 10 years old, grew up free, easy and tolerant. He was sent to school, then to college in Chicago, and he returned home a doctor of medicine before he was 21.

As the town waxed soberer and richer, "Doc" grew gayer and more and more generous. Skilful as a surgeon, devoted as a physician, and as a man kindly, he increased his practice till he was the best-loved man in the community. He was especially good to the poor. Anybody could summon "Doc" Ames at any hour to any distance. He went, and he gave not only his professional service, but sympathy, and often charity. "Richer men than you will pay your bill," he told the destitute. So there was a basis for his "goodfellowship." There always is; these good fellows are not frauds—not in the beginning.

Where Vanity Made Its Appearance.

But there is another side to them sometimes. Ames was sunshine, not to the sick and destitute only. To the vicious and the depraved also he was a comfort. If a man was a hard drinker, the good doctor cheered him with another drink; if he had been something, the doctor helped to get him off. He was naturally vain; popularity developed his love of approbation. His loose life brought disapproval only from the good people, so gradually the doctor came to enjoy best the society of the barroom and the streets. This society, flattered in turn, worshiped the good doctor, and, active in politics always, put its physician into the arena.

Had he been wise, or even shrewd, he might have made himself a real power. But he wasn't calculating, only light and frivolous, so he did not organize his forces and run men for office. He sought office himself from the start, and he got most of the small places he wanted by changing his party to seize the opportunity. His floating minority, added to the regular partisan vote, was sufficient ordinarily for his useless victories. As time went on he rose from smaller offices to be a Republican mayor, then twice at intervals to be a Democratic mayor. He was a candidate once for congress; he stood for governor once on a sort of Populist-Democrat ticket. Ames could not get anything outside of his own town, and after his third term as mayor it was thought he was out of politics altogether. He was getting old, and he was getting worse.

Like many a "good fellow" with hosts of miscellaneous friends downtown to whom he was devoted, the good doctor neglected his own family. From neglect he went on openly to separation from his wife and a second establishment. The climax came not long before the election of 1900. His wife was dying, and his daughter wrote to her father a note saying that her mother wished to see and forgive him.

Manhood's Instincts Gone.

The messenger found him in a saloon. The doctor read the note, laid it on the bar, and scribbled across it a sentence incredibly obscene. His wife died. The outraged family would not have the father at the funeral, but he appeared, not at the house, but in a carriage on the street. He sat across the way, with his feet up and a cigar in his mouth, till the funeral moved; then he circled around, crossing it and meeting it, and making altogether a scene which might well close any man's career.

It didn't end his. The people had just secured the passage of a new primary law to establish direct popular government. There were to be no more nominations by convention. The voters were to ballot for their party candidates. By a slip of some sort the laws did not specify that Republicans only should vote for Republican candidates, and only Democrats for Democratic candidates. Any voter could vote at either primary. Ames, in disrepute with his own party, the Democratic, bade his followers vote for his nomination for mayor on the Republican ticket. They all voted; not all the Republicans did. He was nominated. Nomination is far from election, and you would say that the trick would not help him. But that was a presidential year, so the people of Minneapolis had to vote for Ames, the Republican candidate for mayor. Besides, Ames said he was going to reform; that he was getting old, and wanted to close his career with a good administration. The effective argument, however, was that, since McKinley had to be elected to save the country, Ames must be supported for mayor of Minneapolis. Why? The great American people cannot be trusted to scratch a ticket.

Opened Career of Corruption.

Well, Minneapolis got its old mayor back, and he was reformed. Up to this time Ames had not been very venal personally. He was a "spender," not a "grafter," and he was guilty of corruption chiefly by proxy; he took the honors and left the spoils to his followers. His administrations were no worse than the worst. Now, however, he set out upon a career of corruption which for deliberateness, invention and avarice has never been equaled. It was as if he had made up his mind that he had been careless long enough, and meant to enrich his last years. He began early.

Immediately upon his election, before he took office (on January 7), he organized a cabinet and laid plans to turn the city over to outlaws who were to work under police direction for the profit of his administration. He chose for chief his brother, Col. Fred W. Ames, who had recently returned under a cloud from service in the Philippines. The colonel had commanded a Minnesota regiment out there till he proved a coward under fire; he escaped court-martial only on the understanding that he should resign on reaching San Francisco, whither he was immediately shipped. This he did not do, and his brother's influence at Washington saved him to be mustered out with the regiment. But he was a weak vessel for chief of police, and the mayor picked for chief of detectives an abler man, who was to direct the more difficult operations. This was Norman W. King, a former gambler, who knew the criminals needed in the business ahead. King was to invite to Minneapolis thieves, confidence men, pickpockets and gamblers, and release some that were in the local jail. They were to be organized into groups, according to their profesion, and detectives were assigned to assist and direct them.

Collectors for Different "Grafts."

The head of the gambling syndicate was to have charge of the gambling, making the terms and collecting the "graft." Just as King and a Capt. Hill were to collect from the thieves. The collector for women of the town was to be Irwin A. Gardner, a medical student in the doctor's office, who was made a special policeman for the purpose. These men looked over the force, selected those men who could be trusted, charged them a price for their retention, and marked for dismissal 107 men out of 225, the 107 being the best policemen in the department from the point of view of the citizens who afterward reorganized the force. John Fitchette, better known as "Coffee John," a Virginian who served on the Jeff Davis jury), the keeper of a notorious coffee house, was to be a captain of police, with no duties except to sell places on the police force.

And they did these things that they planned—all and more. The administration opened with the evolution of the police force. They liberated the thieves in the local jail, and made known to the under world generally that "things were doing" in Minneapolis. The incoming swindlers reported to King or his staff for instructions, and went to work, turning the "swag" over to the detectives in charge. Gambling went on openly, and disorderly houses multiplied under the fostering care of Gardner, the medical student. But all this was not enough. Ames dared to break openly into the municipal system of vice protection.

How Ames Protected Vice.

There was such a thing. Minneapolis, strict in its laws, forbade vices which are inevitable, then regularly permitted them under certain conditions. Legal limits, called "patrol lines," were prescribed, within which saloons might be opened. These ran along the river front, out through part of the business section, with long arms reaching into the Scandinavian quarters, north and south. Gambling also was confined, but more narrowly. And there were limits, also arbitrary, but not always identical with those for gambling, within which the social evil was allowed. But the novel feature of this scheme was that disorderly houses were practically licensed by the city, the women appearing before the clerk of the municipal court each month to pay "a fine" of $100. Unable at first to get this "graft," Ames' man Gardner persuaded women to start houses, apartments, and, of all things, candy stores, which sold sweets to children and tobacco to the "Jumber Jacks" in front, while a nefarious traffic was carried on in the rear. But they paid Ames, not the city, and that was all the reform administration cared about.

The revenue from all these sources must have been enormous. It only whetted the avarice of the mayor and his cabinet. They let gambling privileges without restriction to location or "squareness;" the syndicate could cheat and rob as it would. Peddlers and pawnbrokers, formerly licensed by the city, bought permits now instead from "Gardner's father," A. L. Gardner, who was the mayor's agent in this field.

Slot Machines Also Produced.

Some 200 slot machines were installed in various parts of the town, with owner's agent and mayor's agent watching and collecting enough from them to pay the mayor $15,000 a year as his share. Auction frauds were instituted. Opium joints and unlicensed saloons, called "blind pigs," were protected. Gardner even had a police baseball team, for whose games tickets were sold to people who had to buy them. But the women were the easiest "graft." They were compelled to buy illustrated biographies of the city officials; they had to give presents of money, jewelry and gold stars to police officers. But the money they still paid direct to the city in fines, some $35,000 a year, fretted the mayor, and at last he reached for it.

He came out with a declaration, in his old character as friend of the oppressed, that $100 a month was too much for these women to pay. They should be required to pay the city fine only once in two months. This puzzled the town till it became generally known that Gardner collected the other month for the mayor. The final outrage in this department, however, was an order of the mayor for the periodic visits to disorderly houses, by the city's physicians, at from $5 to $20 per visit. The two physicians he appointed called when they willed, and more and more frequently, till toward the end the calls became a pure formality, with the collections as the one and only object.

City Became Thieves' Rendezvous.

In a general way all this business was known. It did not arouse the citizens, but it did attract criminals, and more and more thieves and swindlers came hurrying to Minneapolis. Some of them saw the police, and made terms. Some were seen by the police and invited to go to work. There was room for all. This astonishing fact that the government of a city asked criminals to rob the people is fully established. The police and the criminals have confessed it separately. Their statements agree in detail. Detective Norbeck made the arrangement, and introduced the swindlers to Gardner, who, over King's head, took the money from them. Here is the story "Billy" Edwards, a "big mitt" man, told under oath of his reception in Minneapolis:

"I had been out to the coast, and hadn't seen Norbeck for some time. After I returned I boarded a Minneapolis car one evening to go down to South Minneapolis to visit a friend. Norbeck and Detective DeLaittre were on the car.

"When Norbeck saw me he came up and shook hands, and said, 'Hullo, Billy, how goes it?' I said, 'Not very well.' Then he says, 'Things have changed since you went away. Me and Gardner are the whole thing now. Before you left they thought I didn't know anything, but I turned a few tricks, and now I'm it.' 'I'm glad of that, Chris,' I said. He says, 'I've got great things for you. I'm going to fix up a joint for you.' 'That's good,' I said, 'but I don't believe you can do it.' 'Oh, yes, I can,' he replied. 'I'm it now—Gardner and me.' 'Well, if you can do it,' says I, 'there's money in it.' 'How much can you pay?' he asked. 'Oh, $15[illegible] or $200 a week,' says I. 'That settles it,' he said; 'I'll take you down to see Gardner, and we'll fix it up.' Then he made an appointment to meet me the next night, and we went down to Gardner's house together."

Women Compelled to Pay Heavily.

There Gardner talked business in general, showed his drawer full of bills, and jokingly asked how Edwards would like to have them. Edwards says:

"I said, 'That looks pretty good to me,' and Gardner told us that he had 'collected' the money from the women he had on his staff, and that he was going to pay it over to the 'old man' when he got back from his hunting trip next morning. Afterward he told me that the mayor had been much pleased with our $500, and that he said everything was all right, and for us to go ahead."

"Link" Crossman, another confidence man who was with Edwards, said that Gardner demanded $1,000 at first, but compromised on $500 for the mayor, $50 for Gardner, and $50 for Norbeck. To the chief, Fred Ames, they gave tips now and then of $25 or $50. "The first week we ran," said Crossman, "I gave Fred $15. Norbeck took me down there. We shook hands, and I handed him an envelope with $15. He pulled out a list of steerers we had sent him, and he said he wanted to go over them with me. He asked where the joint was located. At another time I slipped $25 into his hand as he was standing in the hallway of City hall." But these smaller payments, after the first "opening, $500," are all down on the pages of the "big mitt" ledger, photographs of which illuminate this article. This notorious book, which was kept by Charlie Howard, one of the "big mitt" men, was much talked of at the subsequent trials, but was kept hidden to await the trial of the mayor himself.

"Stacked Hands" and "Big Mitts."

The "big mitt" game was swindling by means of a stacked hand at stud poker. "Steerers" and "boosters" met "suckers" on the street, at hotels, and railway stations, won their confidence, and led them to the "joint." Usually the "sucker" was called, by the amount of his loss, "the $102 man" or "the $35 man." Roman Meix alone had the distinction among all the Minneapolis victims of going by his own name. Having lost $775, he became known for his persistent complainings. But they all "kicked" some. To Norbeck at the street door was assigned the duty of hearing their complaints and "throwing a scare into them." "Oh, so you've been gambling!" he would say. "Have you got a license? Well, then, you better get right out of this town." Sometimes he accompanied them to the station and saw them off. If they were not to be put off thus, he directed them to the chief of police. Fred Ames tried to wear them out by keeping them waiting in the anteroom. If they outlasted him, he saw them and frightened them with threats of all sorts of trouble for gambling without a license. Meix wanted to have payment on his check stopped. Ames, who had been a bank clerk, told him so, and then had the effrontery to say that payment on such a check could not be stopped.

Burglaries were common. How many the police planned may never be known. Charles F. Brackett and Fred Malone, police captains and detectives, were active, and one well established crime of theirs is the robbery of the Pabst Brewing Company office. They persuaded two men, one an employe, to learn the combination of the safe, open and clean it out one night, while the two officers stood guard outside.

Sheriff "Got Busy," Was Fired.

The excess of the municipal administration became so notorious that some of the members of it remonstrated with the others, and certain county officers were genuinely alarmed. No restraint followed their warnings. Sheriff Megaarden, no Puritan himself, felt constrained to interfere, and he made some arrests of gamblers. The Ames people turned upon him in a fury; they accused him of making overcharges in his accounts with the county for fees, and laying the evidence before Gov. Van Sant, they had Megaarden removed from office. Ames offered bribes to two county commissioners to appoint Gardner sheriff, so as to be sure of no more trouble in that quarter. This move failed, but the lesson taught Megaarden served to clear the atmosphere, and the spoliation went on as recklessly as ever. It became impossible.

Even lawlessness must be regulated. Dr. Ames, never an organizer, attempted no control, and his followers began to quarrel among themselves. They deceived one another; they robbed the thieves; they robbed Ames himself. His brother became dissatisfied with his share of the spoils, and formed cabals with captains who plotted against the administration and set up disorderly houses, "panel games," and all sorts of "grafts" of their own. The one man loyal to the mayor was Gardner, and Fred Ames, Capt. King and their pals, plotted the fall of the favorite. Now anybody could get anything from the doctor, if he could have him alone.

The Fred Ames clique chose a time when the mayor was at West Baden; they filled him with suspicion of Gardner and the fear of exposure, and induced him to let a creature named "Reddy" Cohen, instead of Gardner, do the collecting, and pay over all the moneys, not directly, but through Fred. Gardner made a touching appeal. "I have been honest. I have paid you all," he said to the mayor. "Fred and the rest will rob you." This was true, but it was of no avail.

How the Women Were Bled.

Fred Ames was in charge at last, and he himself went about giving notice of the change. Three detectives were with him when he visited the women, and here is the women's story, in the words of one, as it was told again and again in court: "Col. Ames came in with the detectives. He stepped into a side room and asked me if I had been paying Gardner. I told him I had, and he told me not to pay no more, but to come to his office later, and he would let me know what to do. I went to the city hall in about three weeks, after Cohen had called and said he was 'the party.' I asked the chief if it was all right to pay Cohen, and he said it was."

The new arrangement did not work so smoothly as the old. Cohen was an oppressive collector, and Fred Ames, appealed to, was weak and lenient. He had no sure hold on the force. His captains, free of Gardner, were undermining the chief. They increased their private operations. Some of the detectives began to drink hard and neglect their work. Norbeck so worried the "big mitt" men by staying away from the joint that they complained to Fred about him. The chief rebuked Norbeck, and he promised to "do better," but thereafter he was paid, not by the week, but by piece work—so much for each "trimmed sucker" that he ran out of town. Protected swindlers were arrested for operating in the street by "Coffee John's" new policemen, who took the places of the negligent detectives. Fred let the indignant prisoners go when they were brought before him, but the arrests were annoying, inconvenient, and disturbed business. The whole system became so demoralized that every man was for himself. There was not left even the traditional honor among thieves.

Grand Juryman Started Investigation.

It was at this juncture, in April, 1902, that the grand jury for the summer term was drawn. An ordinary body of unselected citizens, it received no special instructions from the bench; the county prosecutor offered it one routine work to do. But there was a man among them who was a fighter—the foreman, Hovey C. Clarke. He was of an old New England family. Coming to Minneapolis when a young man, 17 years before, he had fought for employment, fought with his employers for position, fought with his employes, the lumber Jacks, for command, fought for his company against competitors; and he had won always, till now he had the habit of command, the impatient, imperious manner of the master, and the assurance of success which begets it. He did not want to be grand juryman, he did not want to be a foreman; but since he was both, he wanted to accomplish something.

Went After the Ames Gang.

Why not rip up the Ames gang? Heads shook, hands went up; it was useless to try. The discouragement fled Clarke. That was just what he would do, he said, and he took stock of his jury. Two or three were men with backbone; that he knew, and he quickly had them with him. The rest were all sorts of men. Mr. Clarke won over each man to himself, and interested them all. Then he called for the county prosecutor. The prosecutor was a politician; he knew the Ames crowd; they were too powerful to attack.

"You are excused," said the foreman.

There was a scene; the prosecutor knew his rights.

"Do you think, Mr. Clarke," he cried, "that you can run the grand jury and my office, too?"

"Yes," said Clarke, "I will run your office if I want to; and I want to. You're excused."

Mr. Clarke does not talk much about his doings last summer; he isn't the talking sort. But he does say that all he did was to apply simple business methods to his problem. In action, however, these turned out to be the most approved police methods. He hired a lot of local detectives who he knew would talk about what they were doing, and thus would be watched by the police. Having thus thrown a false scent, he hired some other detectives whom nobody knew about.

Prisoners Tell Some Tales.

This was expensive; so were many of the other things he did, but he was bound to win, so he paid the price, drawing freely on his own and his colleagues' pockets. (The total cost to the county for a long summer's work by this grand jury was $250.) With his detectives out, he himself went to the jail to get tips from the inside, from criminals who, being there, must have grievances. He made the acquaintance of the jailor, Capt. Alexander, and Alexander was a friend of Sheriff Megaarden. Yes, he had some men there who were "sore" and might want to get even.

Now two of these were "big mitt" men who had worked for Gardner. One was "Billy" Edwards, the other "Cheerful Charlie" Howard. I heard too many explanations of their plight to choose any one; this general account will cover the ground: In the Ames melee, either by mistake, neglect, or for spite, growing out of the network of conflicting interests and gangs, they were arrested, arraigned, not before Fred Ames, but a judge, and held in bail too high for them to furnish. They had paid for an unexpired period of protection, yet could get neither protection nor bail. They were forgotten. "We got the double cross all right," they said, and they bled with their grievance; but sqeal, no, sir!—that was "another deal."

Reaching After Mayor Ames.

But Mr. Clarke had their story, and he was bound to force them to tell it under oath on the stand. If they did, Gardner and Norbeck would be indicted, tried, and probably convicted. In themselves, these men were of no great importance; but they were the key to the situation, and a way up to the mayor. It was worth trying. Mr. Clarke went into the jail with Messrs. Lester Elwood and Willard J. Hield, grand jurors on whom he relied most for delicate work. They stood by while the foreman talked. And the foreman's way of talking was to smile, swear, threaten and cajole. "Billy" Edwards told me afterwards that he and Howard were finally persuaded to turn state's evidence, because they believed that Mr. Clarke was the kind of a man to keep his promises and fulfil his threats.

"We," he said, meaning criminals generally, "are always stacking up against juries, and lawyers who want us to holler. We don't, because we see they ain't wise, and won't get there. They're quitters; they can be pulled off. Clarke has a hard eye. I know men. It's my business to size 'em up, and I took him for a winner, and I played in with him against that whole big bunch of easy things that was running things on the bum."

The grand jury was ready at the end of three weeks of hard work to find bills. A prosecutor was needed. The public prosecutor was being ignored, but his first assistant and friend, Al. J. Smith, was taken in hand by Mr. Clarke. Smith hesitated; he knew better even than the foreman the power and resources of the Ames gang.

Assistant Attorney Did Good Work.

But he came to believe in Mr. Clarke, just as Edwards had; he was sure the foreman would win; so he went over to his side, and, having once decided, he led the open fighting, and, alone in court, won cases against men who had the best lawyers in the state to defend them. His court record is extraordinary. Moreover, he took over the negotiations with criminals for evidence, Messrs. Clarke, Hield, Elwood and the other jurors providing means and moral support. These were needed. Bribes were offered to Smith; he was threatened; he was called a fool. But so was Clarke, to whom $28,000 was offered to quit, and for whose slaughter a slugger was hired to come from Chicago. What startled the jury most, however, was the character of the citizens who were sent to them to dissuade them from their course. No reform I ever studied has failed to bring out this phenomenon of virtuous cowardice, the baseness of the decent citizen.

Nothing stopped this jury, however. They had courage. They indicted Gardner, Norbeck, Fred Ames and many lesser persons. But the gang had courage, too, and raised a defense fun to fight Clarke. Mayor Ames was defiant. Once, when Mr. Clarke called at the city hall, the mayor met and challenged him. The mayor's heelers were all about him, but Clarke faced him.

"Yes, Doc. Ames, I'm after you," he said. "I've been in this town for 17 years, and all that time you've been a moral leper. I hear you were rotten during the 10 years before that. Now I'm going to put you where all contagious things are put—where you cannot contaminate anybody else."

Grafters Quickly Convicted.

The trial of Gardner came on. Efforts had been made to persuade him to surrender the mayor, but the young man was paid $15,000 "to stand pat," and he went to trial and conviction silent. Other trials followed fast—Norbeck's, Fred Ames', Chief of Detectives King's. Witnesses who were out of the state were needed, and true testimony from women. There was no county money for extradition, so the grand jurors paid these costs also. They had Meix followed from Michigan down to Mexico and back to Idaho, where they got him, and he was presented in court one day at the trial of Norbeck, who had "steered" him out of town. Norbeck thought Meix was a thousand miles away, and had been bold before.

At the sight of him in court he started to his feet, and that night ran away. The jury spent more money in his pursuit, and they caught him. He confessed, but his evidence was not accepted. He was sentenced to three years in state's prison. Men caved all around, but the women were firm, and the first trial of Fred Ames failed. To break the women's faith in the ring, Mayor Ames was indicted for offering the bribe to have Gardner made sheriff—a genuine, but not the best case against him. It brought the women down to the truth, and Fred Ames, retired, was convicted and sentenced to six and a half years in state's prison. King was tried for accessory to felony (helping in the theft of a diamond, which he afterward stole from the thieves), and sentenced to three and a half years in prison. And still the indictments came, with trials following fast. Al. Smith resigned with the consent and thanks of the grand jury; his chief, who was to run for the same office again, wanted to try the rest of the cases, and he did very well.

Law and Order Gain Recruits.

All men were now on the side of law and order. The panic among the "grafters" was laughable, in spite of its hideous significance. Two heads of departments against whom nothing had been shown suddenly ran away, and thus suggested to the grand jury an inquiry which revealed another source of "graft," in the sale of supplies to public institutions and the diversion of great quantities of provisions to the private residences of the mayor and other officials. Mayor Ames, under indictment and heavy bonds for extortion, conspiracy and bribe offering, left the state on a night train; a gentleman who knew him by sight saw him sitting up at 11 o'clock in the smoking room of the sleeping car, an unlighted cigar in his mouth, his face ashen and drawn, and at 6 o'clock the next morning he still was sitting there, his cigar still unlighted.

He went to West Baden, a health resort in Indiana, a sick and broken man, aging years in a month. The city was without a mayor, the ring was without a leader; cliques ruled, and they pictured one another hanging about the grand jury room begging leave to turn state's evidence. Tom Brown, the mayor's secretary, was in the mayor's chair; across the hall sat Fred Ames, the chief of police, balancing Brown's light weight. Both were busy forming cliques within the ring. Brown had on his side Coffee John and Police Captain Hill. Ames had Capt. "Norm" King (though he had been convicted and had resigned), Capt. Krumweide, and Ernest Wheelock, the chief's secretary.

Alderman D. Percy Jones, the president of the council, an honorable man, should have taken the chair, but he was in the east; so this unstable equilibrium was all the city had by way of a government.

Conspiring to Control the City.

Then Fred Ames disappeared. The Tom Brown clique had full sway, and took over the police department. This was a shock to everybody, to none more than to the King clique, which joined in the search for Ames. An alderman, Fred M. Powers, who was to run for mayor on the Republican ticket, took charge of the mayor's office, but he was not sure of his authority or clear as to his policy. The grand jury was the real power behind him, and the foreman was telegraphing for Alderman Jones. Meanwhile the cliques were making appeals to Mayor Ames, in West Baden, and each side that saw him received authority to do its will. The Coffee John clique, denied admission to the grand jury room, turned to Alderman Powers, and were beginning to feel secure, when they heard that Fred Ames was coming back. They rushed around and obtained an assurance from the exiled mayor that Fred was returning only to resign. Fred—now under conviction—returned, but he did not resign; supported by his friends, he took charge again of the police force.

Coffee John berought Alderman Powers to remove the chief, and when the acting mayor proved himself too timid, Coffee John, Tom Brown and Capt. Hill laid a deep plot. They would ask Mayor Ames to remove his brother. This they felt sure they could persuade the "old man" to do. The difficulty was to keep him from changing his mind when the other side should reach his ear. They hit upon a bold expedient. They would urge the "old man" to remove Fred and then resign himself, so that he could not undo the deed that they wanted done. Coffee John and Capt. Hill slipped out of town one night; they reached West Baden on one train and they left for home on the next, with a demand for Fred's resignation in one hand and the mayor's own in the other.

Fred Ames Quit Office.

Fred Ames did resign, and though the mayor's resignation was laid aside for while to avoid the expense of a special election, all looked well for Coffee John and his clique. They had Fred out, and Alderman Powers was to make them great. But Mr. Powers wobbled. No doubt the grand jury spoke to him. At any rate he turned most unexpectedly on both cliques together. He turned out Tom Brown, but he turned out also Coffee John, and he did not make their man chief of police, but another of some else's selection. A number of resignations was the result, and these the acting mayor accepted, making a clearing of astonished rascals which was very gratifying to the grand jury and to the nervous citizens of Minneapolis.

But the town was not yet easy. The grand jury, which was the actual head of the government, was about to be discharged, and, besides, their work was destructive. A constructive force was now needed, and Alderman Jones was pelted with telegrams from home bidding him hurry back. He did hurry, and when he arrived, the situation was instantly in his control. The grand jury prepared to report, for the city had a mind and a will of its own once more. The criminals found it out at last.

Percy Jones to the Rescue.

Percy Jones, as his friends call him, is of the second generation of his family in Minneapolis. His father started him well-to-do, and he went on from where he started. College graduate and business man, he has a conscience, which, however, he has brains enough to question. He is not the fighter, but the slow, sure executive. As an alderman he is the result of a movement began several years ago by some young men who were convinced by an exposure of a corrupt municipal council that they should go into politics. A few did go; Jones was one of these few.

The acting mayor was confronted at once with all the hardest problems of municipal government. Vice rose right up to tempt or to fight him. He studied the situation deliberately, and by and by began to settle it point by point, slowly but finally, against all sorts of opposition. One of his first acts was to remove all the proved rascals on the force, putting in their places men who had been removed by Mayor Ames. Another important step was the appointment of a church deacon and personal friend to be chief of police, this on the theory that he wanted at the head of his police a man who could have no sympathy with crime, a man whom he could implicitly trust.

Vice Put Under Control.

Disorderly houses, forbidden by law, were permitted, but only within certain patrol lines, and they were to pay nothing, either blackmail or "fines." The number and the standing and the point of view of the "good people" who opposed this order was a lesson to Mr. Jones in practical government. One very prominent citizen and church member threatened him for driving women out of two flats owned by him, the rent was the surest means of "support for his wife and children." Mr. Jones enforced his order.

Other interests—saloonkeepers, brewers, etc.—gave him trouble enough, but all these were trifles in comparison with his experience with the gamblers. They represented organized crime, and they asked for a hearing. Mr. Jones gave them some six weeks for negotiations. They proposed a solution. They said that if he would let them (a syndicate) open four gambling places downtown, they would see that no others ran in any part of the city. Mr. Jones pondered and shook his head, drawing them on. They went away, and came back with a better promise. Though they were not the associates of criminals, they knew first-class and their plans. No honest police force, unaided, could deal with crime. Thieves would soon be at work again, and what could Mr. Jones do against them with a police force headed by a church deacon? The gamblers offered to control the criminals for the city.

Gamblers Committed Petty Thefts.

Mr. Jones, deeply interested, declared he did not believe there was any danger of fresh crimes. The gamblers smiled and went away. By an odd coincidence there happened just after what the papers called "an epidemic of crime." They were petty thefts, but they occupied the mind of the acting mayor. He wondered at their opportuneness. He wondered how the news of them got out. The gamblers soon reappeared. Hadn't they told Mr. Jones crime would soon be prevalent in town again? They had, indeed, but the mayor was unmoved; "porch climbers" could not frighten him. But this was only the beginning, the gamblers said; the larger crimes would come next. And they went away again. Sure enough, the large crimes came. One, two, three burglaries of jewelry in the houses of well-known people occurred; then there was a fourth, and the fourth was in the house of a relative of the acting mayor. He was seriously amused. The papers had the news promptly, and not from the police.

Jones Turned Down the Gamblers.

The gamblers called again. If they could have the exclusive control of gambling in Minneapolis, they would do all the ring. Brown had on his side Coffee that they had promised before, and, if any large burglaries occurred, they would undertake to recover the "swag," and sometimes catch the thief. Mr. Jones was sceptical of their ability to do all this. The gamblers offered to prove it. How? They would get back for Mr. Jones the jewelry recently reported stolen from four houses in town. Mr. Jones expressed a curiosity to see this done, and the gamblers went away. After a few days the stolen jewelry, parcel by parcel, began to return; with all due police-criminal mystery it was delivered to the chief of police.

When the gamblers called again, they found the acting mayor ready to give his decision on their propositions. It was this: There should be no gambling, with police connivance, in the city of Minneapolis during his term of office.

Mr. Jones told me that if he had before him a long term, he certainly would reconsider this answer. He believed he would decide again as he had already, but he would at least give studious reflection to the question—can a city be governed without any alliance with crime? It was an open question. He had closed it only for the four months of his emergency administration. Minneapolis should be clean and sweet for a while at least, and the new administration should begin with a clear deck.

Gertrude Millington is singing "My Old Virginia Home" with great success. It will be the music supplement with next Sunday's Gazette.

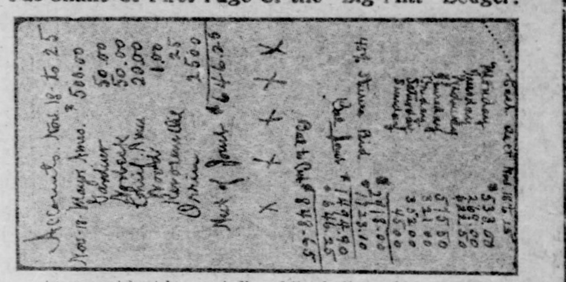
HOW THE GRAFT SYSTEM ENTERS.

The powerful and graphic story of the rise and fall of the graft system in Minneapolis which appeared in McClure's Magazine for January and which we publish in full today, would be interesting reading at any time, but it is particularly suggestive to the people of Pittsburgh and Allegheny at this juncture in view of the threatened establishment of such a system in both cities. In Minneapolis the graft system was established by discarding regular party obligations and party responsibilities and electing a mayor on the general ground that he was "a good fellow," who chummed with the boys and had a strong personal following among the ward workers. The candidate had fallen out with the party organization to which he had belonged and he got his nomination by capturing the opposing party organization. It was admitted that his past record had been a bit shady, but it was claimed that now he was a reformer, full of ambition to distinguish himself by giving the people a good administration. So instead of a party obligation, he induced the people to accept his personal promises and thus secured his election.

Once in, there were on the one side his obligations to the boys, his expenses in capturing his nomination and accomplishing his election, and his personal need for money; on the other side were his campaign promises of a reform administration. The obligations on the one side were substantial, continuous and exacting; the obligations on the other side were ideal, remote and intangible. The decisive factor in such emergencies is always that of personal character, and with a man of such character and antecedents the result could not be doubtful. All the power, resources and opportunities of the municipal administration were deliberately and systematically employed for purposes of graft.

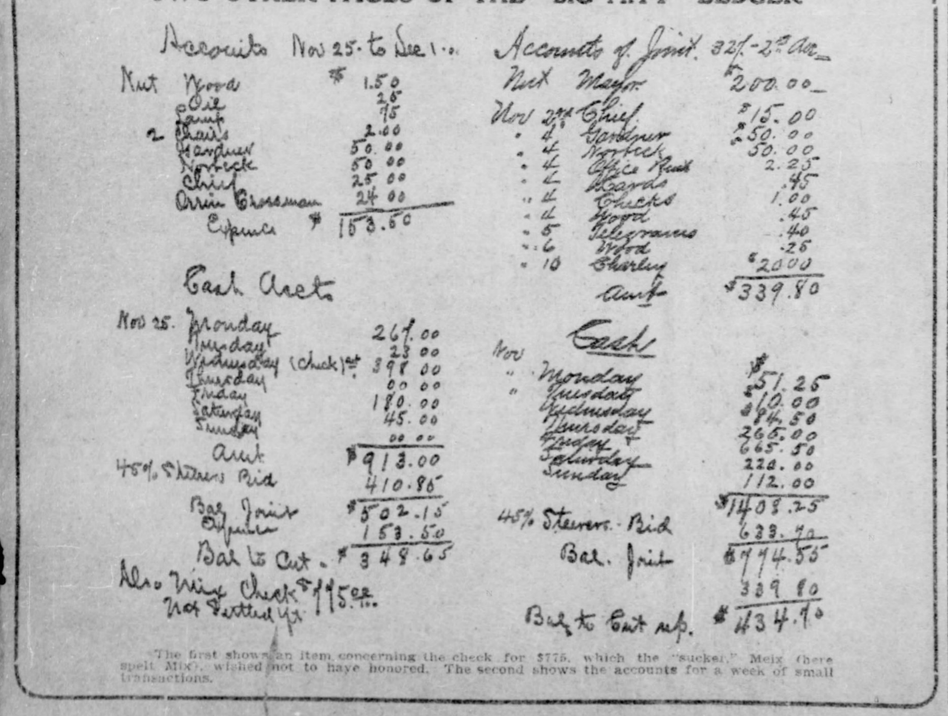
The office of recorder in Pittsburgh and Allegheny is similar in its power and opportunities to that of mayor of Minneapolis, and the election of officials gaining their nomination and election by like methods, and with only their personal word for it that they are reformers and intend to make a good administration, may be attended by like results, but with only a remote and unlikely possibility that conviction could be brought home to them as it was in the case of the Minneapolis grafters. The lid was taken off there by the mere accident that a man of rare fighting quality and perseverance turned up in the grand jury and was able to use its powers; and even then the exposure was due to the fact that the grafters were careless and got to quarreling among themselves. To avoid the fastening of the graft system upon Pittsburgh and Allegheny, the only security is for the people to elect to the recordership men whose personal associations, habits and character would make it impossible for them to be at home in the society of boodlers, grafters and prostitutes, or to share the keen pleasure which such people feel in doing the public and living high at the expense of others.

Fac-Simile of First Page of the "Big Mitt" Ledger.



An account kept by a swindler of the dealings of his "joint" with city officials, showing first payments made to Mayor Ames, his brother, the chief of police and detectives. This book figured in trials and newspaper reports of the exposure, but was "lost," and its whereabouts was a mystery of the proceedings. This is the first glimpse that anyone except "Cheerful Charlie" Howard, who kept it, and members of the grand jury has had of the book.

TWO OTHER PAGES OF THE "BIG MITT" LEDGER.



"The first shows an item concerning the check for $775, which the "sucker," Meix (here spelt Mike), wished not to have honored. The second shows the accounts for a week of small transactions.

Philadelphia Club Will Change Hands

HOLDS AN OPTION ON THE QUAKERS

President Dreyfuss Secures It for Other Purchasers.

BIG PRICE NAMED

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]
PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 15.—Barney Dreyfuss, owner of the Pittsburgh National league club, acting on behalf of a syndicate, largely composed of Philadelphia interests, this afternoon secured from John F. Rogers an option on the Philadelphia baseball club. The figures named were most satisfactory to the Pittsburgher and the actual transfer of the Phillies is now but a question of time.

The option is said to cover a period of ten days, and the price mentioned by Mr. Rogers is believed to be in the neighborhood of $200,000. Included in the agreement is a lease on the Philadelphia ball park at Broad and Huntingden streets for a term of three or four years, with an option to renew the lease at an increased rental. This property is owned conjointly by Messrs. Reach and Rogers.

Those Back of the Move.

Mr. Dreyfuss spent the morning conferring with the local capitalists said to be interested in the deal, the names of Clarence Wolfe and A. J. Reach being the most prominent of those understood to be back of the transfer.

The conference between Dreyfuss and Rogers lasted about an hour, after which the visitors left, highly pleased with his mission, to report back to the syndicate. Another meeting is announced for tomorrow, when the deal is likely to be consummated. W. J. Shettaline, who has for so long been identified with the club, will remain with the new organization in his old capacity, of manager.

Col. Rogers said today, regarding the recent peace conference: "I have this morning received a letter from Mr. Herrmann of Cincinnati, chairman of the conference committee, in which he corroborates Mr. Pulliam's statement. I quote from his letter of the 14th inst.: 'I understand your views thoroughly and did so during the conference meeting. Our committee was appointed for the purpose of ascertaining whether peace could be obtained, and if so, under what conditions. This we have ascertained. It is now up to the National league to discuss the matter. I hope every club will be represented to hear the report of the committee when discussed.'

The Colonel Not Figured In.

"As the report of the committee is not a finality, I have no complaint to make, and the Philadelphia club, by its representative—whoever he may be—will express its views at that meeting and protect its contractual rights."

Startling in their abruptness were the intimations of Barney Dreyfuss' plans. According to general understanding, it matters little how John I. Rogers views the stand taken by his associates on the peace committee. If present plans carry, the Philadelphia club will be under different management by the time of Monday's meeting and even though it were not the clubs connected with the peace compact will rely on the common sense deduction that prompted their action to carry the day by force.

President Harry Pulliam of the National league asserted that he was further convinced than ever that everything would be settled at Monday's meeting. "I am not here in the east on a round-up of the dissenting clubs," explained Mr. Pulliam. "Full details of the committee's action will be given out at the meeting.

"Reports to the contrary notwithstanding, the committee did nothing underhand, nor did they act in a high handed manner. It was a question of creating order out of chaos, and they did it. My visit to this city has not bearing whatever on the peace conference. I am here solely to assist Mr. Dreyfuss."

Reach Is In on the Deal.

In spite of the many positive assertions on the part of the Philadelphia club owners it is more than certain that Al Reach will be one of the principal stockholders in the new deal.

Said one of those interested this afternoon: "There is now little doubt that the sale of the Phillies will be consummated within a few days. There will be no half way measures, no selling out of part interests. The club will be bought outright. Every effort will be made to have Al Reach one of the new stockholders. If in the parlance of the day he can be connected with the new deal."

SEBRING WAS OFFERED.

President Dreyfuss Was Willing to Make Any Sacrifice to Restore Peace.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 15.—(Special.)—In the public eye that portion of the National league club owners who approve the peace compact and are not growling because they had to give up a player or two to establish peace, are considered true sportsmen. Strange to say time and condition have not changed some of the magnates and the same men who have been always a handicap to baseball, are again taking a stand which at first only looked like, but which, if they have their say, will thrown the National league into deeper disrepute.

President Herrmann gave up Sam Crawford without a murmur for the sake of peace, but he was not willing to allow the matter of a sacrifice. Barney Dreyfuss, who was not a member of the peace committee, was also willing to give up one of his brightest stars, but the offer was gracefully refused by the American league men.

It was at the dinner given by President Herrmann on Friday evening that Dreyfuss showed the kind of stuff he is made of.

"There is some question about the Pittsburgh club having a right to our man Sebring. The American league claims a prior contract or agreement," said he. "I won't go into the matter at all, but will take the word of the gentlemen on the other side, and they can have Sebring for the asking if that is going to help matters along any."

The offer was gracefully refused by President Ban Johnson, who said that the American league was willing to make just as many concessions as the National in the interest of peace, and that if Sebring belonged to the American league the Pittsburgh club was welcome to him.

Sebring was one of the finds of last season. His batting and fielding proved him to be as good a man as have been dragged out of the minor leagues in the past few years.

FIGURES IN A ROMANCE

Harvard's Star Fullback Is to Marry a Wealthy Young Boston Heiress.

CINCINNATI, O., Jan. 15.—(Special.)—Highly colored with romance, the engagement of the pointer Cincinnati football player, Thomas H. Graydon, better known as "Blondy" Dunn, is well known local featherweight fighter, has left for St. Louis in response to a telegram from one of the big athletic clubs there, requesting him to go and meet some of the good men in his class there this winter. Dunn will make St. Louis his headquarters until spring, and hopes to participate in several fistic events there.

Graydon, the fullback of the Homestead team, and Miss Eloise Whitney, daughter of Miss Ely in New York city, figured in a sensational escapade for which the girls were banished to a branch school in Sharon, Conn., where Graydon followed representing himself as Miss Whitney's big brother, but the deception was discovered.

FAST RIVALS WILL MEET.

High School and Pittsburgh Academy Teams Battle Today.

The second game of the interscholastic league series will be played at High school chapel this afternoon between Pittsburgh academy and Pittsburgh High school teams. It is the first game for these teams, and both are strong. Pittsburgh academy was not in the league last season, and so is an uncertain factor.

The teams have not played together for two seasons. Flint of P. A. is a member of the Wagners of Carnegie, and Nickel of High school is the crack center of South Side; so today's game will partake of the rivalry of the county league. The game will be played with Mr. Little as referee, which means clean play.

Dunn Will Box in St Louis.

NEW CASTLE, PA., Jan. 15.—(Special.)—"Blondy" Dunn, a well known local featherweight fighter, has left for St. Louis in response to a telegram from one of the big athletic clubs there, requesting him to go and meet some of the good men in his class there this winter. Dunn will make St. Louis his headquarters until spring, and hopes to participate in several fistic events there.

CROCKEY BOYLE IS TO ARRIVE TODAY

Quaker Boxer in Fine Shape for McClelland—McCoy Wants a Battle.

Jack O'Brien wired James Mason yesterday that he will leave Philadelphia this morning with "Crockey" Boyle, the boy who is to meet Jack McClelland at Arion hall, Chartiers street, Allegheny, tomorrow night for the feather-weight championship of this state. O'Brien says that Boyle is in better shape than on the night he beat "Young Corbett," and if McClelland is not in the best of shape he will not be able to go the full ten rounds, let alone win. McClelland, on the other hand, says he is not worrying about his condition, for he is confident of that, and he will show his followers in this city what he can do when right.

Bill Bradburn of this city, who just returned from Chicago, where he refereed several fights, saw Boyle fight Benny Yanger, and he thinks McClelland has a hard task on his hands. The gentlemen who are running the club which is to conduct the contest have not left one stone unturned to make this the banner show of the season. For the betterment of comfort they have put in circus seats on the sides of the hall and carefully numbered every seat. The preliminary will start promptly at 8:30. The first will be between the Clinton twins; then Paddy Nee will meet Kid Tyler, and just the minute this bout is over in will hop the two stars.

Kid McCoy's manager, George Grant, telegraphed to McCoy to come here to meet any person Mason can secure. The "Kid" has just gone to Muldoon's farm to finish up a course of training for the busy season. Grant yesterday signed articles to have him meet two men at Philadelphia, and is willing to have him come here any time after February 10. Grant went on to Chicago to close several matches there for a later date.

There was quite a gathering of local sports yesterday at Corcoran's Wood street boxing academy, to see Eddie Kennedy doing his training for his contest on the 26th with Mull Bowser. After punching the ball for over an hour he boxed several local men, finishing up strong, and by the 26th he will be fit to make the battle of the life of Bowser is training at his home in Natrona, and was joined yesterday by Walter Burgo and Joe Young, the Buffalo welterweight, who will have charge of him.

Mike McDermott, the Homestead boxer, has refused to meet young Conboy as a preliminary to the Kennedy and Bowser contest on the 26th. Conboy is ready to meet any one at any weight from 124 to 130 pounds.

MANCHESTER WON AGAIN.

Defeated the Lyceum Team in a Rough and Fast Game of Basketball.

The Manchester team downed the strong Lyceum five last night at the Lyceum gymnasium by the score of 22 to 16. The game was as rough an exhibition as anyone could desire. Manchester's team work alone brought them out ahead. Geisler of Lyceum went down the floor time and again, but only caged the ball once. Koch made the Lyceum guards hustle in the first half, making four beauties from field. The first half ended in Manchester's favor, 10 to 6.

At the start of the second half Lyceum scored a goal from field and immediately after one from foul, bringing the score up to within one point of tieing a tie. Manchester then got one and Lyceum followed suit with another, making the score 16 to 15.

A goal from foul for Lyceum tied the score and neither side got another point until two minutes before the end of the game. Then Skillinger caged one, followed a few seconds later by one by Graham, and just before the call of time by one from Koch's side of the hall. That was the finish of the scoring, for shortly after a shout from the Manchester rooters announced that the game was over. The score and lineup:

Manchester.		Lyceum—16.
Hay Skillinger	Right Forward	Kramer
Koch	Left Forward	Thompson
Walliser, Metzkes	Center	Randall
Graham	Right Guard	Geisler
Burry	Left Guard	Cashdollar, Dillon

Goals from field—Koch 5, Skillinger 2, Burry 1, Graham 1, Kramer 2, Cashdollar 2, Dillon 1, Thompson 1, Geisler 1. Goals from foul—Graham 2, Kramer 2. Referee—Little. Timer—J. Graham. Scorer—H. Roth.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Carnegie	1	0	1000
Iroquois	1	0	1000
South Side	2	1	.666
Manchester	1	1	.500
Bellevue	1	2	.333
Lyceum	0	3	.000

PLEASES MINOR LEAGUES.

Secretary Farrell Says Cincinnati Compact Is a Good Thing.

AUBURN, N. Y., Jan. 15.—In an interview today John H. Farrell, secretary of the National Baseball association, had this to say of the Cincinnati peace compact:

"Peace between the American league and the National league will materially strengthen our national association, if the directions and wishes of the recent meeting are forthcoming, which no doubt will be done. The American league and mostly all National league clubs have, during the life of the National league, established our club facilities splendidly—paying for such desirable players as they have signed from our ranks, and generally respecting our law of reserve."

City League Is Organized.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Jan. 15.—(Special.)—The City Baseball league for next season has been formally organized, and the clubs in the Athletics, Colts and Clippers and another club which has not been named, but will take the place made vacant by Hayes. The officers elected are: President, S. L. Wright; secretary, M. J. Hammond; treasurer, Gus Doenght.

BASKET BALL NOTES.

The Lafayettes play Perrysvilles tonight on Perrysville's floor.

Each team in the Allegheny County league will lay 20 league games.

Hans Wagner and his Carnegie boys will play at Manchester Turner hall on Monday night, January 26.

Perst, Standard's star forward, says he will try to repeat his record of last game, when he shot 21 of Standard's 45 points.

The Manchester Juniors will meet the Lincoln A. C. in a preliminary to the Manchesters-Iroquois game next Monday night.

The Pirate Juniors challenge any 12 or 13 year old team in Western Pennsylvania having a ball. For games address Henry Boimer, 540 E. Ohio street, Allegheny.

Manchester will journey to Charleroi tomorrow night to play the strong Charleroi team. All the players are requested to report at the Union depot at 4:15 sharp.

The Casinos will line up against the strong Columbia team tonight and a warm contest is expected. The men are requested to report at the Fifth avenue high school at 7 p. m. sharp.

The fast Iroquois five will play at Manchester on Monday night. This will be the second home game of the Allegheny County league schedule for the Manchester boys.

The C. A. C. third team of Braddock defeated the St. Matthew Cadets of Homestead 21 to 10. This is the second time this season that C. A. C. third has defeated the St. Matthew Cadets.

There will be some red-hot contests played in Manchester Turner hall before the season closes. Wagner's team will play there twice, South Side twice, Butler once, Wilmerding and many others.

The Sharpsburg Reserves will play the Allegheny Tigers in the Sharpsburg town hall tonight. A good game is expected. The Reserves will lineup as follows: Frape, forward; Criswell, forward; Smith, center; Ward, guard; Zumpt, guard; Gift, substitute.

The manager of the Homestead and the Sharpsburg Reserves (members of the Junior league), are requested to meet the executive committee at headquarters, 623 Smithfild st., Friday night, January 16, at 7:30 p. m., to take action on the game of last Tuesday at Homestead.

The Manchester rooters are just beginning to wake up. Last Monday's game was the noisiest played at Manchester this season, with the exception of the South Side game. The lower Allegheny boys are now playing the fastest kind of ball, as was shown in their last two games at home.

The D. C. & A. C. boys, seeing that practice is needed to win games, will now get down to hard work. The boys are not a bit downhearted over the result of the Butler game, but will go after the rest of the games with more vim. All players are requested to be at the Linden avenue club house this evening for practice. The Butler boys deserve a great deal of credit as they played a strong game. The champions are after games, and all teams desiring dates are requested to write at once. Address Louis Seibel, 3815 Broad street, East End.

At Glendrew hall the North Sides stacked up against the Perrysville, who had a string of victories to their credit, and downed them by the score of 27 to 11. The teams were evenly matched and the spectators, and there was quite a crowd present, got their money's worth. Some of the shots were on the sensational order, Stewart in particular caged the sphere on six different occasions, to the delight of the crowd. D. Clark's first goal was on the Lichey order and it put the rooters on their feet. The North Sides guards put up a steady game. For the Perrysvilles L. Thompson seemed to be doing the best work. Perrysville died hard and their fall put upper Allegheny in mourning.

OUTSIDERS WERE THE GOOD THINGS

Only Two Favorites in the Front at New Orleans.

TRACK WAS FAST

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]
NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 15.—L'Etrenne and Hargio, both of whom scored easily, were the only winning favorites today. Paul Creyton was run up to $1,205 after the second race and bought in. As the barrier went up in the last race, Rough Rider, the favorite, reared up and was left at the post. Weather clear; track fast.

First race, 6 furlongs—Sweet Nell, 112, Boisen, 7 to 1, won; Nowets, 106, Munro, 10 to 1, second; Apple Sweet, 105, Robbins, 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:15. Fading Light, Paramount, Brush By, Princess Tulane, Epidemic, Atheleros, Breaker, Fair Lass and Agnes Mack also ran.

Second race, 7 furlongs—Paul Creyton, 107, O'Neil, 8 to 1, won; Malster, 102, Hauck, 15 to 1, second; Ed L., 106, Redfern, 2 to 1, third. Time, 1:29. Frank M., The Stewardess, Grantor, Jerry Hunt, Charles Ramsey and Hengist also ran. Censor was left at post.

Third race, 6 furlongs—L'Etrenne, 112, Winkfield, 4 to 5, won; Wealth, 112, Redfern, 6 to 5, second; Rankin, 99, Fuller, 20 to 1, third. Time, 1:13. Weidemann, Safeguard, Medina and King B. also ran.

Fourth race, mile—Hargio, 109, Redfern, 8 to 5, won; The Manager, 93, Scully, 10 to 1, second; Port Royal, 103, Buchanan, 2 to 1, third. Time, 1:41 3-5. Carl Kahler and Ray also won.

Fifth race, selling, mile and 70 yards—Mauser, 101, Donnegan, 5 to 1, won; John Coulter, 109, Fuller, 5 to 1, second; The Wizard, 102, O'Neil, 40 to 1, third. Time, 1:47 3-5. Floyd K., Bunicella, Blanco, Wise Guy, Brookston, Ravenspur and Welcome Light also ran. Hedge pulled up.

Sixth race, selling, 1 1-16 miles—Leela, 93, Bridewell, 5 to 1, won; Starilla, 107, Munro, 9 to 2 second; Flaneur, 102, Fuller, 9 to 1, third. Time, 1:50. Blue Ridge, Annie Laurette, Magnetic, Rough Rider and Sarsgamp also ran.

Entries for Friday:

First race, selling, 6 furlongs—Little Jack Horner, Dr. Guernsey, 104; Maceie Marie, Blue Blaze, 105; Okla, Miss Hume, Dr. Scharff, 100; Aligace, Lady, 107; Velleda, 108; Prince of Melrose, 110; Corbett's Bay, 115.

Second race, selling, 1¼ miles—Wissendin, Ermack, 94; Frank Jones, 96; Eliza Dillon, 100; Simoon, 102; Maple, Mary Moore, 103; Macon, Rastus, 105.

Third race, 5 furlongs—Silver Fringe, Amurent, 101; Little Stingy, Hemlock, 103; Frank Rice, Exapo, Uranium, Hyanda, 106; Gardenevts, 112; Mexico, Athalana, 113; Star and Garter, 115.

Fourth race, high-weight handicap, 6 furlongs—Lady in Black, Apple Bloom, 98; Ran After, Mr Surprise, Kaloma, 100; Farmer Jim, 107; Fickle Saint, 108; Pageant, 109; Mrs. Frank Foster, 111; McWilliams, 117; Frank Rice, 100; Allyar, 120. Last two coupled as Corrigan entry.

Fifth race, 7 furlongs—Computation, 91; Tioga, 92; Dr. Hart, 101; Judge Magee, Kilmandscharo, Frank M., Great American, 104; Amigart, 105; C. Whitehouse, 107; Tom Kingsley, Stretton II., 110; LeMoon, 111.

Sixth race, mile—Madinia, Ernest Parham, 96; Thana, 99; Shut Up, Adslante, St. Tammany, 101; Pyrrho, 102; Bourdalee, Chickadee, Joe Lesser, 105; Prince Richard, 109; Ecome, 110.

THE OAKLAND RACES.

A 20-to-1 Shot Was Put Through in the Fifth Event.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 15.—Clear and fast. First race, 6 furlongs, selling—Quatre, 110, Bullman, 8 to 5, won; Snee, 96, Connell, 7 to 1, second; Pure Dale, 107, Donnelly, 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:15¼. Clarinetta, The Owl, Pickaway, John F. Finerty, Anvil, Donami, Delsigne and Escrolo also ran.

Second, 7 furlongs, selling—Dog Tag, 104, Bell, 12 to 1, won; Doreen, 94, Reed, 3 to 1, second; Claudator, 101, Waterbury, 7 to 1, third. Time, 1:28. Sir Knight, Eaternell, Rose of Hilo, Behappy, Helen Smith, Propellor, Platonius, El Pila, Alary and Sterling Towers also ran.

Third race, six furlongs, selling—Ed Lilburn, 100, Bullman, 3½ to 1, won; Dotterell, 104, W. Waldo, 6 to 1, second; Past Master, 115, Knight, 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:15. Fort Wayne, Step Around, Tom Mitchell, Tommie Knight, Lucy Hunt, Master, Schladlung and Mr. Farnam also ran.

Fourth race, one mile, selling—Ultruda, 101, Adkins, 6 to 1, won; Urchin, 112, W. Waldo, 4 to 1, second; Lena, 112, Walker, 20 to 1, third. Time, 1:41½. Laudius, Antolee, Beana, Rollick and Major Dixon also ran.

Fifth race, 7 furlongs, selling—F. W. Brode, 109, Waterbury, 20 to 1, won; Dollie Weithoff, 102, Bell, 7 to 1, second; Bessie, 109, Knight, 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:27. Tisona, Acarine, Handpress, Roy Dare, Nugget, Sim W, Oscar Tolle, Sleeping Child, Bedner and Hesper also ran.

Sixth race 1¼ miles, selling—Ignacio, 107, Bullman, 2½ to 1, won; Forte, 102, W. Waldo, 5 to 1, second; Silver Fizz, 107, Birkenruth, 4 to 1, third. Time, 2:08. Sunello, Ravino, I. O. U. and Gold Wolf also ran.

Entries for Friday:

First race, 5½ furlongs, selling—Instar, Leash, 99; Irus, Alta G., Indina, Isabellita, Olzado, 104; Brennus, Millerrina, Rubicon, 106; Merwan, 106; Stunts, J. H. Bennett, Tamm, Tuck Buck, 109.

Second race, Futurity course—Buzzer, 98; Erema, 99; Tyranus, Mr. Tracy, 101; The Bondsman, Sallor, Jean Luthon, 103; Imo, Mildred, Schultz, Evanden, 105; King Dellis, Breton, 105; Golden Cottage, 109; Hungarian, 110; Jim Gore, 113.

Third race, handicap, 1¼ miles—Imperious, Stromo, 100; Dagmar, 102; Cortilo, Red Steel, 103; Ranier, 104; Favorite, 105; Poorlands, 109; Mike Rice, Glissando, 142; Duke of York, 168.

Fourth race, 6 furlongs, handicap—Lady Kent, 103; Bragg, 104; Money Muss, 107; Yellow Tail, 108; Byron Rose, 107; Sad Sam, 116.

Fifth race, 5½ furlongs, selling—Mirena, 86, Winifrede, Linden Rice, 104; Gyros, Adirondack, 106; Mexicana, 107; Belle Reed, Blue Miracle, Lansdowne, Fossil, 109; Warte Nicht, Graviva, 112.

Sixth race, mile and 50 yards, selling—Bacchus, 102; Ulloa, Lone Fisherman, 105; Rosarie, Halmetta, 104; George Dewey, July Gyp, 107; Dark Secret, Katie Walcott, 109; Windward, Johnnie McCarty, Diomed, 110; Mission, Sir Cotton, 112.

BEAT AN OLD RIVAL

Hans Wagner's Team Took a Lively Fall Out of the McDonald Five.

Hans Wagner and his Carnegie bunch of basketballists went to McDonald last night and took their old rivals of that place into camp by the score of 31 to 7. The game was a little rough at times, but the light Carnegie boys' team work proved too much for their opponents.

The first half began a little slow, but after both teams got their bearings, the game was very fast. This half ended by the score of 14 to 2. In the second half McDonald played a little better, they succeeding in scoring their only two field gals in this half. The score at the finish was Carnegie 31, McDonald 7.

Flint was not in the game, he being saved for the game with Iroquois on Saturday night at Kelly's rink theatre. Honus Wagner got his eye on the basket and the way he put the ball through the net was a treat. Frey also played a good game. The score and line-up:

Carnegie—31.		McDonald—7.
Frey	Forward	Thomassey
Seibel	Forward	Langdale
Stehle	Center	Ihrig
H. Wagner	Guard	Wright
A. Wagner	Guard	Williams

Field goals—H. Wagner 6, Frey 5, Stehle 2, Seibel, Wright 2. Foul goals—Langdale 3, Stehle, Seibel, H. Wagner. Substitutions—Ehrhardt for A. Wagner. Time—Two 20-minute halves. Referee—Flint. Umpire—Campbell.

CAST-OFF MADE GOOD.

Surprised Former Owner by Winning a Race Easily.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 15.—A feature of the racing at Oakland today was the victory of F. W. Brode, a former American derby candidate. After John Schorr gave him away, Paul Lane turned him out in Nevada and he made his first appearance of the season in the fifth race. He was quoted at 20 to 1 in some books and leading most of the way won easily from Dollie Weithoff and Bernota.

Bennings Track Transferred.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—August Belmont today filed a deed conveying the Bennings race track property to the Washington Jockey club of the District of Columbia, the new corporation formed to succeed the old Washington Jockey club. The consideration named is $200,000.

Herron Hill Club's Shoot.

The Herron Hill Gun club will hold a handicap shoot at five birds on the club grounds at Davis island tomorrow afternoon. If there are 15 or more entries the prize will be a Washington field gun, and for a less number a silver cup. The club will also hold sweepstake shoots at five birds every Saturday afternoon.

FOUR PLAYERS FINED FOR ROUGH HOCKEY

Garden Manager Will Stand for Fast, Snappy Game, but Not for Rowdyism.

Four hockey players of the Western Pennsylvania league who were declared guilty of indulging in "rough house" tactics during recent games at Duquesne garden were each fined $5 at a meeting of the league officers last night. The meeting was held in the office of the garden management and was attended by the four managers of the Western Pennsylvania teams in addition to President C. A. Miller, Secretary Claude Cahlo.

There was considerable discussion over the P. A. C.-Banker game last Friday night, and the published reports of rough work during that contest. It was the general opinion that the patrons of the garden want a snappy and lively hockey, but they will not stand for fisticuffs or using sticks as clubs on the heads and faces of players. Each manager was ordered to warn his players that any display of fisticuffs will result in the players being ruled off the ice.

This does not mean that ping pong or Alphonso and Gaston hockey will be the rage in the future. The Pittsburgh public, it was stated, has been educated to fast, snappy hockey, free from rowdyism and this is the kind that must be played. The names of the four players who were fined were not given out for publication.

A hot game is expected tonight when the Victorias and Keystones come together. This was the game that was postponed from December 30, on account of the Yale boys being here at that time. The line-up is:

Keystones.		Victorias.
Hern	Goal	Mackaye
Smith	Point	J. Stein
Gordon	Cover point	Duvall
Lake	Rover	A. E. Sixsmith
Hendry	Center	S. Stuart
Taylor	Left wing	H. Henry
McArthur	Right wing	G. M. Sixsmith

THE CANADIAN SHOOT.

Only 20 of the Entries Could Complete Their Strings on the First Day.

HAMILTON, ONT., Jan. 15.—Only 20 of the 41 wing shots entered in the big event of the Hamilton Gun Club's tournament, the Grand Canadian handicap, $500 guaranteed, completed their string today. The remaining 21 will shoot tomorrow. So far no very high scores have been made, 18 killed out of 20 between the top scorers. Four of the marksmen have scored 18. They are: M. J. Miller, Brantford; F. Westbrook, Toronto; A. Toll, Detroit; E. C. Griffith, Pascoag; R. L. and C. J. Mitchell, Brantford.

There was only one other pigeon event on today's card. It was a ten pigeon event, $200 guaranteed. Tyro, 29 yards, and A. Fletcher, Hamilton, 28 yards, killed ten straight. There were 11 target events on the card. The top scores were: J. J. Head, Peru, Ind., and Westbrook, Toronto, and C. J. Mitchell, Brantford, 19 out of 20; E. C. Griffith, Pascoag, R. I., 14 out of 15; Dunk and McMaken, 9 out of 10; T. Toll, Detroit, 13 out of 15; J. L. Head of Peru, Ind., 13 out of 15; Griffith, 18 out of 20; E. J. Brown, Buffalo, 13 out of 15; J. L. Head, Peru, Ind., 29 straight; F. Westbrook, 18 out of 20; E. C. Griffith, 14 out of 15, and Westbrook and E. C. Griffith, 19 out of 20; Griffith, 18 out of 20; T. Toll, Detroit, 13 out of 15; J. L. Head of Peru, Ind., was the only one to make a straight in any of the target events.

The high totals scores were: J. L. Head, Peru, Ind., 140, possible 190; F. Westbrook, Toronto, 132, possible 190; T. Toll, Detroit, 144, possible 190; E. C. Griffith, Pascoag, R. I., 165, possible 190.

THE HANDBALL TOURNEY.

Tiger Buerger Still Holds a Good Lead Over Other Players.

The handball tournament for the individual championship honors was continued yesterday, with Dr. Wilson officiating as referee. The games were all clean and no rough tactics were allowed. Wixnog and O'Donnell played the star game of the engagement, Wixnog finally winning 21 to 20, after a fast performance. Tiger Buerger showed his usual speed once more, and after playing in a whirlwind fashion, succeeded in capturing five more games and increasing his already tight hold on first place. Boshford was cheered for every play that he made, as many of his friends attended in a body. Score:

Name.	Won.	Lost.	P. Ct.
Buerger, Woodlake	38	2	.951
Wixnog, Woodlake	28	13	.683
O'Donnell, Cardinal	25	16	.610
Wood, Cardinal	22	19	.536
Boshford, Woodlake	21	22	.462
O'Hara, Olympia	18	23	.439
Wilson, Nymph	15	26	.366
Reynolds, Concord	14	27	.341
Smith, Olympia	15	28	.317
Ellis, Concord	12	29	.293

DENIES A KNOCKDOWN.

Champion Jeffries Says He Was Jobbed in the Munroe Fight.

SALT LAKE, UTAH, Jan. 15.—Champion James J. Jeffries has issued a signed statement concerning his recent bout with Jack Munroe at Butte, Mont. Jeffries declares that Munroe not only did not knock him down, but during the entire four rounds did not land a clean punch. Jeffries claims to have been deliberately jobbed out of the fight, as the third round, in which he claims he put Munroe to the mat for an eight count, was cut short fully a minute.

"I made no attempt whatever to land on Munroe for the first two rounds," says Jeffries, "as I saw he knew absolutely nothing about the game. In the fourth round I could not get at him as he repeatedly clinched or fell to the floor, and in this manner he managed to stay the limit. The reports that he knocked me down are absolutely untrue and nobody known this better than Munroe himself."

STIFT KNOCKED OUT.

Chicago Man Only Lasted Four Rounds With Tommy Ryan.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 15.—Tommy Ryan, the middleweight champion, knocked out Billy Stift of Chicago in the fourth round of a 10-round bout at the Delaware club tonight.

Ryan fought without his usual caution, trying for a knockout from the start. In the first round he sent Stift down with a right on the jaw. Stift taking the count. Ryan followed with a right to the kidneys, and Stift went to his corner in distress.

Stift came up strong for the second round, however, and made a fair showing in standing off Ryan's attacks. In the third round Stift hugged Ryan to gain time. At the beginning of the fourth Stift was rushed to the floor and rested nine seconds. As he arose Ryan, like a flash, whipped his right to the jaw, putting Stift down and out.

Carnegie Juniors Beaten.

The Carnegie Juniors were defeated here last night by the Sharpsburg Juniors of the Junior league. The game was one-sided, but interesting and fast. The Carnegie team being the lighter was outplayed in every point of the game. The playing of Zumpt was rough-handed and he was fined many times. Criswell, Frape and Smith made many brilliant plays and the home team found no end of trouble intercepting quick passes. Barum, Beadling and Sloan played a good defensive game and Tomlinson kept Smith guessing at center. Lineup:

Carnegie—4.		Sharpsburg—22.
Beadling	Forward	Frape
Reilly	Forward	Criswell
Tomlinson	Center	Smith
Sloan	Guard	Ward
Barum	Guard	Zumpt

Field goals—Frape (5), Criswell (3), Smith (4), Ward, Barum. Fouls—Sloan, Beadling. Referee—Flinn.

Will Be a Warm Game.

GROVE CITY, PA., Jan. 15.—The strong Butler Y. M. C. A. basketball team, which defeated the D. C. and A. C. team Wednesday evening, will meet the Grove City college team here tomorrow evening and it promises to be one of the warmest games of the season, as the visitors have lost but one game this season, while the locals are stronger than ever before and expect to down the visitors.

PARTED AT JAIL DOOR.

Child Clung to Mother Until Steel Doors Separated Them.

It was heartrending to witness the parting of Mrs. Mary Jennings and her 9-year-old daughter at the jail last night. The mother had been committed there by Alderman Thomas Edgar for keeping a disorderly house, on the information of Annie Stoker. When Constable Nicholas Shirtzinger started with the woman to the jail, they were followed by the little girl. She refused to leave her mother.

As the mother was taken in the jail she clung to her and sobbed pitifully. The keepers refused to let her inside and Constable Shirtzinger was compelled to drag the child away. The girl was taken to some friends of her mother.

SAFETY LAMPS BAR TO WEALTH

Miners Opposed to Them and Want Premium Paid Diggers for Their Use.

ADVANCE TOO GREAT

Scale Committee Reports to the Pittsburgh District Convention. Higher Wages Demanded—Oppose Government by Injunction

The question of using safety lamps in mines in the Pittsburgh district brought forth the most heated discussion at the miners' convention yesterday afternoon. The debate on the question was caused by a recommendation by one of the district lodges that an additional 25 per cent be inserted in the wage scale for miners who were compelled to use safety lamps to do their work.

The scale committee had concurred with the suggestion when in executive session, but when the request was reread in the convention yesterday afternoon it caused quite a little argument. Several members of the scale committee stated they had voted for the clause, believing that it meant an increase of 25 cents per day to the average wages of the miner who was compelled to use the safety lamp.

Another interpretation of the request was that it stipulated an advance of 25 per cent per ton on the wages of the miner who was forced to use the safety lamp. A great many members of the convention objected strenuously to construing the report in this light, and spoke favorably for a clause asking an increase in the wages of a miner who uses a safety lamp of 25 cents per day. The recommendation was referred back to the scale committee for final action.

Cannot Work So Fast.

The argument advanced for asking more money for a miner who was compelled to use a safety lamp was that it did not shed the light a naked one did; that a miner was continually working at a disadvantage when using one, and that he could not mine the same amount of coal with one of the safeties that he could with a naked one. In rousing speeches many of the miners deplored the action of mine inspectors in forcing the use of safeties in this district, and several miners stated openly they would quit the work if safety lamps were introduced and made compulsory in the mines in which they were employed.

The discussion for the remainder of the afternoon was on the report of the scale committee. The question of asking additional wages for working with water in a mine was discussed, but no definite action was taken on it. Dead work was discussed at length and the convention adjourned for the day at 5 o'clock. The scale committee's report will come up for final action today.

The scale committee's report which was given to the convention yesterday morning contained 20 resolutions. It is provided in the general scale that there shall be a single standard on the run-of-mine basis and an advance for pick mining of 20 per cent is asked for. An advance of 20 per cent is also asked for outside labor.

Features of the Changes.

Under the present scale there is a double standard with a price for both screen and run-of-mine coal. The price for mining coal over a one and one-fourth inch screen is 80 cents a ton and for run-of-mine it is 51.71 cents a ton. The 20 per cent advance will be on the latter rate. At present the machine loading price is one-half of the pick mining price, with three cents a ton added. It was decided to demand that all slate over 12 inches be paid for at the rate of 10 cents an inch for a lineal yard. The next resolution provided for the payment of 1 per cent for pick sharpening for pick mining and ½ per cent for loaders after the machine. An amendment was offered that no charge be made machine loaders for blacksmithing.

The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we favor repealing the power of the courts to govern by injunction, and that we favor such legislation as will prohibit the courts from issuing writs of injunction to condemn a man without jury trial in cases of strikes, as witnessed here in the last few years or so; also limiting the power of federal courts to interfere with personal liberty of persons engaged in defending their opportunities to make a living and the right of free speech, all of which rights are guaranteed by the constitution.

Resolved, That we urge congress to push the work authorized by the United States government to provide navigation on the Allegheny, Monongahela and Ohio rivers for the benefit of the people, thus in a great measure relieving the freight congestion which has been such a loss to our craft by enforced idleness, and that we declare ourselves in favor of improving all the streams in our district that will open up new avenues for the mining and other industries.

After a long discussion it was decided that the delegates for the Indianapolis convention would leave Pittsburgh Saturday night. A special train will probably carry the local delegations to the convention.

POLICEMAN HELD.

Alexander McAllister Must Appear Before Grand Jury for Shooting George Bardek.

Policeman Alexander McAllister of Homestead was held by the coroner's jury yesterday to await the action of the grand jury for the murder of George Bardek on Christmas eve. There had been several robberies in Homestead and McAllister was dressed in citizens' clothes loking out for burglars.

He was mistaken for a burglar by Bardek. The men struggled with each other and Bardek is alleged to have shot at the officer. McAllister returned the fire and killed Bardek. McAllister was wounded in the conflict and was taken to the Mercy hospital, where he was recently dismissed.

George Griwn, 36 years old, of Terentum, was killed while at work in a mine at that place yesterday afternoon by some slate falling on him. He was married.

Joseph Strizek, 35 years old, a glass worker, died at the West Penn hospital yesterday afternoon of injuries received by being struck by a train on the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie railroad at Thirty-fourth street one hour before.

Martin McCaughney of East Pittsburgh died at the Homeopathic hospital yesterday afternoon of injuries received on January 8 while tearing down an old building adjoining the Farmers National bank in Wood street. His right leg was crushed and blood poisoning set in. He was 39 years old and married.

Valentine Sobolesky of No. 51 Eighteenth street, 58 years old, a laborer, was found dead in bed yesterday morning. He had been ill for some time with heart disease.

Steve Madinoki, a Slav, 36 years old, of No. 95 South Eighth street, died at the Mercy hospital yesterday morning of injuries received one hour before by a derrick falling on him. He was married.

New Transportation Concern.

The Marine Transportation Company of Pittsburgh, capital $500,000, was incorporated at Dover, Del., yesterday to engage in freight and passenger transportation by boat and railway. The incorporators are Col. W. C. Connelly, E. W. Orr and D. Paul Hughes of Pittsburgh.

Thoughtful voters should read page nine of today's Gazette to see what menaces them.

REPUBLICANS READY TO OPEN CAMPAIGN

Preparations Almost Complete for Monster Mass Meeting.

Preparations were almost completed yesterday for the big meeting in Kenwood Lawn, at which the Republicans will open up the municipal campaign. It is expected that the me

PROMOTERS QUARREL OVER RAILROAD DEAL

Defendants in the $170,000 Damage Suit of Maguire et al. Say Plaintiffs Misrepresented Their Ability.

The case for the defense was opened yesterday in the $170,000 damage suit of Edward J. Maguire, John A. Graver and Andrew Hopkins against William D. Johnston and Thomas A. Watkins, an action growing out of the purchase of an Ohio railroad, it having been claimed the defendants violated an agreement for its purchase.

It was alleged by the defendants that the Morton Trust Company, which had control of the railroad, had no agreement whatever with Hopkins, but that he was merely a broker, never having been authorized to act for the trust company. It was claimed that Maguire falsely represented his ability to secure the action on the part of the city of Salem to accomplish a sale, and that he was of no service in the matter.

Attorney R. B. Ivory, for the defendants, also attempted to prove that Hopkins was to have something for his services in the deal, but no definite contract as to the amount was made. It was denied the trust company ever entered into an agreement with the defendants, the plaintiffs or any other parties to sell the road. It was also denied that the purchase of the road was lost through the default of the defendants, and that the plaintiffs have been damaged. The damage, it is claimed, is merely speculative.

WENZEL IS GUILTY.

Jury Finds Sale of "Rilk" Is a Crime—Other Criminal Court Cases.

Henry B. Wenzel was convicted of selling liquor without license yesterday in criminal court. His conviction hinged on the intoxicating properties of a drink called "Rilk" which he dispensed at his restaurant in North Bessemer.

The acquittals were: Mary Wender, charged with malicious mischief in breaking a window, by Ellen Frommeyer, prosecutrix to pay the costs; Charles Spencer, charged with forcible entry and detainer, county to pay the costs; George Brooks, charged with false pretense, Thomas A. Coleman prosecutor, costs divided; Peter Dugman, charged with larceny of a skirt and jacket from Rose Wendland. The latter was convicted in February, 1902, but was granted a new trial.

James Quinn, who was prosecutor in a case charging Mary Carrigan with the larceny of several empty beer kegs of the Pittsburgh Brewing Company, in which an acquittal was returned in December last, was sentenced to pay the costs.

A nolle pros was allowed in the case against J. H. Fisher, charged with false pretense in acting as an insurance agent before a certificate had been issued to him.

Annie Smith pleaded guilty to 21 charges of illegal liquor selling and to keeping a disorderly house.

Ore Dust Suits Decided.

A bill in equity brought by a number of residents of Oakland, similar to the Sullivan case, in which an effort was made to prevent the alleged ore dust nuisance from the furnaces of the Jones & Laughlin Steel Company, was dismissed yesterday. Judge Frazer declared the cases are alike, and says the plaintiffs can maintain an action against the company.

Today's Trial Lists.

Criminal court—Commonwealth versus John Cennedki, H. H. Mohler, W. A. Adams, John Considine, Barney McMahon (2), Della Swoger (2), Julius Paderscky, Johanna Wasneraska, William Kountz, Joseph Hammaway, Silas Ludwig Jr., Rody Pritchard, George Williams, M. Biler, Louis Pfeifer, Mini J. O'Keefe (2), James L. Barrat et al, George Barker et al, Annie Holtzman.

Common pleas No. 1—Kralzenberg vs. borough of Homestead; West End Sheet Steel Company vs. Follansbee et al; Nathanson vs. Pittsburgh, Railway & Supply Company; Consolidated Traction Company; McCoy vs. Amdersky; Roman vs. Bovnianek; Jones Pope Produce Company vs. Somers; Phoenix Brewing Company vs. Weiss; Hope vs. Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad Company; Mikso's vs. Pennsylvania Railroad Company; Conor vs. same.

Common pleas No. 2—Webb vs. Winkelbose; McCrossan vs. Reilly; Wade vs. Gangwisch; United States Fire Proofing Company vs. Ralph et al; Hastings vs. Burchfield.

Common pleas No. 3—Bovard & Seyfang vs. Daily; Ardolina vs. Higgins; Rogano vs. Minsinger Bros.; Holland vs. Devinney; Horne Skirt Manufacturing Company vs. Rosenthal & Fisher; McCann vs. Monongahela Traction Company; Pittsburgh Slate Mantel Company vs. Morrow; Dilig vs. Shadowless Arc Light Company; Monongahela Valley bank et al vs. Large.

New Suits Filed.

COMMON PLEAS NO. 1.

Defendant.	Plaintiff.	Action.
Sarah S. Caldwell et al	Safe Deposit & Trust Co. et al	Equity
G. W. Clark	Harry S. Buckell	Rep.
Milwaukee Harvester Co.	Lewis Thomas et al	Ex. att.
Theo. Sproull	Christian Roth	Assp.
Commonwealth, use	Harry Cohen et al	Assp.
Isaac Hall	James C. Latham	Assp.
J. B. Wilson	C. A. Reider et al	Ap.

COMMON PLEAS NO. 2.

Weiler Bros.	James Beach	Ap.
H. Adler Co.	Gustav Vosaburg et al	Rep.
Amoskeag Shoe Co.	Wm. Lowenstein	Ap.
J. Geo. Peifenach	Fred Roth et al	Ap.

COMMON PLEAS NO. 3.

Garrison Foundry Co.	Henry S. Mould Co.	Assp.
J. H. Stockhouse	William Paulke et al	Scf. fa. m. l.
O. McLaughlin	Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway Co.	Tres.
J. Roth	Henry Reiter	Assp.
M. Wanelick	Morris Coon	Ap.

LEGAL BRIEFS.

As no cases were ready for trial in court of common pleas No. 2, the jurors were dismissed.

Decrees in distribution were: Estate of Henry Miller, $78,538 89; Michael Hanlon, $850 40.

In the bankruptcy case of Ellen Welsh, a retail grocer of Sandusky, an order was granted restraining the sale of the property.

Suit was entered by the A. Garrison Foundry Company against the Henry S. Mould Company to recover $3,327 21 on a contract for work done.

In the case of Thomas B. Barclay against D. L. Jones, bondsman of Andrew Becker, to recover $216 40 expenses the plaintiff claims he went to Newark, N. J., for Becker, who jumped his bail.

An appeal was filed in the case of Victoria Murray against the city of Allegheny. The plaintiff claims ownership of a portion of Smoky Island. The case had been dismissed by the circuit court.

A petition was filed for a citation on Mrs. Lewis Reed to show cause why she should not take out letters of administration on her husband's estate. It is alleged Mrs. Reed is disposing of the property.

Olga McLaughlin entered suit against the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway Company to recover $10,000 damages for injuries said to have been received by the explosion of naphtha at Sheraden last May.

A bill in equity was filed by Sarah E. Caldwell, executrix of the estate of John Caldwell, deceased, against the administrator of the estate of William A. Caldwell, for a division of the property of Caldwell & Bro. The action is an amicable one.

Samuel Pontens sued Mary Jane Hamson for $5,000 damages. Both own property on Vasgers street and the plaintiff alleges that the defendant allowed a dilapidated fence to fall in an unsanitary condition that the members of his family were ill.

Letters of administration were issued as follows: To John Stots on the $5,000 estate of George Stots, late of Allegheny, represented by Jacksman & Leap; to Fidelity Title and Trust Company on the estate of Josephine E. Clark, worth $1,730.

An answer was filed in the divorce case of Hugh McDonald against Hannah McDonald. It is denied that the husband always demeaned himself as a kind and affectionate husband should. Mrs. McDonald says her husband deserted her and that she did not subject him to any indignities.

In the United States district court in the bankruptcy case of A. C. Bailey of Ford City, the referee directed that all checks drawn for four months prior to adjudication of bankruptcy, against a building destroyed by fire and partially rebuilt, does not have priority of the lien of a first mortgage covering the entire premises.

In the United States circuit court the restraining order has been continued in the case of E. S. Fiske against the Pittsburgh, Shawmut & Northern Railroad Company. An additional order was also made enjoining the railroad company from prosecuting its suit against Fiske in the common pleas court of Jefferson county.

The will of Y. C. Chess of Chartiers township was filed. The value of the estate is not given, but it is said to be large. The entire estate is bequeathed to the wife of the testator and their child. At the request of Mrs. Chess letters of administration were issued to the Pennsylvania Trust Company, represented by Attorneys Lazear & Orr.

Executions were issued as follows: M. Jacob vs. Joseph H. Smith, $154; Younker & Co. vs. Julia Post, $119; Pennsylvania Trust Company vs. Samuel P. Andrews, $1,500; Mercantile Trust Company, guard., vs. James W. Thompson, $3,867 50; Frederick Dillemuth, use, vs. Levi E. Umstead, with use, $582 75; William Jenkinson vs. John C. Lashley, $906 85; Phoebe Edmundsen vs. Rudolph Robbert, $536; Milwaukee Harvester Company vs. Lewis Thomas, $111 25.

RAMSEY READY WITH BLUE PRINTS GALORE

Wabash President Will Urge Councilmanic Committee to Grant Requests.

President Joseph Ramsey, Jr., of the Wabash, arrived in Pittsburgh yesterday from New York. He spent a busy afternoon yesterday in consultation with President J. W. Patterson and General Counsel A. M. Neeper.

During the afternoon plans were completed for the hearing of the Wabash ordinances before the corporations committee of select council this afternoon. All three of the officials will be present and an effort will be made to have the committee reinsert the Carson street clause in the ordinance and send it back to common council for concurrence.

Blue-prints the Wabash will have, in numbers great enough to satisfy the most eager collector of such engineering designs. After today there will be no room for complaint that details are not shown. The white glare of publicity is just what the Wabash wants, according to the claims of the management.

General Counsel A. M. Neeper said yesterday that the Wabash motion for a rehearing of the case, recently decided by the supreme court against that road, will be made on January 22. Several new arguments will be introduced, to show the decision failed to take into account all the factors in the case.

President Ramsey said that the Western Maryland management has its plans in such shape that the call for bids to build two-thirds of the 65-mile link between Cherry Run and Cumberland will be made in a few days.

PITTSBURGH ARMOR FOR NEW BATTLESHIPS

Sub-Committee on Naval Affairs Recommends Several New Vessels.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU, Room 10, Postal Building, WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 15.

If the naval program outlined by the house committee on naval affairs goes through it will mean a big order for armor plate for the Homestead steel works. President Roosevelt and Secretary Moody are both strongly in favor of providing for additional naval vessels at this session, and the great danger to the proposition lies in the senate.

As reported by the sub-committee the naval appropriation bill carries $78,713,400 or about $4,000,000 less than the amount asked for by the navy department. The construction of three new battleships and one cruiser is recommended. The battleships are to be of 16,000 tons each and are not to cost over $4,000,212 apiece. The cruiser is to be of 14,500 tons and to cost not more than $4,650,000.

Provision has been made also by the sub-committee for the construction of two new steel training ships at $370,000 each and one wooden brig at $50,000. These vessels are designed to be used in training landsmen and naval apprentices.

Representative Joy today introduced a concurrent resolution directing the house committee on naval affairs to prepare a bill providing for the construction of 25 additional battleships at a cost not to exceed $5,000,000 each.

L. W. STRAYER.

LOOKING FOR HIS WIFE.

Mrs. Sherman Did Not Wait for Husband's Arrival.

Anthony Sherman, a mill worker, is looking for his wife, who disappeared from this city a week ago. He has advertised for her, but yesterday had no tidings of the missing woman. Mrs. Sherman had been employed in the restaurant of Peter S. Roach, No. 119 Fourth avenue, as a waitress.

Sherman had carried dishes in the same establishment until a fortnight since, when he went to Youngstown, O., and secured a position in a mill. He desired to go to housekeeping and wrote to his wife that he would come to Pittsburgh after her last Friday. On Thursday night Mrs. Sherman packed up her belongings and told her friends here that she would go immediately to Youngstown.

When Sherman reached here he thought that he had passed his wife on the way. His search proved futile and he inserted a personal advertisement in a newspaper, but yesterday paid many visits to the general delivery window at the Pittsburgh postoffice looking in vain for a reply. Mrs. Sherman is about 23 years of age and is tall and comely.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Purifies the blood, gives strength to the nerves, and brings color to the cheeks. Ayer's Pills regulate the bowels, cure constipation and biliousness, and aid the digestion. Two grand family medicines. Sold for 60 years.

J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Is your business represented in

Gazette Want Columns

Today? If not, you are missing many good opportunities. Try them. 1 cent a word, each insertion, payable in advance.

For the convenience of advertisers The Pittsburgh Gazette has established the following branch offices, where classified advertisements may be left at regular rates, 1c a word, each insertion, cash in advance. Advertisements left at any branch office will be telephoned to the main office, thus insuring prompt publication.

PITTSBURGH.

BRUSHTON AVE., 318—F. S. Weisser & Co.
BUTLER ST., 3400—David Lewis.
BUTLER ST., 3521—H. C. Knapp.
BUTLER ST., COR. 43D.—R. M. Totten.
BUTLER ST., COR. 44TH—A. W. Covert.
BUTLER ST., 5202—Henry A. Spilker.
CARVER ST., COR. PARK AVE.—R. B. McKelvey.
CENTER AVE., 1801—T. F. Moore.
CENTER AVE., 2101—C. F. Nourse.
CENTER AVE., COR. KIRKPATRICK ST.—The Bell Pharmacy.
COLLINS AVE., 113—William Lindeman.
CONGRESS ST., COR. WYLIE AVE.—C. F. McMurray.
DALLAS AVE., COR. KELLY ST., McCabe's.
FIFTH AVE., 1221—Robin Drug Company.
FIFTH AVE., COR. STEVENSON—Chas. L. Young.
FIFTH AVE., 1734—Harper & Wynne.
FIFTH AVE. 2230—McKee & Dedin.
FIFTH AVE., 3814—Ihrig's Pharmacy.
FIFTH AVE., 4505—Central Pharmacy.
FIFTH AVE., 1430—Thumm Bros. Stationers.
FORBES ST., 2705—John M. Holman.
FORBES ST., COR. CRAIG—Geo. A. Charlas.
FORTY-THIRD ST., COR. BUTLER—R. M. Covert.
FORTY-FOURTH ST., COR. BUTLER—A. W. Covert.
FRANKSTOWN AVE., COR. PENN—Schilling Tea Company.
FRANKSTOWN AVE., 120—E. G. Suffal.
FRANKSTOWN AVE., 6956—Theo. T. Bill.
FULTON ST., 108—F. J. Kellenberger.
FULTON ST., COR. WYLIE—Wm. Shuchman.
HAMILTON AVE., COR. HOMEWOOD—J. R. McCreary.
JUNILLA ST., COR. WYLIE AVE.—E. H. Melvin.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.
Main Office,
347-349 Fifth Ave.

WANTED.

Agents.

AGENTS—Either sex, in every town to sell oil stock in a new reliable home company. You can make considerable money without interfering with your other business. Address Box No. F 87, The Gazette.

Male Help.

ARE you wanting work? Call or write; we will look up position for you. NATIONAL BUREAU, 403 Federal st., Allegheny.

BARBER—Good barber, 12 Federal st., Allegheny.

BOOKKEEPERS and accountants; state experience, references and salary. Address S 46, The Gazette.

CARPENTERS—Three carpenters to build gallery in our salesroom. Call Friday morning, 615 Penn ave.

COAL DIGGER, who will take charge of a small coal shaft and take out coal by the ton for spot cash. Inquire Harmarville, Pa., superintendent.

DAIRYMAN—Want a first-class dairyman; good salary; yearly contract. Write or call quick, STATE BUREAU, 545 Liberty ave., room 203.

ERRAND boy. Duncan & Co., 1006 Penn ave.

FOREMAN—First-class grade and rock foreman; also first-class railroad blacksmith. Apply to D. F. Keenan, contractor, Latrobe, Pa.

IF YOU ARE SEEKING EMPLOYMENT OR WISH TO CHANGE YOUR PRESENT POSITION, CALL OR ADDRESS INFORMATION DEPARTMENT, STAR BUREAU. OLDEST, LARGEST AND BEST. 30 years' established trade among the largest firms, banks and R. R. officials; privacy if desired. 126 Sixth st., Opp. Alvin theater.

LATHERS—Ten; call 419 East Lacock st., Allegheny.

MAN—Young, to assist in rent dept.; one residing in Wilkinsburg preferred. Address R 28, The Gazette, giving reference and salary expected.

MARINE Corps, U. S. Navy—Recruits wanted; able bodied men; service on our warships in all parts of the world and on land in the United States and colonial possessions when required. Apply Recruiting Office, Rooms 414-415 City Postoffice building.

PANTS FINISHERS—Experienced pants finishers. Apply at Jacksons, 954 Liberty st.

SALESMAN—One who sees his trade at least once a month, to handle one of the best advertised and best selling articles on the market as a side line, out of city. Address M 86, The Gazette.

SALESMAN—A western cattle company, incorporated, desires a local representative to open office and interest investors. Call at once. A. H. Watson, Home hotel.

SAUSAGE MAKERS—Two good sausage makers; steady work. Apply Rea & Co., Pork Packers, Second ave. and Panhandle crossing.

STENOGRAPHER—Young man stenographer, typewriter; about 17 years old. Apply 110 Wood st.

Female Help.

ALTERATION FITTER; must be first-class, with reference; good wages. Address N 86, The Gazette.

COOK at 906 Arch st., Allegheny; good reference required.

GIRL—Good white girl for general housework, good wages. 2844 Wylie ave.

GIRL wanted for general housework. Apply 349 Spahr st., E. E., city.

MAID wanted to do plain cooking. Apply at 826 Bidwell st., Shadyside.

PANTS FINISHERS—Experienced. Apply at Jackson's, 954 Liberty st.

WOMAN—Young or middle aged, to wait on aged lady. Mrs. Kennington, 209 W. Ohio st., Allegheny.

WOMAN—Young, for chamber work and sewing. Mrs. Kennington, 209 W. Ohio st., Allegheny.

Situations—Male.

WANTED—Position to take care of old gentleman; have good experience and good character. Address 107 Spring alley.

Situations—Male and Female.

MALE and female help supplied. WALKER, 610 Duquesne way. Tel. 320

Pupils.

PUPILS.

Day and night school for young and middle-aged men and women. Actual Business College, 310 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh. Big Ten Cent Store building. Positions secured.

PUPILS—RENO SHORTHAND AND PENMANSHIP SCHOOL, 432 Wood st., prepares students for expert reporting and positions requiring high speed and accuracy. Post-graduate course. Ask for catalogue.

STEM-VOWEL shorthand; 220 words per minute for half hour; highest sustained speed ever reached; $1(00 to any one equaling it in speed and legibility. Sixth and Liberty. Come and see it.

Real Estate.

WANTED—To Rent—4, 5 or 6-room house, with bath and all conveniences, in good neighborhood, near car line; state location and rent. Address W 700, The Gazette.

WANTED—A farm, with everything furnished, to work on shares. Address K 88, The Gazette.

WANTED—To rent, a farm 10 or 15 acres, if suited would buy. Box 454, Oakdale, Pa.

WANTED.

Rooms.

Three Furnished or Unfurnished Rooms

For light housekeeping, in good, strictly residence district of East End, toward Highland Park or West Wilkinsburg preferred. Address A 800, Pittsburgh Gazette.

Partners.

WANTED—Man with $2,000 to take half interest in good paying, well established manufacturing business, Fayette and Chartiers sts., Allegheny, second floor. K. S. & Ad. Co.

WANTED—A man to invest $5,000 in an A1 enterprise earning large profits. Address Box 905, city.

Boarders.

SEWICKLEY, Luty House—Convenient to station; best table board; all conveniences.

Miscellaneous.

H. C. KNAPP, commercial job printer, 3521 Butler st. Both telephones.

FOR RENT.

City and Suburban Residences.

DON'T rent any longer. We can sell you a very comfortable home within 15 minutes' street car ride from the corner of Fifth ave. and Market st., Pittsburgh, in a well settled resident neighborhood—streets graded, sidewalks, water, gas, schools, churches, stores and out of range of smoke nuisance, on monthly payments.

Inquire 219 Fourth ave., Commercial Building, city.

FOR RENT.

NEAR McKINLEY PARK, HILL TOP.

Three frame houses of 3 rooms and cellar, gas, water, and sewering, houses neatly papered and painted; will sell on small payment down; balance $11 a month; near car line, 5c fare

S. G. ROESSLE,
Rooms 826-827 Park bldg. Tel. Top office 94 West st., opposite McKinley park.

FOR RENT.

Send name and address and list will be mailed to you.
All kinds of properties for sale or rent.
W. J. KIRK, 1109 Arcott Building.

SHERIDAN AVE., Bellevue, new brick house of 10 rooms; reception hall, bath, gases, range, furnace, laundry, water heater, cabinet mantels; $37.50.

A. B. HAY, JR.,
103 W. Ohio st., Allegheny.

FOR RENT—Good, modern 8-room brick house; No. 2803 Wylie ave.; $25.

J. H. O'DONNELL, 433 Fourth ave.

East End Residences.

SEND for complete list of East End houses. J. W. SHERRER, 107 Sheridan ave., E. E.

Apartments.

FOR RENT—Third floor, corner Locust and Marion streets, 50x100; would make a very desirable lodge room or light manufactory; fireproof floors, good light and all necessary conveniences; would make a lease for term of years. Inquire Eclipse Laundry Co., Stevenson street.

Offices.

OFFICES TO LET.

En suite, new Lewis Block annex, Sixth avenue and Smithfield street; large, sunny and centrally located.

APPLY H. L. WASS,
541 Sixth ave.

FOR RENT—OFFICES.

Reduced rent to April to permanent tenants. Most central locations on Fourth ave. Some of them are front rooms.
COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE & TRUST CO.,
327 and 329 Fourth ave.

Business Properties.

FOR RENT—Business houses and rooms in central districts, at prices ranging from $1,200 to $6,500 per year, according to size and location. Send for list.
COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE & TRUST COMPANY,
327 and 329 Fourth Ave.

Desk Room.

DESK ROOM—Office Renting Company, 711 Penn ave., furnishes desk, telephone and all conveniences of your own office; eight dollars a month.

DESK ROOM—Desk space, with use of desk, phone, etc. Apply to The Audit Company of Pittsburgh, 502 Frick building.

DESK ROOM—Good desk space. Inquire 405 Market st., Pittsburgh.

Farms.

FOR RENT—150-acre farm; ½ mile from Manor, 23 miles from Pittsburgh, on Penns. railroad; good springs; running stream; fine site for dairy. C. L. McCutcheon, 301 Arcott building, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE.

City and Suburban Residences.

$2,850—Friendship st., frame house, 7 rooms, hall, cabinet mantels, bath, vestibule, porches, papered, laundry, combination chandeliers, lot 30x94 feet to alley.

$3,000—Maderia st., frame house, 6 rooms, hall, hardwood mantels, bath, vestibule, porches, papered, laundry, instantaneous water heater, gas, range, combination chandeliers; lot 68x132 feet.

$5,000—Franklin st., frame house, 7 rooms, reception hall, china closet, hardwood mantels, bath, vestibule, front and rear porches, furnace, range, combination chandeliers; lot 58x132 feet.

BLACK & BAIRD,
419 Fourth ave.,
Opposite Postoffice.

FOR SALE—Oakmont, Pa., P. R. R. Brick, 10 rooms with modern conveniences, 4 acres of ground with forest trees, gardener's cottage, good barn, stable and carriage house; fine spring water on premises; will rent to a good tenant.
Inquire of the
COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE & TRUST COMPANY,
327 and 329 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—$1,000 DOWN.
Remainder on reasonable payments, will buy a neat house, 6 rooms, bath, furnace, modern fixtures, on Ivy street, Shadyside. See broker in charge.
COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE & TRUST COMPANY,
327 and 329 Fourth Ave.

FOR SALE.

$4,250—Modern, reception hall, two-story, solid brick house, Brighton; eight rooms, bath, finished attic, two cabinet, two slate mantels, chandeliers, range, large front and rear porches; lot 30x209 ft., to sewered alley; trees, shrubbery; small payments or cash. Address L 39, The Gazette.

FOR SALE.

City and Suburban Residences.

FOR SALE—A cozy little home of 5 rooms, slate roof, porch, city water, gas, sewered, good stone foundation, with dry cellar, street newly paved and flagged; situate on Mt. Washington; 8 minutes' walk from Incline; possession to suit you; now as to price and terms, $2,400 (no less), mortgage 6 per cent, $1,350; cash, $1,050; better see us promptly for this bargain; this price for a few days only; subject to an advance.
DELAVAN & CO.,
314 Fourth ave., Room 25.

FOR SALE.

Beautiful Swissvale home, with about one acre of ground; 12 rooms, reception hall, tile bathroom, handsome cabinet mantels, beautifully papered, hot water heaters, laundry complete. Also stable, fountain, summer house, shrubbery and in an elegant location; 2 minutes from street car line and P. R. R. station. This property is an ideal home. Call at once.
P. C. CAMPBELL, Swissvale, Pa.

FOR SALE—Hilltop, new house, four rooms, front porch, slate roof, good cellar, lot 22x100; one square to car; only $1,250. M. S. METCALFE, 413 Fourth ave., room 302.

FOR SALE—Wightman st. property, near Wilkins ave., at low price to close an estate. Address M. B. Johnson, No. 20 N. Diamond st. (east) Allegheny.

NORTH ST. CLAIR ST.—Modern frame house, nine rooms, laundry, bath; low price.
JAMES W. TURNER, 442 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—Bellevue, house and lot, corner; built of finest material, for private use; no agents. Address L 88, The Gazette.

$25.00 DOWN, balance $15.00 month will buy you a home of your own. Lock Box 896, McKees Rocks, Pa.

East End Residences.

CHOICE RESIDENCE.
For Sale.

No. 6526 Dalzell ave., first house east of the Beechwood boulevard, on the southerly side of the street, two squares from the Forbes st. cars; fine new brick house.

Reception hall, parlor, dining room, kitchen and pantry on the first floor; four bright, cheerful bedrooms and fine tiled bathroom on the second floor, and two large, nicely finished rooms and large closets on the third floor.

Reception hall, parlor and dining room floors, finish and panel work fine quality of quartered oak; parlor beautifully decorated in panel and relief; the balance of the house finely papered.

A real gas saving furnace, an economy and a comfort; instantaneous water heater, finished laundry, cemented cellar, two inside closets; good gas range; 20 elegant electric hardwood cabinet mantels throughout; everything first-class, complete and up to date.

Asphalt paved street, granolithic walks and steps, nicely sodded terrace and lawn; 40-foot building lots.

Clean, high, healthy location, the choice of Squirrel Hill.

Price only $16,500.
J. H. O'DONNELL, 433 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE.

Hard to equal
At $12,000; colonial house, center Hall, 12 large rooms, mostly
Finished in hard wood; latest
Fixtures; beautiful level lot; street
Fully improved; immediate
Possession may be had; on
Macon st., near Hutchinson ave.,
East End. See
COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE AND TRUST CO.,
327 and 329 Fourth ave.

NEW modern 10-room reception hall brick house, colonial front; fine improvements; well paved street, near Station ave.
C. G. MARTIN, 515 Hebron Avenue, E. E. Bell 'phone 1568-J East.

BARGAIN—12-room frame house, Kincaid, near Fairmount ave.; investigate
JAMES W. TURNER, 442 Fourth ave.

Allegheny Residences.

FIFTH WARD, ALLEGHENY.

Near 2 car lines. Phone in house.
Good brick house, 6 rooms, attic, hall and wash house.
Lot 22x90 feet.
Immediate possession. Price reduced to $5,400.

A. D. WILSON,
221 Federal st., Allegheny, Pa.

ON CALIFORNIA AVE., GOOD DISTRICT.

Brick house, 10 rooms, reception hall, bath, laundry, cemented cellar, porches; lot 45x150 feet. Only $8,100.

A. D. WILSON,
221 Federal st., Allegheny, Pa.

MAPLE AVE., ALLEGHENY.

Good frame house, 9 rooms; modern built; lot 40x115 feet. Only $4,500

A. D. WILSON,
221 Federal st.,
Allegheny, Pa.

Real Estate—Special.

LOOK HERE—We have a house with 7 rooms, a fine cellar, slate roof, front and rear porches, hall, pantry, bath, cabinet mantels; lot 27x130 feet, fronting on two streets, sewered. All for $2,800, on easy terms—worth $3,500.

$5,600—Wilkinsburg—Near railroad station, a new 8 room brick house, with every convenience; lot 50x120 ft. on shady side. You couldn't purchase the lot and build the same house for $6,500. This beats renting.
IRA C. EWING CO., 212-13 Ferguson Bldg.

Coal and Timber Lands.

FOR SALE—200,000 acres timber lands in Maine, estimated to produce not less than 1,500,000 cords spruce pulpwood, and 150,000,000 feet spruce saw logs, together with water power, on line railroad; 8,000 H. P. Will guarantee pulpwood can be delivered at a pulp mill for $2.50 per cord. No other location in the United States can show such large quantity. For full particulars address IMPERIAL TRUSTEE COMPANY, 76 Montgomery street, Jersey City, N. J.

GAS COAL—12 acres, near Irwin, Westmoreland county, Pa., with 60 acre farm, dwelling, barn, orchard, good water. Land all tillable; custom mine opened, near railroad and good town.

S. A. GIBSON & CO.,
401 Grant st.

Oil Lands.

OIL—OIL—$1 54—OIL—OIL

$1,000—OIL PRODUCTION per barrel—$1,000 BIG INJUN sand; 30 barrels daily; settled; finely equipped leases. Investigate, don't hesitate, investigate.
ROYAL REALTY CO., 904 Park bldg.

OIL—OIL—$1 54—OIL—OIL

Farms.

FARM.

80 acres in Beaver county, 2½ miles from railroad, 20 miles from city, and underlaid with coal; good 6 room house, new barn and other outbuildings. A great bargain at $4,000.
ZAHNISER & CO.,
426 Fourth ave.

Lots.

FOR SALE.

EAST WILKINSBURG PLAN OF LOTS.

A rare chance to secure a home, and sold at about two-thirds the price of surrounding property, on easy payments.
W. H. H. FRIEND,
700 Wood st., Wilkinsburg.

Manufacturing Sites.

FOR SALE.

Two railroad manufacturing sites; one 60x250, the other 115x126; located in the best district; also between two street car lines.

Bargain for short time only.
THE PUBLIC TRUST CO., 236 Fourth ave.

Business Properties.

M'KEESPORT business property, centrally located, at low price. Address Owner, T 46, The Gazette.

For Sale or Exchange.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

Choice Robinson township farm, 115 acres 1 mile R. R. near Clinton; 9 miles Pike; 7 miles city; 3 producing oil wells; royalty about $50 per mo.; 8-room brick house; $2,500 barn; large orchard, good water, etc.; no choicer place on market; will trade for good city property. (No. 312 B.)

A. C. M'COMB & CO.,
326 Fourth ave.

Business Opportunities.

SHOE STORE—On main street in one of the best towns of 30,000 population in Western Pennsylvania, 50 miles from Pittsburgh; good room and up-to-date stock; invoice $7,300.

FARM—119 acres in Beaver county, 2 miles from Ohio river and P. R. R.; good buildings, 80 acres and, under cultivation; coal under; for coal; price, $2,750; $750 down and balance to suit purchaser.
ZAHNISER & CO.,
426 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE.

One fourth interest in 665 acres of oil producing land, situate in West Virginia, one mile of river frontage and one mile of railroad; no rentals, will pay 20 per cent on investment now, will increase the production without any additional cost; have from 87,000 to 88,000 worth of machinery, etc., on the ground; $8,000 cash required; no agents. This will stand investigation. Lock box 1230, city.

ROOMING HOUSE SPECIAL.

Facing Allegheny park, near Stockton ave., 16 rooms, elaborately furnished and as good as new; clearing $126 monthly; rent only $75, this is the best proposition on the market, and is worth double the amount asked; price $1,200.

REAL ESTATE MORTGAGE CO.
12 Federal st., near bridge, Allegheny.

IF you want to buy or sell any kind of business, see CAVANAGH CO., 421 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE.

Business Opportunities.

INVESTIGATE!!! INVESTIGATE!!!

Hotel—Long established, leading business in leading town in Fayette county; bar receipts, $24,000 annually; brick building, 3-story, 20 rooms; reality and business going for $21,000; part cash will do. Investigate! Royal Realty Co., 904 Park bldg.

FOR SALE—Feed store, doing a large business in wholesale and retail and a first-class stand for livery; reason for selling, have other business interests that takes all of our time; possession given at once. Write or call on Liggett Bros., Pittsburg, Pa.

GENTS' FURNISHING AND SHOE STORE—Located in this city; doing a business of $1,500 a month; size of room 20x80; rent $75 per month; stock will invoice between $6,000 and $7,000.
W. J. KIRK, 1109 Arcott Building.

BUSINESS of all kinds sold, partners secured for established business, stock companies organized and industrial enterprises financed; all business strictly confidential.
THE PUBLIC TRUST CO., 236 Fourth ave.

BUSINESS of all kinds bought and sold; partners secured for established business, etc.; all transactions strictly confidential.
W. J. KIRK, Room 1109 Arrott Building, Wood st. and Fourth ave.

GROCERY STORE—Located in Allegheny; doing a business of $20 per day; rent $25 per month, including 7 living rooms and bath; price $450.
W. J. KIRK, 1109 Arrott Building.

I BUY for cash all kinds of merchandise, stores of every description, city or country, amount no object; business strictly confidential. Address Louis Horn, 1607 Fifth ave.

DOCTOR'S LOCATION—Drugs, furniture, appointments, stable outfit, books, instruments, practice; be quick. Address "Doctor," S 74, The Gazette.

FREE—100 lots to advertise Wildwood Lake park, suburb New York; send stamp for deed 25 feet. Seaside Co., D, 187 Broadway, N. Y.

BUSINESS CHANCES—Send for list. Estep & Co., 326 Fourth ave.

Investments.

WANTED—To borrow $2,000 at 6 per cent for three years on first mortgage improved city property worth $4,000; 2½ per cent commission to principal agents or attorney.
J. H. O'DONNELL, 433 Fourth ave.

Machinery.

ENGINES.

82x54 and 28x60 Corliss.
20x24 Automatic.
12 and 21x24 Cross Compound.

BOILERS.

8—60x16 Boilers.
2—175 H. P. B. & W.

MISCELLANEOUS.

44"x30", 30"x20" and 36"x10" Lathes.
42x40x13 and 13x10x36 Planers.
24" and 20" Drill Presses.
1—6" Pipe Machine.
1—60-ton Hydraulic Wheel Press.
1—7' Swing Crane.
1—5-ton Yale & Towne hand traveling crane.
1—42"x53" Steel Bldg.
1—350 and 1-500 H. P. Heater, Brass Tubes.

ATWELL MACHINERY COMPANY,
507 Hamilton Bldg.,
Bell 'phone 1893 Grant. P. & A. 2809 Main

STEAM HAMMERS.

10,000-lb. Morgan, double leg.
5,000-lb. Pittsburgh, double leg.
6000-lb. double leg.
600-lb. Pratt & Whitney friction board drop hammer.
Yeakley vacuum power hammer.

PUNCHES AND PRESSES.

Stiles No. 75 straight sided power punching and stamping press.
Allison & Bauman upright punch and shear.
Also a complete line of boilers, engines, feed water heaters, rolling mill machines, etc.

WICKES BROTHERS,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
Offices—808 Frick Building.
Warehouses—45th st. and A. V. R. R.

FOR SALE—Boilers and engines, all sizes, from 12 to 125 H. P.; tubular and portable upright boilers and engines, large assortment kept in stock; shafting, pulleys and hangers, and large lot of miscellaneous machinery; second-hand boiler tubes and lumber; large stock of all sizes at low prices; machinery of all kinds bought and exchanged.
S. P. YOUNG,
108-110 Park way, Allegheny, Pa.

30 1½ yard 2-foot gauge dump cars.
1 Hydraulic Wheel Press Horizontal take-in, 42" Wheel
1 14' Jones and Lawson Turret Lathe.
Line of new engines and boilers ranging from 4 to 75 horse power.

J. CARLIN,
Twenty-sixth st. and A. V. R. R., City.

N. C. DAVISON,
Gas and Steam Engines, Boilers, Pumps, Compressors. 308 Frick building.

Sewing Machines.

$24 80 BUYS the new highest grade 4-drawer drop head, oak cabinet genuine Singer Sewing Machine; $26 00 for the New Home or Domestic; $21 00 for the New Davis; Standard, $21 00; Wheeler & Wilson, $24 00; Minnehaha, $15 20; Burdick, $12 85; Serco, $8 95. For free sewing machine catalogue and most liberal free trial offer cut out and mail this notice to Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago.

WE repair all makes of sewing machines; lowest prices, all work warranted; genuine needles and attachments of all makes.
H. CARTER,
131 Sixth st., next to Bijou. Bell 'phone 3940. Ring 2 Grant.

Pianos.

$450—PIANO—Family sacrifices famous upright; unsurpassed tone; cover, stool, book, sheet music; guarantee; only $150 cash. Sell very cheap. 711 North Euclid ave., East End, Pittsburgh.

Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—Steel range, cake griddle, portable oven, coffee and tea urns, at cost; second hand bath, copper boiler, washstand

FURTHER REACTION IN STOCK MARKET

Wall Street Beginning to Fear That the January "Boom" Is Over--Freight Blockade Nearly as Bad as Ever--Local Securities Dull.

By JOHN O. BAGLIN, Financial Editor.

The eastern stock market yesterday was a dull and uninteresting affair, the transactions falling off to 526,000 shares, and the movement in prices being confined to small fractions in most instances. London quotations were higher, but the market here failed to respond, and the chief feature of the day was irregularity, with a gradually sagging tendency to prices. During the early part of the day the Eries were strong on buying for foreign account, but in the final dealings all the gain was lost and the three issues of the stock closed at the lowest prices of the day. Reading, Ontario & Western, Chesapeake & Ohio and Atchison were all active at times, but the advance brought selling which wiped out the gains. The high-priced railroad stocks were dull and only slightly changed. Amalgamated Copper sold off at the opening, rallied on the declaration of the usual quarterly dividend of ½ of 1 per cent, and closed at 63, the same as on Wednesday and the day before. H. L. Casey, who first came into prominence in 1901, when he issued a circular on the copper situation, which was followed by a great decline in Amalgamated Copper stock, issued another circular yesterday, in which he estimated that the amount of unsold copper on hand on the 1st inst. was 270,594,559 pounds, and predicted that an advance in copper metal and therefore in the profits of the combination was unlikely during the present year. The figures, however, did not influence the market for the stock. Sugar sold off to 123 and closed near the lowest. The United States Steel stocks sold off during the morning, but recovered slightly before the close. Call money ranged between 4½ and 2½ per cent, closing at the latter rate. Wall street is beginning to fear that the January "boom" has already run its course, and professional sentiment on the market is bearish.

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When one reads that 39 out of 82 mines of the Pittsburgh Coal Company were inoperative this week because of the shortage of railroad cars and motive power, and this at a time when a famine prevails in the coal market; that in Illinois corn, which was loaded in November, is still standing on the tracks because of a lack of motive power to move it; that blast furnaces have been banked because of inability to obtain delivery of fuel; that shipments of manufactured products are delayed for weeks, and that mail trains between points 500 miles apart are from two to six hours late in reaching destination—when one hears of these things, the question naturally arises, is railway management becoming incompetent, or are railway managers paying more attention to the stock market and to deals for the elimination of competition than to the handling of business that is pressing upon them? This condition of the transportation business of the country has become chronic. Last fall the congestion of freight at Pittsburgh disorganized business over a wide area of country. A few weeks later a similar condition of blockade occurred at Chicago. There have been car famines in the past when there was apparently some excuse. Railways were less prosperous than they are at present, and managers not only did not have the means for providing rolling stock, but they were afraid of going into debt for the same, fearing that there would be a reaction in business that would result in throwing idle a large percentage of equipment. In recent years, however, not only have hundreds of millions of dollars been expended for betterments and additional rolling stock of greater capacity, but improvements have been made to facilitate the handling of traffic. Still the railroads have fallen short of meeting the requirements of the public. Possibly if some of the millions devoted to the purchase of stock in competing lines had been expended in improving the facilities of individual properties, the public would be better served.

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The enormous speculation in such stocks as the Erie, Reading, Rock Island, Wabash, and some of the minor western railway issues has directed attention to the movements of some of the great systems in the stock market, the object of these movements being not the service of the public, but the elimination of competition. The coal famine has also directed national attention to the inadequacy of railroad facilities, and the criticism of railway management is becoming so sharp that it cannot fail of effect. The estimates of expenditures planned for the coming two years contain promise of relief. In this connection the Wall Street Journal publishes a striking compilation. It states that nearly $400,000,000 represents approximately the amount of expenditures for new construction, improvements in equipment and betterments generally now either contracted for or determined upon by the railroads of the United States and Canada. The distribution of this sum is substantially as follows:

Atchison	$ 10,000,000
St. Louis & San Francisco	10,000,000
Rock Island	8,000,000
Chicago Great Western	20,000,000
Great Northern	16,000,000
Northern Pacific	12,000,000
Union Pacific	10,000,000
Southern Pacific	10,000,000
St. Paul	3,000,000
325 River Coal	11½ 11½ 11½ 0
Northwestern	5,000,000
Denver & Rio Grande	1,000,000
Burlington	5,000,000
Missouri Pacific	8,000,000
Wabash	20,000,000
Pennsylvania	30,000,000
N. Y. Central & Vanderbilts	20,000,000
Baltimore & Ohio	10,000,000
Southwestern lines	10,000,000
Central lines	5,000,000
Southern Railway	7,000,000
Miscellaneous southern lines	15,000,000
Canadian lines	160,000,000
Total	$380,000,000

In arriving at these figures it has not been possible to estimate closely in all cases, nor will all the money be expended during the current year, but aggregating the reports of amounts to be expended for construction either under way or to be commenced in the spring, and adding available known figures for replacing equipment and making betterments to existing right of way, such as reducing grades, strengthening lines, etc., it is probable that the total is under the actual amount now planned. Not for years, in fact not since the building boom in the 70's, has there been under consideration such widespread and comprehensive plans for new construction as at the present time.

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On the Pittsburgh stock exchange yesterday the sales reached only 3,050 shares, and the tone of the market was rather heavy. The net changes for the day show only one gain, Iron City Trust selling at 130½, an advance of ½ over the sale for the previous day, but a point below the closing bid on Wednesday. Electric second preferred again led in point of activity, but on sales of about 600 shares declined to 107¼. Airbrake was unchanged at 175. Just before the close some weakness developed in Window Glass common, and after declining to 54, the stock was offered at 53⅝ at the close, and 53½ was the best bid. There was also some pressure against National Fire Proofing, and both the common and preferred closed 1 per cent lower. The coal and steel stocks were dull and heavy. There were no transactions in the bond list.

PITTSBURGH STOCKS

Transactions on the Pittsburgh stock exchange aggregated 3,050 shares stock, 14-20 rights and 55 receipts. Sales:

10 a. m. to 10:30 a. m.

20 Marsden 4
100 Electric 2ds..108¼
10 U. S. S. com. 37
5 Crucible pfd.. 85
10:30 a. m. to 12:30 p. m.
200 R. Coal com.. 11¼
20-50 do..... 11⅞
100 Amer. Trust.167
20-50 do..... 168
50 Fire P. pfd.. 89½
50 do..... 89½
25 Electric 2ds..108
50 do..... 108⅜
25 do..... 107¾
50-100 do..... 107¾
10 Marsden 3⅞
25-100-50-25 do.. 4
5 Merch. S. & T. 89
12:30 p. m. to 2 p. m.
20 Marsden 5⅜
100 W. Glass com 54½
100 do..... 54½
100 Electric 2ds..107¾
20 do..... 107¾
50 Electric 2ds..107¾
50-25 do..... 107¾
20 Iron City Tr..130½
15 do..... 130¼
10 P. Coal pfd.. 88
100 P. Coal com.. 27¾
100 do..... 28
20 Republ. N. S.118
5 do..... 115
5 G. A. S. & T.165
75 Crucible pfd.. 84½
25 do..... 85
Bonds. Etc.
10 Fidelity r'ts 96
35-10 do..... 95
100 R. Coal com.. 11¾
80 Crucible com. 19½
20 do..... 19¾
15 C. I. S. S. com. 37
5 C. R. E. & T.243½
2 p. m. to 3 p. m.
10 W. Glass com 54¼
10-100 do..... 54
50 Safe D. & T. 137
50 Riv. Coal pfd. 29½
50 do..... 29⅜
20 Fire P. pfd.. 89½
30-70 do..... 90
15 C. I. S. S. com. 37
5 Fire P. com.. 28
30 Amer. Trust..169
10 do..... 169
Ally Regs.
Ally. Trust..152½ 154
P. & F. T.
Second Nat. Insurance
Western
Nat. Gas.
*M. L. & I.
Oil Co.
Hazelwood Mining.
Lester
Electric.
West. 2d pf. 107½
Miscel.
Chic. Steel.
Do pfd.....
Marsden 3⅝ 3⅞
Nat. Fr. Pr. 28½ 28¾
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NEW OFFICE BUILDING IS TO BE ERECTED

Skyscraper Will Go Up in Fourth Avenue Below Market Street--Guessing as to Jones & Laughlin's Plans--Realty Doings.

Another skyscraper office building is to be erected in this city, the location being in Fourth avenue, below Market street. Dr. Henry M. Hall, who purchased the property numbered from 117 to 125, inclusive, in Fourth avenue, through P. D. Nichols & Co., will raze the structures now on the land and erect a building for offices that will be modern in every way. The plans of ground and buildings on it had formerly belonged to D. H. Wallace, and the price paid was $125,000. The property fronts 100 feet in Fourth avenue, extending back 54 feet along Decatur street. There are now five 20-foot front houses on the land, four being three-story and one two-story.

There is speculation in real estate and industrial circles as to what the Jones & Laughlin Steel Company, manufacturers of iron and steel, will do this spring with the property it optioned on the South Side, adjoining part of the big plant there. The properties the company secured by option are bounded by Carson, Sidney, Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth streets. It was stated at the offices of the company yesterday that some of the options, which had been taken in September, had been allowed to expire, and that there was nothing to be given out at present in regard to the future plans.

The Real Estate Trust Company sold for James Hardie, Sr., to R. J. Davidson the properties at 1615 to 1623 Liberty avenue, inclusive, Tenth ward, consisting of is three-story tenement houses, each lot fronting 92 feet in Liberty avenue by 100 feet deep, to Spring alley. The purchase was made for investment and the price was $40,000 cash. This property adjoins the Hardie branch of the National Biscuit Company.

In illustration of the sharp and quick advance in values in this city was illustrated this week, when D. H. Wallace would not consider an offer of $125,000 for a piece of property he paid 100,000 for only two weeks ago. The property is at the corner of Penn avenue and Evans alley, is 40x100, and contains two old brick buildings. Mr. Wallace bought the property through the Commonwealth Real Estate and Trust Company for an investment and his future plans will be influenced by any circumstances that may turn up. At present he has nothing definite in view about it.

Real Estate Exchange.

Some of the real estate men in Pittsburgh are agitating the formation of a real estate exchange, somewhat similar to what they have in some other cities. Setting aside the many other advantages there would be in such a body, it is stated by those who are booming the project that the number of members could be agreed upon and a certain standard made for admission. In this way the business would be put on a higher plane and the reputable men in the real estate line would be free from unpleasant reflections on account of some people in the business who are alleged to be a little too sharp for many of their clients, and who are said to take unwarranted advantages of some owners of real estate, especially women. There are others who are against the scheme. While admitting some of its advantages, they claim that the secrecy necessary in conducting deals would be absent.

The deed was registered yesterday for the transfer of the property at 518 Wood street to Willis F. McCook. The property is one lot removed from the new Farmers' Deposit bank building on the Wood street side, and is 21 by 60 feet. William Rosberg owned six-seventh of it and the remaining one-seventh was owned by the late George A. Kelly. There was a double consideration in the transaction, it being been made in February, 1900, the consideration being $75,000. Those versed in real estate say the property now would bring almost twice that amount.

The Allegheny Real Estate Company has elected the following directors: Charles Dunbar, John T. Texter, Harold W. Watkins, Dr. H. T. Pitcairn, William A. Ford, Charles Schneider, Albert J. Gould, Morgan B. Hall, Charles Hutchison, William H. Knodell and John N. Dunn.

Small Sales Were Numerous.

The Commonwealth Real Estate & Trust Company sold for Frank Semple a lot 50 feet front on Henderson street, Twelfth ward, Allegheny, to Sarah McCready, for $1,000; a lot 25 feet front to Elizabeth Francis for $500, and a lot 25 feet front on Henderson street to Robert M. Francis for $500.

The Allegheny Real Estate Company sold to M. Nirdlinger of Bellevue, lot No. 8 in the Bellevue Park plan, 40x100 feet, for $800 cash. The purchaser has plans drawn for a residence which he intends to erect at once. The company also sold for John H. Walt to Jesse S. Woodell a new brick dwelling on Walt avenue, 22x125 feet, for $3,500.

W. L. Scott & Co., Allegheny, have sold for P. J. Ritter to William Duell, the property at 203 Brighton road, lot 20x88 feet, having on it a brick house of eight rooms and improvements. The same firm sold for Mary E. Crummey sold to James Young, through J. H. O'Donnell, a nine-room brick house, near the East Liberty station of the Pennsylvania railroad, for $5,000.

Realty Transactions Recorded.

Among the small real estate transactions recorded yesterday were the following:

Virgin alley: Estate of Fred Kaiser to O. S. Herrmann, lot 17, Adams' Bellevue plan, off Virgin alley, Third ward, $5,000.

Reynolds street: Hannah McClintock to Mary A. Corson, 18x80, northern side Reynolds street, Twenty-second ward, $1,000.

Stanton avenue: Daniel Baker to Charles Elstrom, irregular-shaped lot averaging 20x61 on improved, Stanton avenue, Eighteenth ward, $9,100.

Federal street: Joseph Murphy to Alice McDonough, 20x90, improved, west side Federal street, near Wylie avenue, Seventh ward, $7,200.

Dearborn street: Philomena Schwer to Mrs. Agnes Schwer, 20x90, improved, Dearborn street, Nineteenth ward, $4,500.

Climax street: Philip Demme to William Ehrhardt, 20x42½, improved, southeast corner Climax and Richardson streets, Thirty-eighth ward, $5,000.

Vine street: Browne Bros. & Co. to Marcus Wagman, 20x121, improved, east side Vine street, Eleventh ward, $7,450.

Transfers Recorded.

Walsh Patrick J. to Agnes M Walsh, Dec 24, '02, 21st wd, Fgh, 28x135. Hamilton ave ..... $ 5,500

Eichenlaub Albert J et ux to C B Linderman, Nov 11, '02, 22d wd, Fgh, 50x155, Dalzell ave 17,000

Bialas Jos et ux to Thos McDuffy, Jan 7, '03, 22d wd, Fgh, 66x150, Neeb st 11,000

Hoffman Geo et ux to Geo F Wagner, Jan 7, '03, 21st wd, Fgh, 40x212, Butler st

Phillips Wm W et ux to Annie G Phillips, Mar 5, '02, Shaler twp, 99x110 1,000

Brown Geo E to Jas E Elliott, Jan 13, '03, Crafton, 74x100, Cathcart st 2 400

Eckert Mary E et ux to Mich C Naiman, Sept 28, '02, McKees Rocks, 40x128, Middleton road

Livingston Sand to Wm J Robinson, Jan 13, '02, 2d wd, McKpt, 24x105, Walnut st

Foster Jasper M to Jas S Marshall, Oct 14, '02, 5th wd, Ally, 20x137, Penna ave 5,100

Kumpf Jno ex to Blanche K Cole, Jan 7, '03, 22d wd, Fgh, Schiller Anthony st

District Jno to Dani Lamneck, Dec 2, '02, 22d wd, Fgh, 84x100, Dorris ave

Mortgages Recorded.

Stealy Frank I to W a Campbell, Dec 18, '02 ..... $ 700

Reed John W to E M Clubbins et al, Jan 15, '03 700

Kelly Terrence to R G Cuboose, Mar 15, '02 200

Fenker Frederick W to C M Herrmann, Jan 13, '03 1,800

Schneider Charles to B Geib, Jan 12, '03 1,000

Covert William K to M Johnston, Jan 15, '03 1,000

Glover Theophilus to L M Glover, Jan 15, '03 1,000

Bickerton Thomas S to M E Metz, Sept 30, '02 700

McCargo Grant to F R Stoller, Jan 10, '03 18,000

Brown James C to E J C Stoller, Jan 14, '03 5,000

Brucker Michael to J G Mueller, Jan 14, '03 900

Moore George H to R A McDonald, Nov 22, '02 1,750

Hotchkiss D A to P J Ritter, Jan 9, '03 5,000

Petrie Milton to M E Duncan, Jan 14, '03 2,250

Duff Frank R to I M Nicely, Jan 1, '03

Fields Frank J to same, Jan 1, '03, Stanton avenue, Eighteenth ward 250 150

McCargo Grant to S R McKee, Jan 15, '03 15,500

Hull Henry M to D H Wallace, Jan 13, '03 60,000

McKee Alex to N J McEwen, Jan 15, '03 1,500

Mohling Peter A to T R Nevelin, Jan 12, '03 800

Lee Elizabeth to Improved Washington B & L, Jan 6, '03 5,200

Hildebrand Charles to Citizens P B & L A, Jan 14, '03 1,100

Wellbinger Andrew to 18th ward P B & L A, Jan 14, '03 900

Leasher Louis to Confidence B & L A, Jan 7, '03 800

Zimmerli E to Pine Creek Valley B & L A, Jan 15, '03 2,200

Seibert John to Ohio Valley Trust Co, Jan 10, '03 4,500

Kleiander Mary M to J M Hoffman & Co, Jan 14, '02 2,500

Schurer Otto to Juniata P B & L A, Jan 15, '03 2,000

Columbia Chapel to Lawrence B & L A, Jan 12, '03 600

Blumberg Albert to Provident L & Tr Co, Jan 13, '03 9,000

Smith James J to C Hustman, Jan 9, '03 2,500

Denninger Charles to G Schaquiet et al, Dec 28, '02 600

*Purchase money.

The Coffee Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—The market for coffee futures was steady at unchanged prices and ruled very quiet with featureless foreign news and an entire absence of influential developments either in respect to supply or demand. Reduction was mainly professional, and a sagging tendency was developed, with the close barely steady at a partial decline of five points. Sales were 11,750 bags, including May at 4.55; September at 4.50@4.85; October at 4.60@4.85, and December at 4.85 and December at 5.05@5.10.

Bank of England Statement.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes: Total reserves increased £1,516,000, circulation increased £95,000, bullion increased £1,520,175, other securities decreased £7,850,000, other deposits decreased £906,000, public deposits decreased £2,128,000, notes reserve increased £1,611,000, government securities decreased £2,465,000. The proportion of the Bank of England's reserve to liability this week is 44.14 per cent, as compared with 38.88 per cent last week. Rate of discount unchanged at 4 per cent.

Call Loans Easier.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—Money on call easier at 2½@4 per cent, closing at 2½@3 per cent. Time money firmer; 60 days, 5@5½ per cent; 90 days, 5@5½; six months, 5@5½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 6@6½ per cent. Sterling exchange easy, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86 7/16@4.86.80 for demand and $4.83.55@4.83.60 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.84½ and $4.87½@4.88; commercial bills, 83½. Bar silver, 47⅞c. Mexican dollars, 37⅝c.

Allegheny wagon delivery: Add 6 cents per 100 pounds for rail shipments to points within a radius of 50 miles of Pittsburgh.

Coffee, roasted—
- boils, Rio ..... 14@15c
- do mandheling ..... 25@28c
- do green— ..... 12@15c
- Java ..... 25@28c
- Mocha ..... 25@30c
- Golden Rio ..... 20@25c
- Old Gov. Rio ..... 14@16c
- do Java ..... 26@28c
- do Mocha ..... 25@30c
- do self-roast ..... 20@30c
- do high grade, pkgs ..... 14.20@16.30

Molasses, fancy refined ..... 35@37c
- do choice ..... 32@35c
- do prime ..... 26@30c
- do open ket ..... 40@45c

Syrup, fancy sugar ..... 28@30c
- do sugar and cane ..... 26@28c
- do 2½-lb cans, doz $1.15
- do 5-lb cans, doz $1.65
- do 10-lb cans, each $1.60

Maple syrup, gallon ..... 60@90c

Beans, prime marrow, bu ..... $2.75@2.85

CANNED GOODS.

Peaches, std pie..$2.25@3.50
- do pie ..... $2.50@3.00
- Do California ..... $1.50@2.30
- do Mary land ..... $1.15@1.65
- do California $2.50
- P. P. ..... $1.50@2.00
- do std ..... 55c@$1.10

Cherries, Cal white ..... $2.20@2.25

Lima beans $1.30@1.40

Corn, std ..... 75@80c

String beans 65c@$1.25

Peas, marrow fat ..... 85c@$1.25
- do early June ..... $1.00@1.30
- do sorted ..... 55@65c

Apples, N. Y. gal cans $2.40

Pineapples $1.20@2.20

Plums, damson $1.00

Pumpkins, do California $1.40

Raspberries ..... 85@95c

DRIED FRUITS.

Apricots, evap bags ..... 8½@12c
- do 25-lb boxes ..... 8@12c

Apples, bulk 7½c
- do 1-lb cartons 8½c

Peaches ..... 7@10c

Raspberries ..... 20@27½c

Raisins, seeded, 1-lb pkgs ..... 9@9½c
- do Muscatel, 2 and 4-crown ..... 7@8c
- 50-lb boxes ..... 7@8c
- do Ondera ..... 9½@10c
- do Cal. Val 8c

Currants, cleaned, 25 and 50-lb pkgs ..... 6½@6¾c

Prunes, Cal ..... 3½@8½c

SEEDS.

Clover, from store, recleaned, 60-lb bu small $6.85@6.95
- do mammoth ..... $6.95@7.05
- do timothy, $4.75@5.00
- do Dutch, $10.00@11.00

Alsike ..... $10.00@15.00

Alfalfa ..... $1.10@1.20

Millet ..... $1.65@1.70

Grass, Hungarian ..... 90c@$1.10
- do blue, 14-lb bu ..... $1.50@1.75
- do red top, 14-lb bu ..... $1.10@2.00

Timothy ..... $2.00@2.05

SALT FISH.

Mackerel, No. 1 mess, bbl $18.00
- do half bbls $10.00
- do trout, bbls $9.00

Mackerel, No. 2, bbls $21.00
- do half bbls $11.00

Shad, No. 1, bbl $8.50
- do No. 1 extra $7.00
- do dairy $1.20
- do gran. rock, sack 55c
- do pocket ..... $1.55@1.85

PRODUCE.

Potatoes, choice, car lots, bu ..... 50@55c
- do fancy car-lots, per sack ..... 60@65c
- do ex-store ..... 65@70c

Sweet potatoes, Jersey fancy ..... $3.00@3.50
- do choice ..... $2.75@3.00
- do boxes ..... $1.25@1.40

Onions, bbl ..... $2.00@2.25

Cabbage, Danish, ton ..... $10.00@12.00
- do domestic, ton ..... $7.00@8.00

Beets, doz ..... 50@60c
- do bbl ..... $2.00@2.50

Parsnips, bbl ..... $2.00@2.25

Radishes, doz ..... 25@35c

Spinach, bu ..... 50@60c

Celery, doz ..... 30@35c
- do Golden crate ..... $4.50@5.00
- do White Plume crate ..... $3.50@4.00

Lettuce, home grown, doz ..... 50@60c

Abbage, per bbl ..... $2.00@2.50

Onions, per bbl ..... $2.50@3.00

Potatoes, per bbl ..... $2.00@2.50

Turnips, per bbl ..... $1.25@1.50

Garlic, lb ..... 7@10c

Carrots, bbl ..... $1.50@1.75

Squash, Hubbard ..... 1½@2c

String beans, green, basket ..... $2.50@3.00
- do wax ..... $2.00@2.50

Kohlrabi, per bch ..... 30@40c

Cauliflower, doz ..... $1.50@2.00
- do crate ..... $2.50@3.00

Brussels sprouts, quart ..... 12@14c

Mushrooms, lb ..... 40@50c

HONEY.

White comb ..... 17@18c

Buckwheat ..... 14@15c

DOMESTIC FRUITS.

Apples, fancy bbl ..... $3.00@3.50
- Baldwins ..... $2.50@2.80
- do green ..... $2.00@3.00
- Jags ..... $2.00@3.00

Pears, Kiefer, bbl ..... $2.00@2.50

Cranberries, Cape Cod ..... $5 $.00@6.50
- do choice ..... $3.75@4.00
- do Bells ..... $6.00@13.00
- do Jersey ..... $3.00@3.25

Cats, early Rosefres, pint ..... 2½@3c

TROPICAL FRUITS.

Lemons, Californ, choice ..... $2.50@3.00
- do Messina ..... $3.75@4.00

Limes, per 100 ..... $1.00

Oranges, Flas ..... $3.00@3.25
- do California, navel ..... $3.00@3.75
- do California, seedlings ..... $2.75@3.00

Cocoanuts, bags ..... $2.75@3.25

Bananas, firsts ..... $1.50@2.00
- do, fancy, selects ..... $2.00@2.50
- do seconds ..... 75c@$1.00

Grapes, Malaga, keg ..... $8.00@7.00

Grape fruit ..... $5.00@6.00

NUTS.

Almonds, lb ..... 14@15c

Filberts, lb 12c

Walnuts, Naglish, lb ..... 12@14c

Pecans, lb ..... 11@12c

Brazil nuts, lb ..... 10@11c

Mixed nuts, lb ..... 11@12c

Peanuts, raw $1.25

do choice $1.45

BUTTER, EGGS AND CHEESE.

Butter, prints ..... 31@31½c
- do tubs ..... 30@30½c
- creamery ..... 28@28½c
- do Ohio ..... 27@28c
- do country ..... 20@22c
- roll ..... 20@21c

Cheese, N. Y. full cream ..... 14½@15c
- do flats ..... 14@14½c
- do ½ cr'm ..... 13½@14c
- do Ohio Swiss, ... 14@15c

Eggs, strictly fresh 32c
- do Wis. Sides, tubs 15c
- do 20-lb block 15c
- Swiss ..... 14@14½c
- do 5-lb brick ..... 13@14c
- do limberger 12½c

Eggs, selected ..... 28@30c
- do candled ..... 26@27c
- do at mark ..... 24@25c
- do storage ..... 21@23c

POULTRY.

Live hens, lb ..... 14@15c

Roosters 9c

Turkeys, lb ..... 14@17c

Geese ..... 12@13c

Ducks ..... 16@17c

Dressed hens 17c

Spring 18c

Broilers 20c

Roasters 12c

Rabbits, pair 40c

Turkeys ..... 20@25c

Ducks ..... 18@20c

Do Long Island 22c

GAME.

Mallard ducks, pr $1.75

Teal ducks, pair $1.50

Redheads, pair $1.50

Canvas bks, pair $2.00

Squabs, doz ..... $3.50@3.75

Rabbits, each ..... 15@25c

Pigeons, doz $2.25

Squirrels, pair ..... 50@75c

Grouse, imp, pair $2.00

Harnigans, pair $2.50

Woodcock, pair $2.50

Groundhogs, ea ..... 35@50c

Possums, each ..... 50@75c

Coons, each ..... 75c@$1.00

Rabbits, pair 40c

Sucking pigs, each ..... $2.50@3.50

PROVISIONS

Hams, large, 18 lbs and up 12c
- do medium, 14 to 18 lbs 12½c
- do small, 10 to 14 lbs 12¾c
- do small, under 10 lbs 13c
- do skinned 12½c
- do boneless, bulk 18½c
- do, California 10c

Shoulders, N. Y. cut 10½c
- do skinned 11c

Breakfast bacon, rib, 8 to 10 lbs 12½c
- do 10 to 12 lbs 12½c
- do back strips 12c

Breakfast bacon, cleats, $ to 10 lbs 12½c
- do 10 to 12 lbs 12c
- do back strips 12½c

Dry salt sides, extra short clears 10c

Dry salt smoked sides, extra short clears 11c

Bellies, 20 to 25 lbs 11½c
- do 16 to 20 lbs 11½c
- do under 16 lbs 11½c

Lard, pure, tierces 11c

HIDES.

No. 1 green steer, heavy 10c
- do light, under 60 lbs and cows, all weights 9c

No. 2 green steers 8c

Calfskin No. 1 ..... 10c

Do No. 2 ..... 8c

Green salt or cured, No. 1 steers, over 60 lbs 10½c
- Do No. 2 ..... 9½c

Cows and light steers 8c

Calfskins, No. 1 ..... 11c

Do No. 2 ..... 9½c

Butter, Eggs and Cheese.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—Butter—Receipts, 6,021 pkgs; market steady to firm; state dairy, 20@22½c; extra creamery, 28c; held creamery, 20@24½c; creamery, common to choice, 20@27c; imitation creamery, 19@23c; factory, 19@23c; state and Pennsylvania, average best, 26@27c; western fancy graded, 26c; western poor to prime, 22@25c; refrigerator, 18@22c. Cheese—Receipts, 1,966 pkgs; market firm; state full cream, fancy small colored fall made, 14¼@14½c; late made, 13¾@14c; small white fall made, 14c; late made, 13¾c; large colored fall made, 14¼c; late made, 13¾c; large white fall made, 14¼c; late made, 13¾c. Eggs—Receipts, 4,112 pkgs; market firm; state and Pennsylvania, average best, 30c.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 15.—Butter firm and unchanged; fancy imitation, 22@23c; fancy creamery, 30@31c; fancy ladle, 20@21c; fancy roll, 20c; choice roll, 19@20c; store packed, 16@18c. Eggs firm and unchanged; fresh, 29@30c. Cheese firm and unchanged; large, 14@14½c; medium, 14@14½c; small, 14½@14¾c.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 15.—Butter steady; fair demand; extra western creamery, 28c; extra nearby prints, 29c. Eggs in fair demand but nearly 1c lower; fresh nearby, 31c at the mark; fresh western, 31c, loss off; fresh southwestern, 29c, loss off. Cheese quiet but firm; New York full, creams, prime small, 14@14½c; do fair to good, small, 13½@13¾c.

CHICAGO, Jan. 15.—Butter quiet and easy; creameries, 18@27c; dairies, 17@22c. Eggs easier; loss off, cases returned, 26c. Cheese dull but steady at 13@14c.

Drygoods Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—The market continues firm throughout for all descriptions of cotton goods in leading lines. The demand shows no material change. Print cloths are firm, narrow odds in buyers' request. Local jobbing trade is expanding, numerous buyers coming to town.

OAT QUOTATIONS STILL ADVANCING

Chickens Scarce With Prices Higher—Delayed Consignments Annoy Dealers.

The strong oat situation is still a feature of the market, and quotations took another step forward yesterday, the advance amounting to a half cent, which is scarcely enough to really reflect actual conditions, and present prices will probably quickly give place to higher figures. No one wants to excite the market by forcing values up, but the feeling is that oats will go higher and they very soon. Hay is also looking upward, and will be higher in the near future without much doubt. At present but little is coming in, consignments from the west nearly all passing Pittsburgh, bound for the eastern markets, where better prices can be realized. In Philadelphia No. 1 timothy commands $20 per ton, which is on a par with $18 at Pittsburgh, the difference in freight rates from the west being $2 per ton. Dealers are talking higher quotations, and will not likely delay much longer to make the advance in straw, the same firmness exists that has characterized the situation for some time, and millfeed holds to its recently acquired strength, while corn is unchanged.

Wheat is making a strong showing this week, and Saturday and very little doubt will have made an advance of 10 cents a barrel in price, while all millers are holding strongly to quoted figures. Local jobbers quote $4.15@4.20 for paper quarters, fancy spring patent, but are making the concession to $4.15 only for most desirable orders. In eighths the concession is refused. Other wholesalers will make no concession below $4.20 for any order. The hay bean market continues in a very strong position and jobbers believe there will be higher quotations. Already there have been several advances at first hands, and $2.60 for fancy hand picked will hardly remain the local wholesale price for long, as stocks are exhausted and jobbers again become buyers. The opinion has been expressed by some who are close followers of conditions, that navy beans will command $3 before the top has been reached. This may seem a little too radical, but is an indication of the undertone of feeling that now prevails. Other grocery staples all remain unchanged, with the market devoid of special feature, and the several reported coffee combinations to be transportation, delayed shipments causing dealers any amount of inconvenience.

Business in the produce market was slow yesterday, and prices were unchanged. Potatoes are in strong condition, and some selling from store at 75 cents was reported, although only for occasional small lots. Apples are holding their own as to price, but are not moving with any freedom.

Butter is steady, and cheese is firm. Eggs are coming in only in quantities sufficient to meet any too active for fresh, while storage are moving out steadily, but with no special liberality. Buyers purchase only for immediate requirements, evidently fearing to stock up in anything.

The poultry market is firm, with a steady demand in evidence. Chickens are scarce, and quotations have moved up a cent, both for live and dressed.

HAY, GRAIN AND FEED.

Receipts bulletined: Pennsylvania lines, 6 cars hay, 2 cars oats, 3 cars corn, 1 car straw, 1 car rye; Pittsburg & Lake Erie railroad, 5 cars hay, 1 car straw; Pittsburgh & Western railroad, 7 cars hay, 1 car corn; total receipts, 31 cars.

No. 1 tim..$16.50@17.00
No. 2 do ..$15.00@15.50
No. 1 clover..$12.50@13.00
do mix..$14.00@15.00

Loose, from wagon ..$16.00@17.00
Straw ..$9.00@9.50
do wheat ..$9.00@9.50
do rye ..$10.00@10.50
Corn, No. 2 yellow, shelled ..... 51½@52c
do high mixed ..... 50@51c
do No. 2 mix ..... 49@50c
do No. 2 yel- low, ear ..... 53@58c
do high mix..55@56c
do No. 2 mix..52@53c
Rye, No. 2 ..... 61c

Oats, No. 2 Michigan white ..... 40½@41c
do No. 3 do ..... 39@40c
do No. 3 white mixed ..... 39@40c
Brown middlings, ton ..... $18.50@19.00
Bran, ton ..... $18.50@19.00

GROCERIES

Flour, fancy ..... $4.15@4.20
- do family patent ..... $4.25@4.40
- do straight winter ..... $3.60@3.80
- do bakers' ..... $3.45@3.60
- do rye ..... $3.45@3.60
- do graham ..... $3.60@3.80

Cornmeal, bbl ..... $3.20@3.50
- do 100-lb sacks ..... 1.60@1.70

Rolled oats, bbl $4.50
- do pkgs ..... $2.30@2.40

Oatmeal, bbl $5.00
- do kegs $2.60
- do pkgs $1.30

Hominy, bbl $2.60
- do 2-lb cartons 5.50c
- do 5-lb cot bags 5.25c
- do powdered 5.25c
- do cubes 5.35c
- do cut loaf 5.35c
- do confec A 4.95c
- do No. 1 yellow 4.75c
- do No. 2 yellow 4.65c
- do No. 3 yellow 4.60c

Sugar, std gran 4.85c
- do fine 5.10c

Molasses, fancy 35c
- do open kettle 40c

Syrup, fancy ..... 28@30c
- do corn ..... 26@28c

Beans, navy ..... $2.00@2.05
- do hand-picked ..... $2.50@2.60
- do Lima ..... 6½@7c

Peas, dried, bu ..... $1.75@1.80
- do Scotch 3½c

Hominy, bbl ..... $1.80@1.85
- do split, lb 4c

Oil, Carbon, 11u deg 11½c
- do headlight 12½c
- do water white 12½c
- do Elaine 16½c
- do Ohio W. W. test 12½c
- do mineer 20½c
- do special brands ..... 20@24c

Rice ext. fancy, head, lb ..... 7½@7¾c
- do choice ..... 6½@6¾c
- do choice Carolina ..... 6@6½c

Salt, No. 1, bbl 85c
- do No. 1 extra $1.05
- do dairy $1.20
- do gran. rock, sack 55c
- do pocket ..... $1.55@1.85

CANNED GOODS.

Peaches, std pie..$2.25@3.50
- do pie ..... $2.50@3.00
- Do California ..... $1.50@2.30
- do Mary land ..... $1.15@1.65
- do California $2.50
- P. P. ..... $1.50@2.00
- do std ..... 55c@$1.10

Cherries, Cal white ..... $2.20@2.25

Lima beans $1.30@1.40

Corn, std ..... 75@80c

String beans 65c@$1.25

Peas, marrow fat ..... 85c@$1.25
- do early June ..... $1.00@1.30
- do sorted ..... 55@65c

Apples, N. Y. gal cans $2.40

Pineapples $1.20@2.20

Plums, damson $1.00

Raspberries ..... 85@95c

Gooseberries ..85c@$1.00

Tomatoes, standard $1.00@1.10
- do fancy ..... $1.20@1.30
- do gallon ..... $3.00@3.75

Succotash, 1-lb cans ..... 65c@$1.40

Baked beans, ... 85c@$1.40

Salmon, doz ..$1.00@2.05

Chipped beef $2.25@2.75

Corned and roast beef, 2-lb cans ..... $2.45@2.50
- do 1-lb cans ..... $1.45@1.50

Mackerel, broiled ..... $2.00@2.75

Sardines, domestic, ½s ..... $2.40@3.00
- do mustard, ½s $2.90
- do French ..... $5.00@16.00

Oysters, full weight ..... 85c@$1.25
- do 1-lb. lunch, flat cans $1.10

DRIED FRUITS.

Apricots, evap bags ..... 8½@12c
- do 25-lb boxes ..... 8@12c

Apples, bulk 7½c
- do 1-lb cartons 8½c

Peaches ..... 7@10c

Raspberries ..... 20@27½c

Raisins, seeded, 1-lb pkgs ..... 9@9½c
- do Muscatel, 2 and 4-crown ..... 7@8c
- 50-lb boxes ..... 7@8c
- do Ondera ..... 9½@10c
- do Cal. Val 8c

Currants, cleaned, 25 and 50-lb pkgs ..... 6½@6¾c

Prunes, Cal ..... 3½@8½c

SEEDS.

Clover, from store, recleaned, 60-lb bu small $6.85@6.95
- do mammoth ..... $6.95@7.05
- do timothy, $4.75@5.00
- do Dutch, $10.00@11.00

Alsike ..... $10.00@15.00

Alfalfa ..... $1.10@1.20

Millet ..... $1.65@1.70

Grass, Hungarian ..... 90c@$1.10
- do blue, 14-lb bu ..... $1.50@1.75
- do red top, 14-lb bu ..... $1.10@2.00

Timothy ..... $2.00@2.05

SALT FISH.

Mackerel, No. 1 mess, bbl $18.00
- do half bbls $10.00
- do trout, bbls $9.00

Mackerel, No. 2, bbls $21.00
- do half bbls $11.00

Shad, No. 1, bbl $8.50
- do No. 1 extra $7.00
- do dairy $1.20
- do gran. rock, sack 55c
- do pocket ..... $1.55@1.85

PRODUCE.

Potatoes, choice, car lots, bu ..... 50@55c
- do fancy car-lots, per sack ..... 60@65c
- do ex-store ..... 65@70c

Sweet potatoes, Jersey fancy ..... $3.00@3.50
- do choice ..... $2.75@3.00
- do boxes ..... $1.25@1.40

Onions, bbl ..... $2.00@2.25

Cabbage, Danish, ton ..... $10.00@12.00
- do domestic, ton ..... $7.00@8.00

Beets, doz ..... 50@60c
- do bbl ..... $2.00@2.50

Parsnips, bbl ..... $2.00@2.25

Radishes, doz ..... 25@35c

Spinach, bu ..... 50@60c

Celery, doz ..... 30@35c
- do Golden crate ..... $4.50@5.00
- do White Plume crate ..... $3.50@4.00

Lettuce, home grown, doz ..... 50@60c

Abbage, per bbl ..... $2.00@2.50

Onions, per bbl ..... $2.50@3.00

Potatoes, per bbl ..... $2.00@2.50

Turnips, per bbl ..... $1.25@1.50

Garlic, lb ..... 7@10c

Carrots, bbl ..... $1.50@1.75

Squash, Hubbard ..... 1½@2c

String beans, green, basket ..... $2.50@3.00
- do wax ..... $2.00@2.50

Kohlrabi, per bch ..... 30@40c

Cauliflower, doz ..... $1.50@2.00
- do crate ..... $2.50@3.00

Brussels sprouts, quart ..... 12@14c

Mushrooms, lb ..... 40@50c

HONEY.

White comb ..... 17@18c

Buckwheat ..... 14@15c

ALL GRAINS HIGHER IN CHICAGO MARKET

Leading Long in Wheat Adds About 2,000,000 Bushels to His Line.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

CHICAGO, Jan. 15.—The wheat market today was a "one man" affair, and on active buying of May by the leading bull the price of that commodity ruled extremely strong. The easier feeling at the start was due largely to the disappointing Liverpool cables which failed to respond to the advance here yesterday, the market there being about steady. The easy tone was quickly dispelled, however, on a good demand from the leader of the longs, and the buying from the source was continued throughout the day, it being reported that over 2,000,000 bushels were added to his line. Covering by shorts and buying by commission houses caused a sharp upturn near the close. Strong markets in the northwest and a good foreign demand were also strengthening influences. February receipts were 453,400 bushels, against 521,400 bushels a year ago. Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts of 285 cars, which with local receipts of 19 cars, with none of contract grade, made total receipts for the three points of 302 cars, against 310 cars last week and 481 cars a year ago.

There was only a moderate trade in corn and no special features were in evidence. Commission houses were the best buyers and the offerings came largely from locals. A little cariness was manifested at the opening on favorable weather conditions, but the strength in wheat caused a rally and the market continued firm, the close being at about the top. Local receipts were 270 cars, with only one of contract grade.

Bullishness ruled in the oats pit and there was considerable covering by shorts, while longs added still more to their lines. The offerings were rather light and were principally in the way of profit taking. The close was strong. Local receipts were larger, but were still only moderate, 150 cars being received here.

Provisions ruled active and strong after opening higher on smaller receipts of hogs and a strong market at the yards. The main support came from packers, who purchased freely, but offerings were light and came out only in small lots. The strength of grains was also a bull factor.

Estimated receipts for Friday: Wheat, 30 cars; corn, 290; oats, 190; hogs, 28,000 head.

The leading futures, reported by John D. Armstrong & Co., members of the Chicago board of trade, 209 Sixth street, are as follows:

Articles	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Yesterday's Close.
WHEAT					
No. 2.					
Jan.	73	74	73	74½	73¾
May	76⅞	77¼	76⅝	77⅛	76⅝
July	75¾	74⅛	75⅜	74⅝	75⅛
CORN.					
No. 2					
Jan.	48¼	48½	48	48⅜	47⅜
May	44⅝	44⅞	44¼	44⅝	43⅞
July	43¼	43⅝	43⅛	43⅜	43⅛
OATS.					
No. 2.					
Jan.	34	34½	34	34½	34¼
May	35⅛	36⅜	35⅛	36⅜	35¼
July	32	32⅜	32	32⅜	32
MESS PORK.					
Jan.	17 97½	17 97½	17 95	17 95	17 95
May	16 40	16 57½	16 40	16 57½	16 35
LARD.					
Jan.	9 50	10 02½	9 47½	10 02½	9 85
May	9 37½	9 47½	9 37½	9 47½	9 37½
RIBS.	9 37½	9 45	9 37½	9 45	9 30
SHORT RIBS.					
Jan.	8 80	8 85	8 80	8 85	8 80
May	8 97½	9 10	8 97½	9 10	8 95

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour firmer; No. 2 spring wheat, 75@77c; No. 3, 70@75c; No. 2 red, 76@74c; No. 2 corn, 48¼c; No. 2 yellow, 48¼c; No. 2 oats, 34½c; No. 3 white, 34½@35½c; No. 2 rye, 48½c; good feeding barley, 44@46c; fair to choice malting, 48@55c; No. 1 flaxseed, $1.18; No. 1 northwestern, $1.24; prime timothy seed, $3.85; mess pork, $17.05; lard, $10.02½@10.05; short ribs sides (loose), $9.25@9.37½; dry salted shoulders (boxed), 9@9½c; short clear sides (boxed), 9@9½c; whiskey, basis of high wines, $1.26; clover, contract grade, $11.30.

Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, bbls 26,500	29,000
Wheat, bu 47,500	25,700
Corn, bu 188,800	237,200
Oats, bu 153,700	160,100
Rye, bu 6,000	6,400
Barley, bu 25,600	17,200

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—Flour—Receipts, 13,140 barrels; exports, 5,301 barrels. Again fairly active and firm. Rye flour quiet. Buckwheat flour quiet. Rye firm and to arrive. Cornmeal firm. Rye quiet. Barley quiet. Whe

MINERS OBJECT TO CONTRACTORS

President Mitchell Declares They Raise Chances of Accident and Lessen Pay.

EMPLOY MANY HELPERS

Saloonkeepers Sometimes Take Contracts and Never Go Near Mines—No Bond Is Given. Testimony Before Commission.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 15.—Most of the testimony presented to the anthracite coal strike commission today was of a corroborative nature, the Erie company, which has not yet concluded its case, producing numerous witnesses to prove that the miners' union is responsible for the alleged restriction of the hard coal production. The Erie company controls the Hillside Coal and Iron Company and the Pennsylvania Coal Company. Edward Button, a foreman, said the practice of restricting the number of cars to be loaded daily by one man had been in operation as far back as 1895, long before the miners' union entered the anthracite region. The union's responsibility rests with the enforcement of this rule and not with its inception.

Chairman Gray, who has been ill at his home in Wilmington, Del., for several days, was present at today's sessions.

William Zoorn of Dunmore, a contract miner, testified that he had been prevented by the union from performing a certain contract, the driver refusing to furnish him with a sufficient number of cars.

President Mitchell explained to the commission that the union regarded with disfavor the practice of miners securing certain work by proposal. In the first place, he employs as many helpers as he deems necessary, paying them smaller wages than they would otherwise receive. In many cases one contract miner has employed from 12 to 15 laborers to do the work, while he would act as a superintendent, performing no part of the actual mining.

Mr. Mitchell stated also that he had been informed that saloonkeepers sometimes secured these contracts and never enter the mines, but leave the work to the laborers.

William Robertson, assistant foreman at No. 5 colliery of the Pennsylvania Coal Company, testified that before the strike of 1900 the men made no objection to loading 10 cars in one day, but since that time they would not load more than six or eight cars. He said the miners told him the union would not permit them to load as many cars as formerly. He cited the case of a miner who had received two cars more than the other miners. The additional cars were taken from him by the driver and the latter was discharged for the act. As a result the drivers struck for the reinstatement of the discharged boy.

JOE WHEELER'S PRAYER.

For Ten Years Looked for Chance to Die in Uniform of United States Army.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—United States Senator J. P. Dolliver of Iowa spoke at a dinner given tonight under the auspices of the Nineteenth Assembly District Republican club. Among other guests of the club was Gen. Joseph Wheeler.

Senator Dolliver dealt principally with economic conditions in the United States. "Within 25 years," he said, "every trust magnate of today will be dead or in a sanatorium for nervous diseases, and in a sanitarium for nervous diseases, and the world will be looking out for trained men to do the world's work."

The senator said men should cover their discomforts and annoyances with their patriotism.

"In congress," said Mr. Dolliver, "I got to love that old Confederate," referring to Gen. Joseph Wheeler, who sat beside him, "and when he was about to go to Cuba I warned him that he was too old, and that he would never return. 'My boy,' he replied, 'I have prayed for 10 years for an opportunity to die in the uniform of the United States.'"

WANTS NEW TRUST LAW.

Gov. La Follette of Wisconsin Also Suggests Enactment of Measure Against Paid Lobbyists.

MADISON, WIS., Jan. 15.—Gov. La Follette, in his message to the legislature today says, on the subject of trusts:

"I desire to emphasize for your attention the importance of providing most specifically the form and manner for enforcement of such laws as you may enact for the prevention of illegal combinations within the state, to restrain the operations in this state by such combinations organized elsewhere, and for the punishment of violators of such laws."

The governor strongly urges the enactment of a law against the paid lobbyist.

BILL IS DELAYED

Anti-Trust Legislation Being Pruned Under Attorney General's Direction.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—The following statement was given out by the house judiciary sub-committee, which is charged with the preparation of an anti-trust bill:

"We have had a conference with the attorney general and have been informally considering among other things his suggestions, as well as discussing the general form of the legislation. No definite action has been taken by the sub-committee and we shall not be prepared to report to the full committee before the early part of next week."

Mrs. Stackhouse Held.

MARIETTA, O., Jan. 15.—The preliminary hearing of Mrs. Frank Stackhouse, alias Irene Monsell, today showed that she conducted a very extensive "husband wanted" business, with large returns. She was held in $2,000 bond. Her husband was dismissed, no evidence being produced as to his complicity.

Hahn Case Continued.

MANSFIELD, O., Jan. 15.—The circuit court here today granted a continuance of the extradition case of former Insurance Commissioner William M. Hahn, wanted by New York authorities, until next September term of court. His habeas corpus bond was reduced from $7,000 to $1,000.

Changes in Time on the Pennsylvania Railroad.

On Sunday, January 18, an entirely new schedule will be placed in effect on the Monongahela division of the Pennsylvania railroad, and on January 19 new schedules will be inaugurated on the Pittsburgh, Western Pennsylvania and Cambria & Clearfield divisions. Many important changes will be made and a number of new trains established. Consult new time tables.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

YOUTSEY LAYS BARE CONSPIRACY SECRETS

Prison Commissioner Says Goebel Killing Is About to Be Cleared Up.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

FRANKFORT, KY., Jan. 15.—Henry E. Youtsey was recalled by the Franklin county grand jury today and further examined with reference to the murder of William Goebel. Prison Commissioner Richardson says Youtsey told the grand jury that it was "Jim" Howard who fired the fatal shot. Mr. Richardson makes this statement in a letter to the Glasgow Times, of which he is editor. He says, in part:

"In a general way it can be said that Youtsey lays bare the secrets of a conspiracy to assassinate, reaching from among the highest officials of the state down to the actual murderer who pulled the trigger; many of those accused have left the state, verifying their guilt by their absence. 'Jim' Howard is declared to have fired the fatal shot."

Richardson says Youtsey has made a confession, and that the beginning of the end of the legal investigation into the death of William Goebel has just begun.

HOPES FOR HONESTY.

President Mitchell Speaks at Clover Club of Future When Miners and Operators Will Be Fair.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 15.—The Clover club, the famous dining organization of Philadelphia, celebrated its 21st anniversary tonight at the Hotel Bellevue and had for its guests Admiral Schley, the anthracite coal strike commission, lawyers for the operators and miners, President John Mitchell of the miners' union, Senator Penrose and others. The strike commissioners, Mr. Mitchell and the lawyers were called upon for speeches. The commissioners carefully refrained from making any remarks on the coal situation. Mr. Mitchell, however, said that he would continue to labor to bring employers and employes together. He hoped that some day they would always be honest toward one another.

Commissioner Carroll D. Wright touched upon the labor question and said that he would go a step farther than Mr. Mitchell. He hoped to see the day when employes of corporations will be represented on the boards of directors of such corporations.

FORMER TREASURER DECLARED NOT GUILTY

YORK, PA., Jan. 15.—(Special.)—The jury in the case of W. O. Thompson, former county treasurer, charged with embezzlement, returned a verdict this morning of not guilty, the county to pay the costs. The other cases against Thompson, charging forgery, embezzlement and misapplying county funds, have been postponed until the April term of court.

WEAVER TO SUCCEED MAYOR ASHBRIDGE

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 15.—District Attorney John Weaver was today unanimously nominated by the Republican city convention for mayor to succeed Samuel N. Ashbridge. The Democratic convention was held last night. Francis Fisher Kane was named for mayor.

Are you losing flesh, and feeling generally "run down?" Dr. D. Jayne's Tonic Vermifuge will correct that. It is a strength-giver.

Largest Furniture House in the World
McELVEEN'S
(McElveen Furniture Co.)
525-527-529 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

25% OFF
SUIT AND OVERCOAT SALE.

All suits excepting plain blacks and blues and any Overcoat in the house at ¼ off the plainly marked price.

$7.50 Suits and Overcoats, ¼ off, now..... $5.63
$10 Suits and Overcoats, ¼ off, now..... $7.50
$15 Suits & Overcoats, ¼ off, now.. $11.25
$20 Suits & Overcoats, ¼ off, now. $15.00
$25 Suits & Overcoats, ¼ off, now.. $18.75

1111 to 1119 Penn Ave. **ARNFELDS** 1111 to 1119 Penn Ave.

MICA
AXLE GREASE
It's easy to haul a big load up a big hill if you grease the wagon wheels with
MICA Axle Grease
Get a box and learn why it's the best grease ever put on an axle. Sold everywhere. Made by
STANDARD OIL CO.

De Roy's ESTAB. 1852
51st Annual Pawnbroker's Sale
UNREDEEMED DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ETC.
At Prices to Merely Cover Advances and Charges.
THE LOWEST RATE LOAN OFFICE,
643 SMITHFIELD STREET (Near Seventh Ave.)
Come at Once and Get the Pick of These Great Bargains.

"A FAIR FACE MAY PROVE A FOUL BARGAIN." MARRY A PLAIN GIRL IF SHE USES
SAPOLIO

KORNBLUM, (OPTICIAN)
440 Wood Street, Near Fifth Avenue.

Anna NaGor writes that "My Old Virginia Home" is one of the sweetest songs in the world. You can get it free with next Sunday's Gazette.

A Personal Note to the Public

I firmly believe that if every man and woman of moderate means, young and old, married or not, would read the series "How We Saved for a Home" in The Ladies' Home Journal, that thousands would date the beginning of their true living from that day.

Here are 100 young couples, and men with families, working girls and unmarried young men, who tell, step by step and dollar by dollar, how each now own their own home, — some on salaries of $14 per week: none higher than $30. The average is $15.

For 10 cents you can buy the January number with the first 11 of these stories.

Edward Bok
Editor of The Ladies' Home Journal

Remnant Days

SECOND DAY

Many good things completely closed out yesterday, but enough of these remain to meet today's demands. Come as early as you can, however, for they dwindle away at a wonderful rate when the counters are crowded as they were yesterday:

Remnant Day Revels Among the Down Stairs Stocks

Huck Towels—Half a bale of plain white Huck Towels; large sizes, with red borders; hemmed ready for use, each..... 3c

Table Linens—Short ends, in the right lengths for lunch cloths, square tables or extension tables, with only one leaf; also some large Table Cloths that are slightly soiled with finger marks; average value 39c a yard. January Sale Price, a yard..... 19c

Domet Flannels—Short lengths, part pieces and skirt lengths of plain White Domet Flannels and fancy Flannelette; 7c grade, used for many household purposes, a yard..... 3½c

Bed Spreads—A surplus case and a half of large White Bed Spreads; worth $1.00; hemmed ready for use; Friday they go for, each..... 50c

Bleached Muslins—Ends of soft finished bleached Muslins, in such excellent brands as "Lonsdale," "Fruit of the Loom" and other standard makes; average value 8½c a yard, for, a yard..... 5c

Flannel Skirt Patterns—Two lines of 50c Skirt Patterns, one with deep flounce and the other plain; will be closed out at..... 29c

Bates' Seersuckers—Take your pick from the remnant pile of these 12½c Seersuckers, for, a yard..... 8⅓c

Large Huck Towels—Something particularly good in 20c plain white Huck Towels in extra large sizes, which we will close out for, each..... 12½c

Wrapper Flannels—All the ends and remnants of 12½c fleecy Wrapper Flannels for, a yard..... 6¼c

Napkins—You will be delighted to get what remains of several lines of $1.50 Silver Bleached Napkins, hemmed ready for use, at the rate of, per dozen..... $1.00

Canton Flannels—An aggregate of 2,500 yards of heavy Unbleached Canton Flannels, in lengths of 2, 3, 5 and 8 yards, for the most part. Remnant Sale Price, a yard..... 3½c

Remnant Day Specials at the Ground Floor Counters

A 25c Table—In this collection of Jewelry and Toilet Articles, to be closed out at 25c, you will find
—50c Wrist Bags,
—Sterling Silver Manicure Pieces,
—Silver-plated Ash Receivers,
—Silver-plated Match Receivers,
—Lot of 50c Gold-plated Brooches,
—Lot of 50c Sterling Silver Brooches,
—50c Belt Pins,
—$1.00 Gold Shell Rings,
—Ladies' Leather and Satin Belts worth 50c and 53c.

Ladies' Belts—A lot of $1.00 Elastic Belts handsomely trimmed with steel and jet beads, reduced to 50c; also a lot of fine Leather, Fancy Silk and Satin Belts, worth $1.00, cut to 50c.

Ribbons—Here's a counter where remnants accumulate in spite of every effort to keep down the piles. All the short ends go at captivating prices.
—2½-in. and 3-in. All-Silk Black Taffeta Ribbons, cut from 15c to 10c.
—5-in. Soft Finished All-Silk Satin Ribbons, in black and colors, cut from 25c to 19c.

Toilet Soap—Glycerine Soap in half-pound bars for..... 7c

White Enameled Collar Buttons—Two dozen for..... 5c

Curling Irons—Nickel-plated, with polished wood handles, all sizes, 10c kind for..... 5c

Foundation Stock Collars—Black or white, odds and ends of 15c kinds, for..... 5c

Dress Stays—Covered Dress Stays, assorted sizes to the dozen, all colors, worth 10c a dozen, for..... 5c

Novelty Trimmings—Several odd pieces of unsoiled Fancy White Trimming, consisting of embroidered Persian and gold effects on white silk and satin bands. Cut from $1.00 and $1.50 a yard to..... 50c

Dress Trimmings—Part pieces and odds and ends of every species of lace and embroidered Dress Trimmings at half the regular prices.

Sewing Silk—Large 200-yd. spools of Sewing Silk, worth 25c, for..... 15c

Buttonhole Twist—Black Silk Twist, 4 spools for..... 5c

Hooks and Eyes—Odds and ends in black or white, two dozen on a card, 4 cards for..... 5c

Women's Ties—Twice-around and Automobile Ties, Japanese silk and crepe, 50c and 75c kinds for..... 25c

Turn-Over Collars—Ladies' Venice Lace Collars, also a lot of hemstitched white lawn collar-and-cuff sets; regular price 25c. Remnant sale price..... 12½c

Embroideries and Laces—Short lengths—odd pieces, rumpled pieces and remnants of edgings, insertions, all-over laces and tuckings. Kinds and qualities sold regularly for $1.25 to $2.00 per yard, for..... 75c

Embroideries—A general clearing up of the odds and ends and short lengths of less expensive Embroideries at following prices:
—8c and 10c qualities for 4c yd.
—12½c qualities for 8c yd.

Crochet Cotton—Clark's Crochet Cotton, in plain or shaded colors. Regular price 5c per spool. Cut to..... 1c

Pillow Tops—A line of Gibson Sofa Pillow Tops, in ecru and brown, standard price $2.00. Remnant sale price..... $1.00

Remnants of Gloves and Mittens

Women's Kid Gloves—Regular $1.00 and $1.50 grades, in black, white and colors; small sizes and large sizes, but no intermediate sizes. Remnant sale price..... 39c

Children's Gloves—All-wool Jersey Gloves, brown and blue, fairly worth 25c a pair, for..... 12½c

Women's and Children's Mitts—A lot of Kid and Mocha Mitts, in women's and children's sizes, that have been 25c. Remnant sale price..... 25c

Black Dress Goods

30c Serges and Cashmeres, 15c a yd.

15c Double-Fold Serges, 7c a yd.

89c Silk-Finished Henriettas, 45c a yd.

$2.00 Black Dress Goods, $1.00 a yd.

$2.25 and $2.75 Black Dress Goods, $1.25 a yd.

Colored Dress Goods

$1.00 Snow Flake Suitings, 50c a yd.

75c and 85c All-Wool Flannels, figured and plain, 29c a yd.

15c Plaids, 8c a yd.

50c All-Wool Challies, 25c a yd.

25c Challies, 10c a yd.

89c Henriettas, 45c a yd.

$1.50 to $2.25 Imported Plaids, 50c a yd.

Black Silks

98c Black Taffetas, 36 inches wide, 49c a yd.

$2.00 French Faille Silk, $1.00 a yd.

$1.00 and $1.25 Black Taffetas, 24 inches wide, 75c a yd.

Colored Silks and Velvets

$1.00 and $1.25 Foulards, 49c a yd.

50c Wash Silks, slightly soiled, 19c.

$1.00, $1.25 and $1.50 Fancy Taffetas, lace stripes, corded stripes and Persian effects, 50c a yd.

89c Figured Velveteens, 29c a yd.

Velvet Remnants, in short lengths, suitable for trimming and fancy work, half prices.

Cream Dress Goods, in short lengths, remnants and odds and ends, half regular prices.

Linings—all the ends, remnants and little pieces, half regular prices.

Carpet Commotions

Carpet Remnants—Short ends of Brussels, Velvet and Axminster Carpets, in lengths of 4 to 20 yards, just right to cut up into rugs to use in vestibules, bathrooms and small halls, to carpet hall bedrooms and to make up into door mats.

— 60c Carpet Remnants, 40c a yd.
— 75c Carpet Remnants, 47c a yd.
— 90c Carpet Remnants, 58c a yd.
—$1.25 Carpet Remnants, 75c a yd.
—$1.50 Carpet Remnants, 98c a yd.

Included with these are a lot of borders.

Linoleum Remnants — Short lengths of the noiseless floor covering made of linseed oil and pulverized cord—just the thing for vestibules, bathrooms, kitchen floors, offices and other places where dampness and drippings are inevitable.

—Inlaid Linoleum Remnants, in lengths from a yard or two up to 18 square yards; value $1.50, for 98c a square yard.

—Printed Linoleum Remnants, in lengths from a yard up to 14 square yard, the 62c quality for 40c a square yard; the 85c quality for 60c a square yard.

Fibre Carpets—The last six rolls of the 50c grade cut to, a yard..... 25c

Velvet Carpets—Twenty-one rolls is all we have of this $1 Carpet (about 900 yards), and as many yards as you want is yours at a remnant price—for, a yard..... 69c

Brussels Carpet—Eight rolls of this 90c ten-wire Brussels Carpet (about 520 yards), in four patterns. Remnant price, a yard..... 58c

Remnant Day in the Clothing Department

Boys' Overcoats—Odds and ends of velvet, kersey and cheviot Overcoats of the $5.00 and $7.50 grades—in reds, blues, browns, tans and grays—to fit boys from three to eight years old, for..... $3.50

Boys' Overcoats and Reefers—Twenty-five or thirty garments left over from the $3.00 and $4.00 lines, in sizes to fit boys from three to eight years old. Your choice for..... $2.50

Boys' Pants—All-wool Jersey Pants, in blue and black; odds and ends of a 75c line, to fit boys from three to twelve years old. Remnant Sale Price..... 50c

Men's Overalls—Remnants of a 98c line, for 49c.

Men's Overcoats—Blue and black winter coats now remaining from various lines sold at $7.50, for..... $3.98

Men's Suits—A miscellaneous lot too diversified to classify, average value $7.50, for..... $3.75

Warm Winter Garments at Wondrous Remnant Day Bargains

TABLE OF MISSES' DRESSES.
These for 50c. Worth about three times 50c. Fancy plaids, trimmed with plain cashmeres and braids; sizes 6 to 14 years.

SEVEN-GORE WALKING SKIRTS.
These for $1.98. You will find them to be regular $5.00 skirts, in Oxford gray and blue grade melton cloths; well made and the newest styles.

ALL-WOOL CHEVIOT DRESS SKIRTS.
These for $2.50, which is just half value—browns, tans, blue and castors; styles correct and tailoring above adverse criticism.

LADIES' SUITS ALMOST GIVEN AWAY.
These at $3.98. Not so very many, but every one a suit worth from $12 up to $16.50. The cloths are all-wool cheviots and venetians; jackets are silk lined and the skirts percaline lined.

LADIES' BLACK JERSEY JACKETS.
Only $3.98 for Coats worth $7.00. Some are single-breasted some are double-breasted, all have silk serge lining and the styles are quite new. Full range of sizes.

NOT SELLING—GIVING AWAY.
When we let you have for $2.98 Golf Capes in good condition whose regular prices were $12, $15 and $18, it is not business but benevolence. You will share this beneficence if you are quick acting.

LADIES' DARK FLANNELETTE WRAPPERS.
These are warm Flannelette Wrappers for 89c. The styles were new in the fall of 1902, and the regular price $1.00.

COATS FOR GIRLS FROM SIX TO FOURTEEN.
These are long, full-length "Monte Carlo" Coats for $4.98. They have satin-piped divided capes, the new pouch sleeves and turn-back cuffs. Such swell coats should not sell for less than $7.50, even when the season is on the wane.

Underwear, Hosiery, Etc., All at Remnant Day Prices.

Children's Underwear—Children's fine White Ribbed Woolen Undergarments—sold up to 90c. Remnant Sale Price..... 35c

Children's Undergarments—Flat and Ribbed Underwear, in gray and ecru; chiefly vests and drawers in large sizes; worth up to 45c. Remnant Sale Price..... 15c

Women's Union Suits—A small lot of Black Wool Union Suits, ankle length, with short sleeves; regular $2.00 garments, for..... 98c

Children's Blouse Waists—Fine French Flannel Waists, some plain and some with neat plaids; sold up to $2.50, for..... 98c

Men's Undergarments—A lot of Men's Natural Wool and Camel's Hair Underwear, chiefly large sizes. Regular $1 grade. Remnant Sale Price..... 65c

Men's Fleece-lined Undergarments—Heavy underwear, in blue, gray and Jaeger color; the 50c quality, for..... 39c

Men's Hose—Indigo Blue Woolen Hose, full seamless, reduced from 18c a pair to..... 12½c

Men's Negligee Shirts—Made of Oxford cloth with neat black and red figures; cut from 75c to..... 65c

Children's Dresses—Three or four boxes full of them, in plain cashmere and fancy stripes, to fit children two to six years old, sold up to $1.98. Remnant Sale Price..... $1.25

Children's Coats—Eiderdown Coats, in white, cardinal, rose, pink and blue—fur trimmed. The best of them worth $3.50. Remnant Sale Price..... $1.48

Women's Hosiery—Fine gauge Cotton Hose, cardinal with a neat figure; were 25c a pair. Remnant Sale Price..... 12½c

Children's Stockings—A collection of small sizes in children's 25c full fashioned cotton ribbed Hose; fleece lined. Remnant Sale Price..... 15c

Great Drapery Days

Remnant prices will be half prices for White Swiss Curtain Muslins, Silkolines, Plain Denims, Figured Denims, Silks and Damasks.

—12½c goods for 6¼c a yd.
—15 c goods for 7½c a yd.
—20 c goods for 10 c a yd.
—25 c goods for 12½c a yd.
—39 c goods for 20 c a yd.
—50 c goods for 25 c a yd.

Wash Plush—The regular $1.00 quality in five patterns that are nice for cushions, mantels and piano drapery, for, a yard..... 48c

Lace Curtains—All odd curtains, in half pair, single pair, one and a half pairs, two pairs, two and a half and three pairs will be sold at half prices as a Remnant Price. Curtains worth $1 to $12 in this lot. Remnant Price, a pair, $6.00 down to..... 50c

Portieres—Half pairs and single pairs at half the regular prices.

Bedroom Curtains—Eighty-seven pairs of 85c Ruffled Swiss Curtains, for, a pair..... 29c

Window Shades—All the odds and ends, both perfect and soiled; values 25c to 50c each; Remnant Price, each..... 10c

Furniture Fringe—Wool Fringe, 6 in. deep; 35c quality for, a yard..... 10c

Curtain Loops—Three or four hundred 5c White Cotton Sash Curtain Loops for, each..... 2c

Ruffled Swiss—Two hundred yards of the 20c Ruffled Sash Curtain Swiss for, a yard..... 10c

Wall Papers—All the odd lots of Wall Papers will be put in bundles which contain side wall paper, the ceiling and borders to match—quantity sufficient for an entire room.
—All 8c Papers for 2½c a bolt.
—All 10c Papers for 5 c a bolt.
—All 15c Papers for 7½c a bolt.
Extra fine Wall Papers of the 20c and 25c grades, also borders to match, for, a bolt..... 10c

CAMPBELL'S